Inventory of Projects & Initiatives in the Coastal Zone (update 2003)

Working Paper WP025

Dhaka December 2003

Program Development Office for Integrated Coastal Zone Management Plan (PDO-ICZMP)

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

PDO-ICZMP project, as a process of coordination and integration, upholds the objective to reduce the vulnerabilities for different social groups and realizing the development opportunities. In this context the project is expected to deliver six outputs and have its own scope, achievements and ongoing/proposed activities. Three of the outputs together relate to key stages in coastal development: the Coastal Zone Policy (CZPo), Coastal Development Strategy (CDS) and Priority Investment Program (PIP). PIP includes investments both in physical and social infrastructure development and improvements. The PIP includes three major activities: inventory of projects (activity 3.1), development criteria for Concept Notes (activity 3.2) and series of concept notes (activity 3.3). Therefore, inventory of the projects demands for an updated inventory of the projects and initiatives in the coastal zone with the aim to support the formulation process of concept notes (CNs) and corresponding coordination procedures for their proper implementation.

Earlier, two inventories: a) pre-project inventory and b) inventory of projects and initiatives in CZ were made. However, under the present developed situation where most of the major outputs of the ICZMP, PIP and CDS in particular, necessitate an updated inventory of projects and initiatives. The methodological activities adopted in this connection are as follows:

- review of existing inventories and relevant project documents (both GO/NGO)
- agency correspondence by mail, telephone and sometimes by personal visit (interaction and communication with relevant professionals often through focal points)
- searching relevant agency websites
- using Annual Development Plan (ADP) 2003-2004.

In this inventory, attempt has been made to list the agency wise (sector wise) development projects/intervention/ activities of the GO and NGOs in coastal area. This also provides the essence of the aim of the development activities for the well being of coastal people and how GO and donor contributions are being made to reach out there at the grass root level. In this, efforts have also to reach selected NGOs who are somewhat concentrated on the typical coastal issues or have programs on selected coastal communities. NGO project inventory is based on the correspondence and review of the documents.

This inventory of GoB and NGO projects indicated that a total of 223 and 74 projects were identified being under implementation by 26 government agencies and 18 NGOs, respectively. These projects cover the fields of water management, infrastructure development, development of forest, fisheries, agriculture, public health and sanitation, environment, empowerment of women, etc. to create employment opportunities and to ensure human resources development. This inventory will help to judge the present trend of status and allocation of GO and NGO projects within a coastal District.

However, the inventory of projects and initiatives also has some limitations. In some cases it was difficult to get the relevant information. These drawbacks can be overcome if revisit can be made or the existing information sources can be reviewed again.

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Inventory of Projects and Initiatives in the Coastal Zone

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ACRONYMS

ADAB Association of Development Agencies in Bangladesh

ADB Asian Development Bank ADP Annual Development Plan

AIDS Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome ASA Association for Social Advancement

BDT Bangladesh Taka BGD Bangladesh

BIWTA Bangladesh Inland Water Transport Authority
BIWTC Bangladesh Inland Water Transport Corporation

BMD Bangladesh Meteorological Department BME Benifit Monitoring and Evaluation BPC Bangladesh Parjatan Corporation

BPHC Bangladesh Population and Health Consortium
BRAC Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee
BRDB Bangladesh Rural Development Board

BSCIC Bangladesh Small & Cottage Industries Corporation

BWDB Bangladesh Water Development Board

CARE Co-operation for American Relief Everywhere CCEC Centre for Coastal Environment Conservation

CCPP CEPZ (Chittagong Export Processing Zone) Corporate Pilot Project

CDA Chittagong Development Authority
CDP Coastal Development Partnership

CDP Consultants for Development Programme

CDS Coastal Development Strategy

CDSP Char Development and Settlement Project

CEGIS Centre for Environmental and Geographic Information Services (formerly EGIS)

CEPZ Chittagong Export Processing Zone

CERP Coastal Embankment Rehabilitation Project CIDA Canadian International Development Agency

CN Concept Note

COAST Coastal Association for Social Transformation Trust

CODEC Community Development Centre

COSED Committee for Social & Environmental Development

CP Concept Proposal
CZ Coastal Zone
CZPo Coastal Zone Policy
CZPr Coastal Zone Profile

DAE Department of Agriculture Extension
DANIDA Danish International Development Agency
DfID Department for International Development

DMB Disaster Management Bureau
DoE Department of Environment
DoF Department of Fisheries
DoL Department of Livestock
DoWA Department of Women Affairs

DPHE Department of Public Health Engineering

DSAP Development of Sustainable Aquaculture Project

ECA Ecologically Critical Area
EEC European Economic Community

EGIS Environment and GIS Support Project for Water Sector Planning (presently CEGIS)

EIA Environmental Impact Monitoring Assesment

EPCW Empowerment and Protection of Children and Women

Export Processing Zone EPZ

Food and Agricultural Organization **FAO FCDP** Flood Control Drainage Project

FD Forest Department FD Forest Department FRB Feeder Road type B Gross Domestic Product **GDP GEF** Global Environmental Facility Government Organization GO

Government of (the People's Republic of) Bangladesh GoB

GoN Government of the Netherlands **GRRP** Garai River Restoration Project **GSB** Geological Survey of Bangladesh

German Aid Agency GTZ

HIV/AIDS and STD Alliance in Bangladesh HASAB

HH Household

ICLARM International Centre for Living Aquatic Resources Management (Presently World

Fish Centre)

ICZM Integrated Coastal Zone Management **ICZMP** Integrated Coastal Zone Management Plan IDA International Development Association

Islamic Development Bank IDB

International Fund for Agricultural Development **IFAD**

Income Generating Activities IGA

IRP Iron Removal Plants

Integrated Sustainable Development Effort **ISDE** International Union for Conservation of Nature **IUCN** Institute of Water Modeling (formerly SWMC) **IWM JBID** Japan Bank for International Development Japan International Co-operation Agency JICA

KCC Khulna City Corporation Khulna Development Authority **KDA** Kreditanstalt fuer Wiederaufbau KfW

Khulna Jessore Drainage Rehabilitation Project **KJDRP**

Km Kilometer

LAbor Contracting Society LCS

LGED Local Government Engineering Department Local Initiatives for Farmers Training LIFT

Livelihood Monitoring Project **LMP** LRP Land Reclamation Project Mennonite Central Committee **MCC** MES Meghna Estuary Study

Mass-line Media Centre Ministry of Land MoL **MPA** Mongla Port Authority

Not Applicable NA

MMC

Non-Governmental Organization NGO

Norwegian Agency for International Development NORAD Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries **OPEC**

PDB Power Development Board

PDO-ICZMP Program Development office-Integrated Coastal Zone Management Plan

Project Information Monitoring System PIMS

PIP **Priority Investment Program** Palli Karma Shahayak Foundation **PKSF** Patuakhali Mahila Unnayan Samity **PMUS**

PNGO Partner Non Government Organisation PRODIPAN An Organization for Human Development

PSF Pond Sand Filters

PWP Priority Works Programme
R & HD Roads and Highways Department
REB Rural Electrification Board
RIC Resource Integration Centre

RIC Resource Integration Centre
RNE Royal Netherlands Embassy
RVCC Reducing Vulnerability to Climate Change

SARM Social Advancement for Rural Mass SDC Swiss Development Corporation SFD Saudi Fund for Development

SHABGE Strengthening Household Access to Bari Gardening Extension SHAHAR Supporting Household Activities for Hygiene Assets and Revenue

SHAPLA Strengthen Health and Population for the Less Advantaged

SIA Social Impact Assesment

SIDA Swedish International Development Co-operation Agency

SMEC Snowy Mountain Engineering Company

SOS Save Our Sundarban

SPARRSO Space Research and Remote Sensing Organization

SRF Sundarban Reserved Forest SSD Social Service Department

SSDP Southern Socio-economic Development Program

SSEMP Self Sustained Embankment Maintenance

STD Sexually Transmitted Diseases

SUFER Support for University Fisheries Education and Research

SW South West

SWMC Surface Water Modeling Centre (presently IWM)

TRM Tidal River Management

UK United Kingdom

UNDP United Nations Development Programme
UNEP United Nations Environment Programme

UNESCO United Nations Educational Scientific and Cultural Organization

UNICEF United Nations Children's Fund

UP Union Parishad

USAID United States Agency for International Development

WARPO Water Resources Planning Organization

WFP World Food Programme

WRDS Wetland Resource Development Society

XEN Executive Engineer

YPSA Young Power in Social Action

GLOSSARY

Apad Kalin Tahobil Fund for emergency
Asrayan Prokolpo Name of a project

Bari Homestead

Beel Open water body

Char Newly accreted land from river or sea

Depo Stall
Dighi Pond

Galda Sweet water prawn

Ghat Jetty

Golpata Nypa palm

Guchho gram Clustered Village

Haor Deeply flooded saucer shaped depression of floodplain located between two

or more rivers

Jalmahal Fishery leased out by government for revenue

Jano Shangothan Community organisation

Jhatka Juvenile hilsha

Lakh One hundred thousand

Mela Village fair
Purashava Municipality

Samity Cooperative society, group

Shalish Traditional court for mediation

Sundari Heritiera fomes

Thana Administrative unit, renamed as upazila

Tilapia Sarotherodon mossambica

Union Parishad Local government at the union level

Upazila Admnistrative unit under a district comprising several unions

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

ICZMP as a process of harmonization and coordination upholds the objective to reduce the vulnerabilities for different social groups and realizing the development opportunities. In this context ICZMP is characterized by the newly formulated and officially adopted six outputs. For each of the six outputs has its own scope, achie vements, ongoing and proposed activities. Three of the outputs together relate to key stages in coastal development: the Coastal Zone Policy (CZPo), Coastal Development Strategy (CDS) and Priority Investment Programme (PIP). The other three are the improvement of community capacities to enhance their livelihoods, an enabling institutional environment and knowledge base. Output three or the PIP includes investments both in physical and social infrastructure development and improvements. PIP will result in an overview of ongoing and planned activities/projects in the CZ.

In this context, PIP includes three major activities: inventory of projects (activity 3.1), development of criteria (activity 3.2) and series of concept notes (activity 3.3). Therefore, inventory of the projects or activity 3.1 suggests for an updated inventory of the projects and initiatives in the coastal zone with the aim to support the formulation of concept notes (CNs) and corresponding harmonization and coordination procedures for their prospective implementation. The inventories will also shows the involvement of different agencies in the coastal zone.

1.2 Scope of the Report

Earlier, two inventories: a) pre-project inventory and b) inventory of projects and initiatives in CZ (in November 2002) were made. However, under the present developed situation where most of the major outputs of the ICZMP, PIP and CDS in particular, necessitate an updated and more informatory inventory of projects and initiatives, primarily this situates the ground for present document.

The present document, therefore, is not just an update of the existing working paper (WP006: November 2002) rather it goes beyond that and presents more informatory updates and useful development of projects and initiatives (both GoB and NGO) that would facilitate upcoming development of PIP, CNs and CDS.

The major scopes of the present effort are, therefore, as follows:

- ♦ This document provides an usable inventory and information of ongoing, completed and recently developed projects both of GoB and NGO sector in the CZ
- ♦ The present effort as it is a wide collection and compilation of information regarding various projects this is also an ongoing process of information dissemination, which has applied usability in the future development of PIP, CNs and CDS for CZ.
- ♦ In the present context of the ICZM process where strengthening of integration and coordination of activities with line agencies (Position Paper: October 2003) is seen as a priority activity, the updated GoB inventory section of this document creates a scope for more integration and coordination among line agencies and PDO-ICZMP project. At the same time, the NGO inventory section of the document is another source where informed policy development is possible for non-government development initiatives at a community level.

1.3 Methodology and Approach

This document is an outcome of multiple methodological activities. As part of the agency correspondence, a request letter has been sent from PDO to the respective GOs and NGOs on September the 3rd 2003 to update the previous document. A total of sixty organizations for both the government and non-government sector were selected for the correspondence. A list of departments/organizations according to the previous version of the inventory was attached for the agencies utmost convenience to endow with closer feedback. Satisfactory responses received from both the GOs and NGOs. Moreover, further interaction and attempt was also made to these organizations as and when required. Therefore, the synopsis of the major methodological activities adopted can be described as the followings

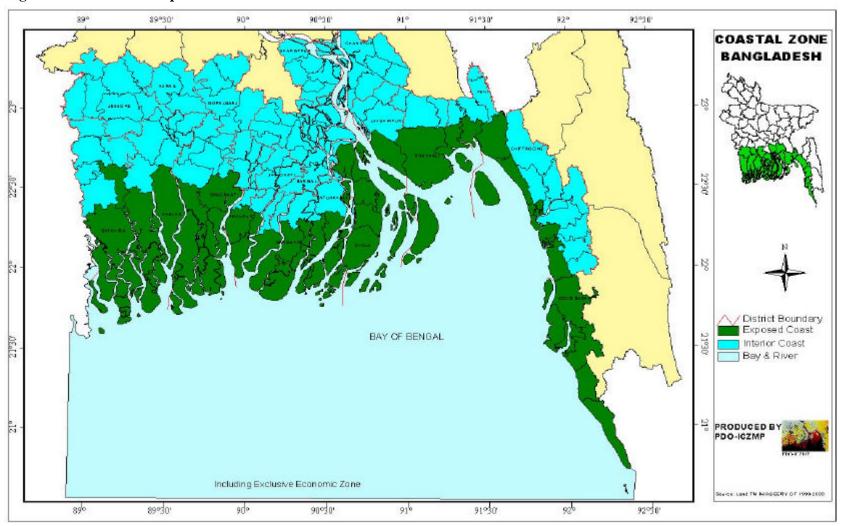
- ♦ review of existing inventories (e.g. WP006: November 2002 etc.)
- ♦ review of relevant project documents (both GoB and NGO sector)
- ♦ agency correspondence (both: outreach and mail based)
- ♦ consultation, interaction and communication with relevant professionals (often through focal points or using existing ICZM networks etc.)
- ♦ searching relevant agency websites (e.g. CARE, ADB websites etc.)
- ♦ updating of formats for documentation (e.g. fact sheets etc.)

The Annual development program 2003-2004 of GoB has been used as a basic literature to update the GoB agencies initiatives/projects.

1.4 Structure of the Document

The document is structured in five chapters. Chapter one (present chapter) provides the background, scope and methodology of the Inventory. In Chapter two an overview of the GoB and NGO projects is outlined. The following two chapters (Chapter three and four) respectively the GoB and NGO project information is provided in a more elaborated format (fact-sheet). The final Chapter concludes with relevant experiences of development of the document and future possibilities. In Annex A a list of new unapproved investment projects without any allocations is shown.

Figure 1: Coastal zone map



2 LIST OF THE PROJECTS

This chapter deals with the projects of different line agencies and NGOs concentrated in the coastal area of Bangladesh. Briefing of the projects has presented under some basic parameters i.e., project and agency name, project duration, location or the geographical coverage, total cost/project aid and source of aid etc. Both the GO and NGO projects have been listed out in seperate tables.

2.1 GoB Projects: an overview

The update of the GO projects is mainly based on the Annual Development Plan (ADP) 2003-2004. Sorting of the project list has taken place in terms of the project location. Total or partial concentration in the coastal districts was the basic selection criterion of the GO projects. In this regard, line agencies and their projects also visited and revisited to update the existing list and to incorporate the new projects. About 30 government agencies have been visited for the project information, which is higher than the previous document (Inventory) and 26 organizations has been listed below considering their projects location and duration. It should be mentioned here that only those projects initiated back in any year and tend to continue 2002 onward are listed below. Therefore projects ended by the year 2002 has been mentioned in a new list and attached as annexure at the end of this document. List of the specific government projects/initiatives of the coastal zone has been presented in Table 1.

Table 1: Overview - GoB Projects

Sl	Name of agency and project	Project	Location	Total cost	Sources of				
		period	(District)	(project aid)	project aid				
Ban	Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB)								
01	Coastal Embankment	1995-2004	Cox's Bazar, Chittagong,	4980.30	IDA, EEC				
	Rehabilitation Project		Feni, Noakhali,	(3652.70)					
	(Phase-2)		Lakshmipur, Patuakhali,						
			Barguna, Bagerhat						
02	Protection from Saline Water at	1994-2004	Pirojpur, Bagerhat	181.80					
	Nazirpur and its Surrounding Areas								
03	River Protection and Development &	1996-2004	Partly in CZ	3626.5					
	Town Protection Project (Phase-1)								
04	Extension of Polder-69 (Revised)	1996-2004	Cox's Bazar	202.6					
05	Matamuhuri River right Bank	1995-2003	Cox's Bazar	117.60					
	Protection (Loop Cut)								
06	Polder-55/2E (Patuakhali-Bauphal-	1996-2004	Patuakhali	192.2					
	Dasmina Flood Protection and								
	Drainage Project)								
07	Chandpur Town Protection Project,	1997-2005	Chandpur	1087.9					
	Second Phase (Revised)								
08	Ramshil-Kafulabari Flood Control	1997-2004	Barisal, Gopalganj	237.8					
	and Drainage Project (Revised)								
	Expansion of Polder 59/2 (Revised)		Lakshmipur	145.8					
10	Re-excavation of Noakhali Canal	1998-2004	Noakhali	103.3					
11	Amirpur-Bhanderkot Baliadanga	1998-2004	Khulna	190.50					
	Sureswar Pilot Project	1998-2004	Shariatpur	591.71					
13	Bhola Town Protection Project-2 nd	1993-2004	Bhola	323.1					
	Phase, Revised								
14	Bara Baisdia FCD Project (Polder	1998-2004	Patuakhali	170.2					
	50/51)								

^{*} Bold & italic project names refer to projects with a fact sheet in next Chapter

BDT in					
Sl	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
15	Protection of Shikalbaha Khal Left Bank	_	Chittagong	99.90	
	Integrated Planning for Sustainable Water Management (IPSWAM) project		·	870.60	
17	Construction of Embankment at Polder No. 71 in Kutubdia Thana	1999-2004	Cox's Bazar	238.8	
	Char Development and Settlement Project-II	1999-2004	Chittagong, Feni, Noakhali	1367.60 (1033.70)	
19	Matamuhuri Irrigation Project	2000-2005	Cox's Bazar, Chittagong	201.3	
	Kopotakkha River Re-Excavation Project		Jhenaidah, Jessore, Satkhira	262	
21	Chandpur-Comilla Integrated FCDI Project (postponed)	2000-2004	Chandpur, Comilla	1883.80	
22	Halda River Protection at Hat Hazari (postponed)	2001-2004	Chittagong	232.76	
	Polder 64/IA, 64/IB, 64/IC Rehabilitation	2001-2004	Chittagong	352.09	
24	Re-excavation of Betna River and Branch Channel	2001-2003	Jessore, Satkhira	203.14	
	Construction of Retired Embankment and Drainage Sluice in Polder 56/57	2001-2004	Patuakhali	327.1	
26	FFW Rural Development Program	2001-2004	All over BD	1673.00	WFP
27	Consolidation and Strengthening of Flood Forecasting and Warning Services		Partly in CZ		DANIDA
28	Estuary Development Program	2002-2007	Coastal Area Lower Meghna	553.00 (484.50)	
29	Muhuri-Kahua FCD Project	2002-2006	Feni	2440.00	
	Jamuna-Meghna River Erosion Mitigation Project	2002-2006		3755 (2469.1)	
	Prevention of Saline Water Intrusion in Kumira-Sonaichhari (Sitakunda) & Gupta- khali Reservoir Irrigation Project	2002-2006	Chittagong	291.90	
32	Construction/Rehabilitation of 5 sluices in Polder 65 & 5 sluices in Polder 64/B	2002-2004	Cox's Bazar	100.30	
33	River Protection & Development & Town Protection Project (Phase-II)	1998-2005	Partly in CZ	2461.1	
34	River Protection & Development & Town Protection Project (Phase-III)	1999-2004	Partly in CZ	3603.9	
	Small Scale Flood Control, Drainage and Irrigation Project, Phase-III (Cluster Project) (Revised)	2000-2004	Partly in CZ	2484.9	
	Construction of Retired Embankment of the Faridpur-Barisal Project (Faridpur Unit) in Kotwali and Char Bhadrasan Thanas of Faridpur District		Partly in CZ	538.4	
	Matamuhuri Irrigation Project	2000-2005	Cox's Bazar	201.3	
	Small Scale Flood Control, Drainage and Irrigation Project 27 (Phase-II)		Partly in CZ	1854	
39	Survey & Feasibility Study for New Projects of BWDB	1997-2004	Partly in CZ	104.4	

	BDT in Mi				
Sl	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
Wat	ter Resource Planning Organization				
01	Intergraded Coastal Zone	2002-2005	19 Coastal Districts of	136.6	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
0.0	Management Plan project		Bangladesh.	(122.1)	
02	South West Area Integrated Water	2003-2004	Partly in CZ		ADB
	Resources Management Project		(Jessore, Narail, Faridpur,	(52.2)	
Too	l Covernment Engineering Deport	mont (I CE	Magura and Rajbari)		
	al Government Engineering Depart	_		2500.00	Ī
01	Construction of Low Cost Bridge/ Culvert on Rural Roads	1995-2003	Partly in CZ	2500.00	
02	Rural Infrastructure Development	1995-2004	Partly in CZ	2592.90	
02	Project (Development of Important	1773 2004	Tartly III CZ	2372.70	
	Roads and Markets): (Part-III)				
03	Rural Development Project-19:	1997-2004	Barisal, Jhalokati,	1653.10	OPEC Fund
	Infrastructure, Greater Barisal		Pirojpur	(485.00)	
	District			, i	
04	Rural Development Project -22:	1998-2003	Noakhali	892.0	SDC
	Infrastructure of Noakhali District.			(600.8)	
05	Construction of portable Steel	1998-2004	Partly in CZ	1872.20	
	Bridge Project under Netherlands			(650.00)	
0.5	Assistance ORET Program	1000 200 5	D 11 11 D	15500	
06	Development of Union Parishad	1999-2006	Patuakhali, Barguna	1750.0	
	Connecting Roads: Patuakhali and				
07	Barguna Districts Construction of Multi-purpose	1008 2004	Coastal districts	1267.10	IIC A
07	Cyclone Shelter Centres with	1996-2004	Coastal districts	(993.00)	
	Japanese Assistance (Phase-II)			(223.00)	
08	Rural Development Project -16:	1999-2004	Patuakhali, Barguna	1146.9	DANIDA
	Infrastructure, Patuakhali and	1,,,, 200.	T www.min, Durgum	(978.9)	
	Barguna District (Phase-II)				
09	Flood Rehabilitation Project in the	2000-2003	Khulna, Satkhira,	670.00	ADB
	Area of Rural Development Project-		Bagerhat	(539.00)	
	18 (Greater Khulna, Jessore and				
	Kushtia District)				
10	Construction of Low Cost Bridges/	2000-2004	Partly in CZ	4023.20	
1.1	Culverts on Rural Roads (Phase-II)	2000 2004	771 1 0 111	750.00	
11	Greater Khulna District	2000-2004	Khulna, Satkhira,	750.00	
12	Infrastructure Development Project	2000 2005	Bagerhat	500.00	DANIDA
12	Rural Development Project -23: Infrastructure of Lakshmipur and	2000-2005	Lakshmipur, Feni	(532.00)	DANIDA
	Feni District			(332.00)	
13	Rural Development Project	2000-2004	Partly in CZ	5000.00	
13	(Development of Road,	2000 2004	Tartly III CZ	3000.00	
	Bridges/Culverts, Growth Centres/				
L	Bazars etc.)				
14	Construction/Reconstruction of	2001-2004	Partly in CZ	5000.0	
	Roads, Bridges and Culverts in				
	Rural Areas on Priority Basis				
1	(Phase-III)	2002 200	G . 1 11 . 1	10000	ODEC
15	Cyclone Rehabilitation Project:	2002-2006	Coastal districts	1800.00	
1.	Entire Coastal Areas (Phase-II)	2001 2000	D 41 ' CZ	(1350.00)	
16	Second Small Scale Water	2001-2008	Partly in CZ		ADB, GoN.
	Resources Development Sector			(3190.80)	Govt. of Japan
17	Project Rural Development Project in	2001 2005	Feni, Lakshmipur,	1984.2	IDB
1 /	Greater Noakhali & Chittagong	2001-2003	Noakhali, Chittagong,	(544.0)	
	Districts		Cox's Bazar	(344.0)	
l	215011005	<u> </u>	COA D DUZUI	J	I

					BDT in Million
Sl	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
18	Construction of portable bridge	1990-2003	Partly in CZ	1800.00	Govt. of Japan
	Project under Japanese Assistance		j	(846.36)	
19	FDR Project in Completed Rural	2000-2003	SW Region	670.00	
	Development Project – 18	2000 2003	S.V. Region	(539.00)	
20	Construction of Steel Bailey	1000 2004	Partly in CZ		Govt. of Japan
20	Bridges under Japanese Assistance	1999-2004	raitly in CZ		
21		1007 2005	D 1 1 CZ	(846.36)	
21	Construction of large	1997-2005	Partly in CZ	2216.0	
	Bridges/Culverts on Important				
	Feeder and rural Roads-Phase II				
22	Construction of Union Parishad	1998-2006	Partly in CZ	4839.5	
	Complex Bhaban and Development				
	of Connecting Roads				
23	Rural Development Project-24:	1998-2005	Partly in CZ	4207.0	JBIC
	Greater Faridpur Infrastructure				
	Development (Rural Infrastructure				
	Development through participation				
	and employment generation)				
2.4	Greater Jessore District	1000 2004	T TI 11 (1 ' NT '1	1500.0	
24		1998-2004	Jessore, Jhalkathi, Narail,	1520.0	
<u> </u>	Infrastructure Development		Satkhira		
25	Rural Infrastructure Development	2001-2007	Partly in CZ	19860.0	
	(Public priority Rural				
	Communication and Hat-Bazar				
	development and rehabilitation)				
26	Community based resource	2002-2007	Partly in CZ	436.7	IFAD
	management project		,		
27	Rural development project: Greater	2003-2009	Partly in CZ	6710.6	ADB, GTZ,
_ ′	Kushtia, Jessore, Khulna, Barisal	2003 2007	Tartiy iii CZ	0710.0	KfW
	and Patuakhlai Districts				IXI VV
T					
	est Department (FD) Extended Forest Resources	2002 2004		2247.10	Im. 4
01		2002-2004		2347.10	IDA
	Management Project				
02	Afforestation in the Cox's Bazar	1997-2004	Cox's Bazar	19.4	
	Sea Beach Area: Jhao &				
	Ornamental Plantation. (Phase-II)				
	Revised.				
03	Forestry Sector Project (Revised)	1997-2004	Partly in CZ	3889.16	ADB
			j	(2015.21)	
04	Development of Bamboo, Cane	1998-2006	Partly in CZ	295.29	
	and Murta	1770 2000	Tartiy iii CZ	273.27	
05	Biodiversity Conservation in	1000 2005	Satkhira, Khulna,	3988.6	A D.D.
03	Sundarban Reserve Forest.	1999-2003			
0.6		1000 2004	Bagerhat	(3212)	
06	Establishment of Botanical Garden	1999-2004	Chittagong	35.8	
	and Echo-Park at Sitakunda,				
	Chittagong.				
07	Maheshkhali Hill Afforestation	2000-2005	Cox's Bazar	444.10	
08	Conservation of bio-diversity,	2000-2005	Cox's Bazar	130	
I	marine Park Establishment and Eco-			1	
l	Tourism development at St.Martin's				
I	Island.				
09	A study of behavior and ecology of	2002-2004	Satkhira	6.0	USAID
UY		2002-2004	Samilia		
I	the Tigers in the Sundarbans			(4)	
	Reserved Forest of Bangladesh.				
10	Afforestation in the Denuded Hill	2000-2005	Chittagong	156	
	Areas of Ramgarh-Shitakunda				
Dep	artment of Environment (DoE) & M	1oEF			
01	Bangladesh Environment &		All over BD	391.20	CIDA

			BDT in Million		
Sl	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
	Management Project (Study)			(371.55)	
02	Conservation of Bio-diversity, Establishment of Marine Park and Development of Echo-tourism at St. Martin Island.		Cox's Bazar	130.04	
03	Improvement of Regional Laboratories and Development of Decentralized Infrastructure of the Department of Environment	1996-2004		99.0	
04	Air Quality Management Project	1999-2004	All over BD	290.1 (231.7)	
05	Coastal and Wetland Biodiversity Management at Cox's Bazar & Hakaluki haor Project	2000-2007	Cox's Bazar, Moulovi Bazar		UNDP
06	Sustainable Environment Management Programme	1998-2003	All over BD	1194.9 (1153.0)	UNDP
Dep	artment of Fisheries (DoF)				
01	Fisheries extension project in Patuakhali & Barguna Districts	1994-2004	Patuakhali, Barguna	318.05 (308.69)	DANIDA,
02	Greater Noakhali Aquaculture Extension Project		Noakhali, Feni, Lakshmipur	(341.1)	
	Development of Fresh-water Prawn Hatchery and Assistance to Extension of Culture Technology		Partly in CZ (Chittagong, Barisal, Khulna)	50.00	
04	Extension of Culture Technology of Marine Shrimp	1997-2004	Khulna, Bagerhat, Satkhira & Cox's Bazar	85.3	
05	Fourth Fisheries Project		All over BD	(2395.90)	
06	Aquaculture Development Project (IFAD)	1998-2005	Partly in CZ (Jessore)	1093.4 (974.8)	IFAD, WFP
07	Poverty Alleviation Programme through Integrated fish Cultivation (Phase-II)	1999-2004	All over BD	293.2	
08	Jhatka (juvenile hilsa) Conservation and Management Project	2000-2003	Partly in CZ	514.64	
09	Shrimp Cultivation Improvement Program (Study)	1999-2003	Partly in CZ	78.10 (75.10)	Govt. of France
10	Empowerment of Coastal Fishing Community for Livelihood Security Project	2000-2004	Cox's Bazar		UNDP
11	Community Based Fisheries Management Project (Phase-II)	2001-2006	Partly in CZ	41.96 (35.96)	DFID,
12	Fish production and Development Programmes in open & closed Water Bodies under the New Jal Mahal Policy		Partly in CZ	44.5	
13	Upazila Aquaculture Extension Project (Consolidation Phase)		All over BD	203.6	
14	Establishment of Brood Bank Project (Phase-II)		Partly in CZ	82.4	
	artment of Agriculture Extension (I			,	
01	Gopalganj, Madaripur, Shariatpur and Pirojpur Integrated Area Development Project	2000-2005	Gopalganj, Shariatpur, Pirojpur	754.10 (464.5)	IDB
02	Barisal, Patuakhali, Jhalokati and Barguna Small Holder Support	1999-2005	Barisal, Patuakhali, Jhalokati, Barguna	754.6 (489.2)	IDB

BDT i					BDT in Million
SI	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
	Project				Ž
03	National Small Irrigation	1991-2005		3197.20	
	Development Project				
04	Agricultural Services Innovation and Reform Project	1999-2004	Partly in CZ	1178 (802.5)	IDA
05	Agriculture Based Industry Trade	2000-2006		, ,	USAID
03	and Technology Development	2000-2000		(497.30)	USAID
	Project – II			(157.30)	
06	Integrated Soil Fertility and	1999-2004		445.51	DANIDA
	Fertilizer Management Project (2nd			(341.52)	
	part)				
07	Strengthening of Plant Protection	2002-2005		349.29	DANIDA
	Program (Phase - II)			(297.66)	
08	Development of Existing	2000-2005	Partly in CZ	144.4	
	Horticulture Centers at Cox's Bazar		(Cox's Bazar)		
Dan	& Chittagong Hill Tracts				
Dер 01	ADB Assisted Participatory	1997-2003		1519.63	ADR
01	Livestock Development Project	1997-2003			DANIDA
02	Poverty Alleviation Project through	2000-2005	Partly in CZ	250.00	DANIDA
02	Self Employment under Livestock	2000 2003	Turty in CZ	230.00	
	Development Program				
03	Small Holder Livestock	2000-2005		537.5	DANIDA
	Development in five Southern			(466.0)	
	Districts				
04	Establishment of Government	1997-2004	Barisal	188.8	
	Veterinary College at Barisal				
05	Establishment of Government	1994-2004	Partly in CZ	440	
	Veterinary College at Sylhet &				
06	Chittagong National Livestock Entrepreneur	1007 2004	D	76.4	
Ub	Development Project	1997-2004	Partly in CZ	76.4	
Dep	artment of Public Health Engineeri	ng (DPHE)			
01	Water Supply Project in Coastal	1998-	All coastal districts	615.29	IDB
	Area	2003		(528.51)	
02	Rural Water Supply Project in the	1995-	Partly in CZ	8600.00	
	whole Country	2005			
03	Water Supply, Sanitation,	1996-2007	Noakhali, Feni,		DANIDA
	Drainage and Waste Disposal		Lakshmipur, Patuakhali,	(2106.80)	
	Project in Municipality, Thana and Growth Centre (Noakhali, Feni,		Barguna		
	Lakshmipur, Patuakhali and				
	Barguna districts)				
04	Sewerage Disposal, Health	1996-2005	Partly in CZ	3803.48	UNICEF
	Improvement and Water Supply		,	(2222.27)	
	Project in Rural Area				
05	Bangladesh Arsenic Mitigation	1998-2004	Partly in CZ		IDA, SDC
	Water Supply Project			(1482.5)	
06	Water Supply and Environmental	1998-2004	Khulna	190.00	
	Sanitation Project in Mongla				
0.7	Municipality				
07	Rural Water Supply and Sanitation	1999-2005	Coastal Districts		DANIDA
	Project in Coastal Area (DANIDA Assisted)			(821.69)	
08	GoB-DANIDA Arsenic Mitigation	2001-2004	Chittagong, Barisal	660 4	DANIDA
00	Project	2001-2004	Cinttagong, Darisai	(433.1)	DANIDA
L	IJ			(433.1)	

					BDT in Million
Sl	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
09	Environmental Sanitation, Hygiene and Water Supply Scheme in Rural Areas	1996-2005	Partly in CZ	3783.5 (2222.3)	UNICEF
10	Environmental Sanitation, Hygiene and Water Supply Scheme in Urban Slums and Fringes	1997-2005	Partly in CZ	280.0 (153.7)	UNICEF
11	Water Supply and Sanitation Scheme in Gopalganj, Kotalipara and Tungipara Pouroshava along with 2 Thana Head Quarters	1997-2004	Gopalganj	550.2	
12	Rehabilitation and Up-grading of Water Supply System in Pauroshava's including Regeneration of Tube Wells	1997-2004	Partly in CZ	334.2	
13	Pipe Water Supply and Sanitation Project in Matlab, Chandina, Kachua and Barura Pourashavas	1998-2004	Partly in CZ Chandpur	179.3	
14	Pipe line Water Supply and Environmental Sanitation in Growth Centres Situated at Thana Head Quarters and Pourashavas		Partly in CZ	2340.9	
15	Water Supply, Sewerage and Drainage Construction Project in 18 Districts (Phase-II)	2000-2004		233.4	
16	Rehabilitation of Water Supply and Sanitation System in Western and South Western Bangladesh Damaged by flash Flood in 2000	2001-2004	Partly in CZ (Jessore, Satkhira)	125.0 (93.3)	ADB
Ban	gladesh Rural Development Board ((BRDB)			
01	Community Empowerment Project-2 (Poverty Alleviation through Participation of Local People in Development Works)		Partly in CZ	110.4 (104.3)	UNDP
02	Rural Livelihood Project	1998-2004	Partly in CZ (Barisal, Bhola, Jhalkati, Cox's Bazar, Gopalganj, Jessore, Chittagong, Chandpur, Narail)	3450.00 (2000.7)	
03	Self Employment Project for Poor Women	1998-2003	Partly in CZ (Jessore, Narail)	100.00	
04	Char Livelihood Project	2002-2008		2840.00	DFID
05	Rural Poverty Alleviation Program	1998-2004	Partly in CZ (Barguna, Patuakhali, Chandpur, Chittagong, Cox's Bazar)	1706.6	
06	Small Farmers and Share Croppers Development Project	2002-2007	Partly in CZ	719.5	
07	Expansion of Physical Infrastructure and Training Facilities of Bangladesh Rural Development Training Institute			56.2	
08	Palli Progati Project (One House One Farm)		Partly in CZ	1410.7	
09	Bangabandhu Poverty Alleviation Training Complex	2000-2004	Gopalganj	93.3	
10	Integrated Poverty Alleviation	2002-2007		221.2	

BDT is					BDT in Million
Sl	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
	Programme (SADABIK)				
	ds and Highways Department (R &				
01	Construction of Ilisha-Bhola-Char Fassion Char Manika Regional Road	1991-2004	Bhola	493.2	
02	Public Priority Road & Bridge Project (Phase-II)	1994-2004	Partly in CZ	15403.2	
03	Construction of Barisal-Bhola- Lakshmipur Road	1994-2004	Barisal, Bhola, Lakshmipur	726.4	
04	Construction of 36 Feeder Road in the South-Eastern Region	1998-2004		2676.20	
05	Upgrading of Jessore-Benapole Road	1998-2004	Jessore-Jhikargacha	287.9	
06	Rehabilitation of Major Roads in Patuakhali and Barguna Districts		Patuakhali, Barguna	1127.1 (953)	Govt of Denmark
07	Construction of Darhatana Bridge in Khulna-Bagerhat-Pirojpur Highway	1998-2003	Bagerhat, Pirojpur	333.09	
08	Construction of Cox's Bazar- Teknaf Marine Drive	1998-2003	Cox's Bazar	1485.06	
09	Construction of Patuakhali Bridge	1999-2004	Patuakhali	326.3	
10	Southwest Road Network Development Project	1999-2004		10861.53 (6518.40)	
11	Construction of Rupsha Bridge and Khulna town by-pass Road with link to Rupsa Bridge	2000-2005	Khulna	7241.5 (3738.7)	JBIC
12	Construction of Batiaghata Bridge over Shailmari river at 7 km of Gallamaria Dacope Road		Khulna	184.75	
13	Construction & Rehabilitation of Some Specific Ferry and Pontoon of Patuakhali and Barguna Districts	2000-2005	Patuakhali, Barguna	340.6 (272.9)	DANIDA
14	Construction of Dapdapia Bridge		Barisal	2327.40 (1755.00)	Govt of Kuwait
15	Construction of Sibsa Bridge at 33 km over Shibsha River and Koira Bridge at 51th km of Betgram-Tala- Paikgacha Road	2000-2005	Khulna	250.90	
16	Widening of Betgram-Tala- Paikgachha-Koyra Road	2000-2005	Khulna	250.90	
17	Development of Signboard- Morelganj-Rayenda-Sharankhola Road		Bagerhat	429.50	
18	Improvement of Feni-Parshuram- Belonia Road to Regional Highway	2001-2004	Feni	186.1	
19	Improvement of Hajiganj-Ramganj- Lakshmipur-Road into Regional Highway		Lakshmipur	433.8	
20	Construction of Bekotia Bridge over Kacha River in Barisal-Jhalkati- Pirojpur-Bagerhat Highway		Pirojpur	750.00	
21	Sharshina-Swarupkati-Kaukhali Road		Jhalokati	325.00	
22	Improvement of Patia -Anwara- Banshkhali-Pekua-Badarkhali- Chakaria Road to Regional Highway		Chittagong, Cox's Bazar	1625.60	

					BDT in Million
SI	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
23	Improvement of Chakaria- Badarkhali-Janata Bazar- Gorakghata road into Regional Highway		Cox's Bazar	684.88	
24	Construction of some Important Feeder Road of Greater Noakhali District		Noakhali	3688.15	
25	Improvement of Lakshmipur-Char Alexander-Sonapur-Maijdi (Noakhali) Road to Regional Highway	2002-2007	Noakhali, Lakshmipur	7171.9	
26	Construction of Baburhat-Matlab- Pennai Road	2000-2004	Chandpur	589.7	
27	Construction of Third Karnafuli Bridge	2003-2007	Chittagong	4390.7 (1620)	ORAT, SIDA
28	Improvement of Patia - Bashkhali - Chakaria Road to Regional Highway	2002-2007	Cox's Bazar	524.2	
29	Construction of Shikarpur and Dwarika Bridge with Connecting Road.	1998-2004	Barisal	1402.4 (929.6)	Govt of Kuwait
30	Construction of Bridge over Maheshkahli Channel at 17 Kilometer of Chakaria-Badarkhali- Gorokhathta-Jonata Bazar	2001-2004	Coxs Bazar	225.7	
31	Construction of Link Road for Shariatpur-Chandpur Feerry Service	1998-2004	Shariatpur, Chandpur	272.3	
32	Construction of Bridge Connecting Chandpur Nuton Bazar and Puraton Bazar	1998-2004	Chandpur	194.9	
33	Construction of Shariatpur- Ganganagar-Mangal Mazheer Ghat Feeder Road	1998-2004	Shariatpur	265.9	
34	Construction of Haridashpur Bridge on Maijkandi-Boalmari Kasiani- Gopalganj Road	1996-2004	Gopalganj	222.3	
35	Construction of Bridge over the river Dakatia at Chandpur	1997-2004	Chandpur	136.9	
Disa	ster Management Bureau (DMB)				
01	Disaster Shelter Project in Southwest Region of Bangladesh		SW region of CZ	50.00	
Ban	gladesh Inland Water Transport Au				
01	Construction of Ferry Terminal and Ferryghats including other Allied Facilities at Haringhat and Alubazar for Introducing Ferry Service between Chandpur- Shariatpur Waterways		Chandpur, Shariatpur	57.4	
02	Rehabilitation of Chandpur Port	2002-2004	Chandpur	18	3
	gladesh Inland Water Transport Co			10	1
	January Company	Paradon	(
Ban	gladesh Meteorological Department	t (BMD)			•
01	Transfer & Reconstruction of 1 st class Weather Forecast from Sandwip		Chittagong	6.1	
02	Development of Agro-	1999-2003		181.70	

					BDT in Million
Sl	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
	Meteorological and Seismological Services				
03	Meteorological Observatory Radar Replacement at Cox's Bazar &		Cox's Bazar, Patuakhali	926.90 (690.00)	
Cno	Khepupara ce Research and Remote Sensing Or	, aaniaatian	(CDA DDCO)		
5pa 01	Observation Procedure for	1998-2005		1566.86	Г
01	Environment Disaster and Resources	1996-2003		1300.80	
Dep	partment of Women Affairs (DWA)				
01	Development of Food-Insecure Destitute Women	1998-2004	All over BD	909.1 (399.4)	WFP
02	Women Agriculture Training Institute, Bagerhat	2000-2003	Bagerhat	50.70	
03	Employment Generation Project for Rural Women (Phase-II)	1999-2004	Partly in CZ	27.73	
04	Empowerment and Protection of Children and Women (EPCW)	2001-2006	All coastal districts (64 dist)	338.46 (327.78)	UNICEF
05	Sheikh Fazilatun-nesa Mujib Women Training Academy	1998-2004		83.1	
Ban	gladesh Export Processing Zone Au	thority (BE	EPZA)		
01	Mongla EPZ (Phase-1)	1998-2004		603	
Soci	ial Services Department (SSD)			•	
01	Conversion of Existing Sarkari Shishu Sadans in to Shishu Paribar	1994-2005	Partly in CZ	1461.3	
02	Development & Expansion of Regional Training Center	1999-2004	Partly in CZ	50.5	
03	Development & Expansion of Urban Community Development Program (Phase-II)	2002-2005	Partly in CZ	95	
Ran	gladesh Small & Cottage Industries	Cornorati	on (RSCIC)		
01	Establishment of Skill Development Center of Gopalganj			23.3	
02	Development of Salt Industries in Khulna Satkhira Region (2 nd Phase)	1997-2003	Khulna, Satkhira	19.5	
03	Noakhali Industrial Estate	2000-2005	Noakhali	60	
	gladesh Oil, Gas and Minerals Corp				
01	Shahbazpur Gas Field Appraisal & Development Project			1291.4	
Chi	ttagong Development Authority (CI	OA)			
01	Construction of link road from Dhaka trunk road to Bayezid Bostami Road	1998-2004	Chittagong	338.1	
02	Construction of link road from Shah Amanat International Airport Terminal Building to Patenga Road	2000-2005	Chittagong	277.7	
Chi	ttagong City Corporation (Ctg.City	Cornoratio	(n)	<u> </u>	
01	Expansion & Modernization of Shah Amanat Chittagong International airport road		Chittagong	363.8	
02	Construction of Protective Wall in both side of Chaktai Khal & Carpeting its Bed	2001-2004	Chittagong	150	
Khu	ulna Development Authority (KDA)				

					BDT in Million
Sl	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
01	Construction of Road from Rayer	2001-2004	Khulna	250.3	
	Mahal to Kaya Bazar				
	lna City Corporation (KCC)		I	T	
01	Construction of Truck Terminal at Khulna City	1995-2004		51.2	
02	Procurement of Necessary	1995-2004	Khulna	76.5	
	Equipment for Repair, Development				
	and Construction of Roads of Khulna City Corporation				
03	Construction of Nagar Bhaban of	1996-2004	Khulna	54.3	
	Khulna City Corporation				
04	Solid Waste Disposal and	1996-2004	Khulna	98.0	
	Environmental Improvement in Khulna City Corporation				
Rur	al Electrification Board (REB)				
	Area Coverage Rural	1996-2004	Partly in CZ	7500.0	IDB, JBIC,
01	Electrification (Phase-V-A)	1770 2004	(Shariatpur, Gopalganj,		NORAD, SFD
			Bhola)	·	
02	Area Coverage Rural	1996-2004	Partly in CZ		JBIC, NORAD,
	Electrification (Phase-V-B)		(Jhalkathi, Khulna)	(1869.6)	
03	Expansion and Intensification of	1997-2004	Partly in CZ		ADB, IDA
	12 PBS		(Lakshmipur, Barisal,	(3215.9)	
04	Diffusion of Bonovalle Engage	1000 2004	Jhalkathi, Patuakhali)	270.6	IZEWI
04	Diffusion of Renewable Energy Technology (Phase-II)	1999-2004	Partly in CZ (Gopalganj, Cox's Bazar)	279.6 (225.2)	
05	Intensification and Expansion of	1008 2004	Partly in CZ	` ` '	ADB, IDA
03	Distribution System of 18 PBS	1990-2004	(Chandpur, Jessore,	(3407.5)	
	(Phase-II)		Narail, Khulna, Feni,	(0.107.107	
			Chittagong,)		
06	Intensifications and Expansion of	1999-2004	Partly in CZ		ADB, IDA
	Distribution System of 15 PBS		(Satkhira, Pirojpur,	(2871.1)	
	(Phase-II)		Barguna, Bagerhat,		
			Barisal, Chittagong,		
07	Construction of 33KV Connecting	2000 2005	Noakhali, Khulna)	2460.8	NT / A
07	Line for PBS Sub-Station	2000-2003	(Barisal, Bhola,	(367.9)	
	Zine joi 1 25 Sue Station		Chandpur, Chittagong,	(307.2)	
			Cox's Bazar, Feni,		
			Gopalganj, Jessore,		
			Khulna, Lakshmipur,		
			Patuakhali, Pirojpur,		
08	System Loss Reduction of Taken	2002 2007	Satkhira) Partly in CZ	6949.8	IDA
00	over Lines	2002-2007	I atuy III CZ	(4627.6)	
09	Rural Electrification through Solar	2002-2007	Partly in CZ	484.1	
	Energy			(372.1)	
10	Expansion and Intensification of	1997-2004	Partly in CZ	10464.1	ADB, GoN
	Distribution System (Phase-II)			(3452.2)	
11	Feasibility Study of Improvement of	2002-2004	Partly in CZ		GEF
D -	Renewable Energy	(DDD)		(6.4)	
<u>Ban</u> 01	gladesh Power Development Board Greater Khulna Power		Whulno Rogerhot	2522.7	Govt of South
V I	Distribution Project (Phase-II)	1992-2007	Khulna, Bagerhat, Satkhira		Korea
02	Greater Chittagong Power	1992-2005	Chittagong, Cox's Bazar	` ′	Govt. of Kuwait
-	Distribution Project (Phase-III)	1772 2003	Simmegong, Con 5 Duzui	(3225)	Som of ixawait
03	18 Town Power Distribution	1996-2004	Partly in CZ	2995.1	
	-				

Sl	Name of agency and project	Project	Location	Total cost	Sources of
		period	(District)	(project aid)	project aid
	Project (Phase-II)		(Noakhali, Jessore,	(386.7)	
			Barisal)		
04	16 Town Power Distribution	1998-2004	Partly in CZ	2255.5	
	Project (Phase-II)		(Chandpur, Gopalganj,	(299.3)	
			Narail, Shariatpur,		
			Pirojpur, Jhalokati,		
			Bhola)		
05	9 Town Power Distribution Project	1996-2005	Partly in CZ	1683.2	NORAD,
	(Phase-II)		(Barguna, Patuakhali,	(333.6)	Govt of Norway
			Feni, Lakshmipur)		
06	5 Town Power Distribution Project	2001-2005	Partly in CZ	3693.6	ADB
			(Khulna, Jessore, Barisal)	(1672.5)	
07	Construction of Chandpur 150 MW	2001-2004	Chandpur	2820.5	
	Combined Cycle Power Plant and		_	(1954.8)	
	Associates Power Evacuation				
	Facilities				
08	Rehabilitation of Karnafuli Hydro	1998-2005	Chittagong	621.4	
	Power Station (Unit-3)				

2.2 NGO Projects: an overview

In recent days, Non Government Organizations (NGOs) are considered as the important development partner with their wide coverage and a multitude of activities. A clear estimation of both the local and regional NGOs operating in coastal zone is rather difficult to make as available data sources differs. According to the BBS survey nearly 329 NGOs are functioning in the greater coastal districts. On the other hand, the ADAB NGO directory shows a list of 409 NGOs active in coastal area. This document is a try out to address those NGOs who are somewhat concentrated on the typical coastal issues or have programs on selected coastal communities. As PDO-ICZMP is commenced to the NGO community since it's inception and some of the project activities done so far in support and cooperation of the NGOs, mostly known NGOs and their projects has been presented here. However, NGO project inventory is based on the correspondence and review of the documents. Here, a total number of 18 NGOs and their projects have been incorporated in the inventory. Some of the projects have been excluded as they have already phased out. This inventory (Table 2) is based on the information collected through correspondence, web site visit and literature review.

Table 2: Overview - NGO Projects

BDT in Million

Sl	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
	AST				1
II	Development of Sustainable Aquaculture Project (DSAP)	2002-2005	Bhola	0.83	USAID
	Nutrition, Income and Food Security (NIFS)		Bhola, Chittagong, Cox's Bazar		Govt of Norway
	Promoting Good Governance through Interactive peoples Organization	1999-2005	Bhola, Cox's Bazar	2.53	COAST Trust, Stromme Foundation, Govt of Norway, Action Aid Bangladesh
04	Self Sustained Embankment Maintenance Group and Union Parishad (SSEMP)	1996-2005	Bhola	N/A	ADB
	A participatory approach to develop different alternative livelihood options for shrimp fry collectors through nursing of hatchery produced Penaeus monodon fry.	2003-2004	Cox's Bazar	0.62	SUFER project, DfID
	Feasibility study of Mud Crab (Scylla serrata) culture through participation of the poor coastal people	2003-2004	Cox's Bazar	0.85	SUFER project, DfID
	Improvement of food quality of traditional marine dried products using low cost solar tunnel drier	2003-2004	Cox's Bazar	0.40	SUFER project, DfID
08	Developemnt of Sustainable Aquaculture Project	2002-2005	Bhola	1.6	
	Promoting local level civil society and capacities for Human rights and Governance: A Micro-Macro linkage			32.26	Manusher Jonno
	tre For Coastal Environment Conse				
01	Sundarban Conservation through	2002-2003	Khulna		Govt. of Japan

^{*} Bold & italic project names refer to projects with a fact sheet in next Chapter

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	BDT in Million				
Sl	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
	Crab Fattening				
	ODIPAN				
	Save our Sundarbans (SOS)		Khulna, Bagerhat		CAFOD, Bread for World
	nmunity Development Centre (CODI				
	Socio-economic Development of the	2001-2006	Chittagong,	DKK 48.2	DANIDA
	Coastal and Riverine Fisherfolk		Lakhshmipur,		
	Communities, Phase-IV		Noakhali,		
			Patuakhali, Barguna		
02	Community Development Centre	1985-	Chittagong,		DANIDA
	(CODEC)		Lakhshmipur,		
			Noakhali,		
			Patuakhali, Barguna		
Pat	uakhali Mahila Unnayan Samity (PM				
	CERP, Housing, Fish Culture Micro	1990-	Patuakhali	1.04	World Bank,
	credit, Child literacy, Sewing,				DANIDA
	Thonga MAking, Cage Culture,				
	Prostitute Rehabilitation Program				
	Group formation, fish culture	2003-	Patuakhali	2.5	Southern NGO
	program, cage culture program,				Network,
	thonga marketing, child literacy				DANIDA, DoF
	program, micro credit program,				and PMUS fund
	sewing, prostitute rehabilitation				
	program				
	tland Resource Development Society				
01	Demonstration of Hydroponics in	2000-2003	Gopalganj, Barisal,	1.30	Prip Trust
	Wetland and Water logged area for		Bagerhat, Khulna		
	scaling up to the whole southwest				
	region of Bangladesh.				
02	Dissemination and standardization of	2003-2005	Gopalganj,	1.9	CIDA
	hydroponics (floating garden) in		Bagerhat, Jessore		
	waterlogged areas as an adaptation				
	to the impact of climate change				
	RE Bangladesh				ľ
01	Livelihood Monitoring Project	2000-2005	Cox's Bazar	12.84	DFID
	(LMP)				
02	Strengthening Household Access to	1999-2007	Partly in CZ	11.56	DFID
	Bari Gardening Extension		(Cox's Bazar,		
0.2	(SHABGE-DFID)		Chittagong)		
03	Local Initiatives for Farmers	1998-2005	Noakhali, Feni,	25.99	DANIDA
	Training (LIFT) Project	10.5-	Lakshmipur		****
04	Supporting Household Activities for	1997-	Partly in CZ	21.90	USAID
	hygiene Assets and Revenue	ongoing	(Jessore)		
0.5	(SHAHAR) Project	4	. ~-		**** ~ =
<i>05</i>	Disaster Management Project	1999-	Partly in CZ	13.40	USAID, GoB
		ongoing	(Barisal,		
0.1	D 1 1 17 1 17 1 27	2007.7	Chittagong)	_	GYD .
<i>0</i> 6	Reducing Vulnerability to Climate	2002-2005	Bagerhat,	7.59	CIDA
	Change (RVCC) Project		Gopalganj, Jessore,		
			Khulna, Narail and		
			Satkhira		
07	The Chittagong Export Processing		Chittagong	3.72	Timberland
	Zone (CEPZ) Corporate Pilot Project				Company of USA
	(CCPP)				and CARE
					Bangladesh
08	Environmental Sanitation, Hygiene		Partly in CZ		DPHE, UNICEF

					BDT in Million
Sl	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
	and Water Supply in Urban Slums and Fringes Project		(Chittagong and Khulna)		
09	NGO Support Delivery Project (NSDP)	2002-2006	Partly in CZ		USAID
Me	nnonite Central Committee (MCC)				
01	MCC Agriculture Program		Noakhali, Feni, Lakshmipur		
Ma	ss-line Media Centre (MMC)		•		
	Support to Mass- line Media Centre	2000-03	Noakhali, Lakshmipur, Feni, Patuakhali, Barguna, Barisal, Bhola, Jhalokati, Pirojpur	DKK 8.10	DANIDA
	RITAS			T	
	Sustainable Resources Management in Brackish Water Areas	1998-2003			
	Rural Infrastrucutres and Job Creation Measures	1979-2004	Satkhira, Barisal	0.98	MISERIOR
	Sustaibale Environment Management Programme (SEMP) in Brackish Water	1998-2003			UNDP
	Drinking Water and Sanitation	1979-2003	Chittagong, Khulna	0.57	MISERIOR
05	Regional Trade Schools for Underprivileged Youth and Women	1994-2004	Barisal region	10.36	MISERIOR
	Underprivileged Children Preparatory Education Project (UCPEP)	1994-2003	Khulna region	14.09	CORDAID, The Netherlands and Secours Catholique, France
07	Safe Motherland Project	1999-2004	Khulna region (Bagerhat)	1.2	MISERIOR
Res	source Integration Centre (RIC)				
01	RIC Moheskhali Project	2001-2005	Cox's Bazar		Aus-Aid CARE-DFID
02	Income Generation Program	1986- ongoing	Cox's Bazar, Bagerhat, Pirojpur, Noakhali		RIC
03	Credit Support for Income Generation Program	2001- ongoing	Pirojpur, Cox's Bazar		PKSF
04	RIC/CARE SHABJEE-DFID Project		Cox's Bazar		CARE Bangladesh, DfID
05	Sundarban Biodiversity Conservation Project	2000-2004	Pirojpur		ADB, Ministry of Environment
06	Formal Education for Under Privileged Children	1998- ongoing	Cox's Bazar		RIC
07	Community Based ENC Program at Cox's Bazar (Save New Born Live)		Cox's Bazar		BPHC/Save the Children USA
08	Disaster Management Project	2000-2004	Cox's Bazar		CARE Bangladesh
09	Financial Services for the Poorest	2002-2003	Cox's Bazar		PKSF, World Bank
	Empowerment of the Coastal Fishing Communities for Livelihood Security		Cox's Bazar		GoB, FAO and UNDP
	Essential Service Package Delivery		Cox's Bazar		BPHC/DfID
	athern Socio economic Development P			ls v / s	
OΙ	DPHE- DANIDA Coastal Belt Rural Water Supply and Sanitation	1999-2004	Patuakhali, Barguna	N/A	DPHE-DANIDA (DAM), Action

					BDT in Million
Sl	Name of agency and project	Project period	Location (District)	Total cost (project aid)	Sources of project aid
	Component (CBRWSSC)				Aid Bangladesh, CODEC, Steps Towards Development, National Disability Development Foundation, Stings Lilliane Fonds- Netherlands,
					DNFE
	stal Development Partnership (CDP)		V1 1 0 411	2.0	DEID (1 1
01	Rice diversity and production in the Southwest of Bangladesh: Using diversity and local knowledge to create sustainable livelihoods in the Coastal area of Bangladesh.	2001-2004	Khulna, Satkhira, Bagerhat, Jessore	3.6	DFID through IRRI-BRRI (PETRRA)
02	Advocacy for Conservation of Biodiversity in the Sundarbans Reserved Forest of Bangladesh.	2001-2004	Khulna, Satkhira, Bagerhat	0.28	GGF
	Awareness creation among Shrimp Fry Collectors for Conservation of Aquatic Biodiversity in the Tidal Wetlands of Southwest Coastal region of Bangladesh	2003-2004	Impact zone of the Sundarban Mangrove Forest	0.45	Rufford Small Grants, Managed by Whitley LAing Foundation of London, UK
	Sundarban Biodiversity Conservation Project Watch Group	2002- ongoing	The Sundarban and its Impact Zone comprising 17 Upazilas (rural boroughs)	0.68	Action Aid Bangladesh
	CDP-CARE RVCC Partnership Project: Collection and Dissemination of Information on Climate Change in South West Bangladesh: Development of Central Information Centre (CIC)	2003-2005	Bagerhat, Khulna, Satkhira, Jessore, Narail and Gopalganj	2.7	CIDA through CARE Bangladesh
	CDP resource centre	2002-2003	Khulna	0.32	CARE GOLDA Project, CDP- CARE RVCC Partnership Project
07	Citizens Committee for Conservation of Coastal environment	2000-	Southwest coastal region	N/A	CDP, local NGOs, National & International NGOs
08	CDP-SSOQ Partnership Project	2003-	Southwest coastal region	Actual cost basis	Shrimp Seal of Quality (SSOQ) Organization
	Awareness program for conservation of Bio-diversity in the Sundarban Mangrove forest in Bangladesh	2002-2004	Impact zone of Sundarban	0.28	Global Green grants Fund, USA
10	Special Program for Food Security (SPFS)	2003-2004	Khulna	0.20	FAO of the United Nations Project (GCSP)/BGD/033/ Japan-SPFS
	egrated Social Development Effort (IS				
01	Coastal Embankment Maintenance Program	1997-2003	Cox's Bazar Chittagong		WFP

Sl	Name of agency and project	Project	Location	Total cost	Sources of
		period	(District)	(project aid)	project aid
02	Women Employment Generation	1993-	Cox's Bazar		UK,
	through Micro Credit Program	ongoing	Chittagong		Thailand
03	Safe Drinking Water Supply and	1990-	Cox's Bazar		DANIDA,
	Sanitation Program	ongoing	Chittagong		CAFOD
04	Integrated Primary Health Care Program	1994-2004	Cox's Bazar		UK, EEC
05	ISDE-CARE-SHABGE-DFID	2000-2007	Cox's Bazar		CARE,
	Partnership Program	2000 2007	CON 5 Duzui		DFID
06	NGO Networking & Partnership	1999-2004			
	Program	1,,,, 200.			
	NAYAN				
	Sundarban Bio Diversity	2001-2004	Khulna	5.9	ADB
	Conservation Project				
Hur	nan Development Services Society (HI	OSS)		•	
01	Micro credit program	1990-	Jhalkathi		HDSS
	•	ongoing			
02	Water and Sanitation Program	1994-	Jhalkathi	1.1	Homeless
	Ü	ongoing			International,
					UNICEF and GoN
03	Human Rights and Democracy	1990-	Jhalkathi	1.5	CEBEMO, ASIA
	Building	Ongoing			Foundation, local
					Fund
04	Comprehensive Women Development	2004-2007	Jhalkathi	N/A	To be confirmed
	program				
	ing Power in Social Action (YPSA)				
01	Strengthen Health and Population	2001-	Chittagong	N/A	BPHC
	for the Less Advantaged (SHAPLA)				
02	Char Development and Settlement	1991-2004	Chittagong, Feni	N/A	RNE
	Project (CDSP)				
	STD/AIDS Prevention Program	1997-	Chittagong		YPSA, HASAB
04	Water and Sanitation (WATSAN)	1993-	Chittagong	N/A	NGO-Forum
	Program				
BR					
01	Char Development and Settlement	1993-2004	Chittagong,		GoN, WFP, GoB
	Project-II		Noakhali,		
			Lakshmipur, Feni		
02	Empowerment of Adolescent Girls	2001-2004	Partly in CZ		GoB, UNICEF
			(Chittagong, Cox's		
			Bazar, Feni,		
			Chandpur and		
			Lakshmipur)		

3 THE PROJECTS

3.1 Fact Sheets on GoB Projects

This chapter reflects on some major agencies projects. Fact sheets has been developed through review of the relavent documents i.e., project poforma, annual progress reports, project activity performance list etc. This can be updated further if new points of query emerge. This chapter refers to the brief description of the representative projects from the different sectors, namely, water resources, agriculture, fishery, forestry, transport, rural infrastructure development, power distribution etc.

3.1.1 Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB)

BWDB - 01

Title		Status			
Coastal Embankment Rehabilitation Project		On-going			
Location					
Cox's Bazar, Chittagong, Feni, Noakhali, Lakshmipur ha area coverage.	, Patuakhali, Barguna and Bag	erhat districts with 84395			
(21 Coastal Polders of which 10 under Priority Works in 11 sea-facing CERP polders.)	(21 Coastal Polders of which 10 under Priority Works Program (PWP). The major rehabilitation is being done in 11 sea-facing CERP polders.)				
Implementing Agency					
Ministry of Water Resources (MoWR), Govt. of Bangla	adesh (GoB).				
Executing Organization					
Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB).					
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)				
IDA, EC, GoB	IDA SDR 46.10 million				
EURO 15.00 million GoB 132.76 million					
Start Date Completion Date (Expected)					
June 1995	IDA financed: 31st December	2002.			
	EC Grant: 30th June 2003. GoB funded: 30th June 2004.				

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Saeedur Rahman

Project Director/ Chief Engineer

Elite House (8th Floor), 54, Motijheel C/A, Dhaka. Tel: 9565420, Fax: 9565420. E-mail: cerp@dotbd.com

General Objective

- ♦ Cyclone protection including improvement of security of people living in the project areas reducing damage to houses and other infrastructure and minimizing the loss of crops and livestock.
- Improving agricultural production through preventing saline inundation during cyclone and astronomical tides.
- Introduction of improved technology in design and construction of protection works and improved method of embankment maintenance through afforestation in the embankment and foreshore by community participation.

Specific Objectives

To enhance the degree of safety of life and property including the livelihood along with the following objectives

- ♦ Engineering
- ♦ Rehabilitation of coastal embankment
- A Rehabilitation of inland embankment, drainage canal and sluice gate
- ♦ Improved operation and infrastructure maintenance
- ♦ Afforestation
- ♦ Create tree cover in the slope of embankment.
- ♦ Coastal afforestation
- ♦ Society and environment
- ♦ Sanctioning appropriate fund for the economic development of the people of the project area.
- Analysis of measures for reducing adverse impact on the environment specially fisheries resources and making recommendations

Activities Performed

\Diamond	Rehabilitation of embankment	119.50 Km;
\Diamond	Drainage Sluice	43 Nos;
\Diamond	Embankment Protective Works	13 Km;
\Diamond	Minor civil works (Embankment)	22 Km;
\Diamond	Canal excavation	115 Km;
\Diamond	Social Development	1 item.

On-going Activities

A PCP prepared on a follow up project named "Rehabilitation of Coastal Polders most at Risk" which is now under examination at planning commission and the project is included in the current year's ADP. The estimated cost is BDT 600 million.

Brief Description of findings/results

The project has been satisfactorily implemented.

Technical Reports Prepared

- Feasibility Study Polder 61/1 Sitakunda Vol 1: Main Report, Vol Annexes (Map data, EIA, Agriculture & Fisheries, Engineering, Economic feasibility) Jaaco PoyryConsulting Oy.and other associated Consulting Farms. March, 2000
- Preparation Report for the Proposed Coastal Zone Water Management Programme
 - ♦ Vol 1 : Main Report
 - \Diamond Vol 2 : Supporting Annexes
 - ♦ Vol 3 : Background Annexes
 - ♦ Vol 4 : PIMS (Project Information Monitoring System)
 - \Diamond Vol 5 : Drawings
 - ♦ Vol 6 : Designs
- By Jaako Poyry Consulting Oy., DHV, Mott MacDonald Dec, 2000

Technical Report

- ♦ TR No. 1 Preliminary Environmental Guidelines Nov. 1999
- ♦ TR No. 2 Preliminary Screening of 21 CERP-2 Polders Nov. 1999
- ♦ TR No. 4 Interim Report on the CES Development Plan March 2000
- TR No. 5 Survey datum & Vertical Control in the Coastal Zone July 2000
- ♦ TR No. Agricultural Development Nov. 1998
- ♦ Interim Guidelines for Afforestation May, 1997
- ♦ Guidelines for O&M Planning and Budgeting Aug, 2001
- ♦ CERP Final report: Volume: I/II.
- ♦ CERP PMIS: Volume: I/II.
- ♦ Report on Land Acquisition & Compensation Payment.

Status Date: October 2003 Sector: Water Resources

	BWDB -	
Title	Status	
Re-Excavation of Noakhali Canal Project	On-going	
Location		
Sudharam, Begumganj and Companiganj Upazila in	Noakhali District	
Implementing Agency		
MoWR, BWDB		
Executing Organization		
BWDB		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
GoB	BDT 107.13 million	
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date	
1999	2004	
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone &	& others	
Superintending Engineer Feni O&M Circle, BWDB, Feni. Tel: 0331-73542		
General Objective		
Protection of 25,000 ha area from intrusion of saline	water including creation of drainage facility	
Specific Objectives		
Protection of land from saline water intrusion, provincreased crop production by retaining irrigation, ger	vision of drainage facility and reduce cyclone damage neration of new employment opportunities.	
Activities Performed		
On-going Activities		
♦ Regulator: 1 no.,		
♦ Re-excavation of Noakhali khal: 25 km,		
♦ Tie embankment: 0.9 km,		
♦ River closure: 1 no.		
Brief Description of findings/results		
Technical Reports Prepared		

Status Date: June 2002 Sector: Water Resources

BWDB - 13

Title		Status		
Bhola Town Protection Project		Ongoing		
Location	Location			
Bhola town and its vicinity at the bank of Lower Megh	Bhola town and its vicinity at the bank of Lower Meghna river			
Implementing Agency				
MoWR, BWDB				
Executing Organization				
BWDB				
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)			
GoB	BDT 331.76 million			
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date	;		
1992-1993	2003-2004			
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others Superintending Engineer, Bhola O&M Circle, BWDB, Bhola. Tel: 0491-55595				
General Objective	General Objective			
Protection of Bhola town from erosion of Meghna river.				
Specific Objectives				
Protection of the right bank of the Meghna in the vicini	Protection of the right bank of the Meghna in the vicinity of Bhola Town.			
Activities Performed				
Bank protection by CC block-1070 m.				
On-going Activities				
Physical model studies; Bank protection by CC block.				
Brief Description of findings/results				
Technical Reports Prepared				

Status Date: June 2002 Sector: Water Resources

BWDB-16

Title		Status
Integrated Planning for Sustainable Water Management (IPSWAM) Project		Approved
Location		
Barguna, Patuakhali, Khulna.		
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Water Resources (MoWR)		
Executing Organization		
Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
GoN	BDT 870.6 million (P.A 618	.1million)
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)	
1999	2004	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Mosharraf Hossain

Project Director, Planning: 3

9/I, Motijheel C/A, Swantex Bhaban (5th floor), BWDB, Dhaka

Tel: 9567447

General Objective

To ensure sustainable operation and maintenance, water management of water resources sub-projects through people's participation.

Specific Objectives

The specific objectives are:

- To ensure active people's participation in planning, implementation and O&M of water sector projects
- ♦ To reduce poverty and generate employment opportunities;
- ♦ To ensure ecological balance;
- \Diamond To promote water conservation for irrigation and other uses;
- \Diamond To enhance conveyance capacity of water courses through desiltation;
- ◊ To promote culture fisheries in the completed projects;
- To control floods to protect crops, lives and properties
- ♦ To prevent saline intrusion.

Activities Performed

Project just started

On-going Activities

Project just started

Brief Description of findings/results

Not applicable

Technical Reports Prepared

Not applicable

Status date: October 2003 Sector: Water Resources

BWDB - 18

Title	Status
Char Development & Settlement Project -2	On-going

Location

Thirteen specific areas in six Upazilas of Chittagong-, Feni- and Noakhali- District: Muhuri Accreted Area (Mirsharai Upazila, Chittagong and Sonagazi Upazila, Feni); catchment area of Bamni river, polder 59/3C (Companiganj Upazila, Noakhali); Char Ganchil-Torabali (Companiganj and Sadar Upazilas, Noakhali); Char Lakshmi; south eastern part of Polder 59/3B; Char Mora Dona; Char Baggar Dona I; Char Baggar Dona II; Char Majid (all Sadar Upazila, Noakhali); Char Bhatirtek (Sadar and Companiganj Upazilas, Noakhali); South Hatiya; Nijhum Dwip/Char Osman; Nijhum Dwip/Bandartila (all Hatiya Upazila, Noakhali)

Implementing Agency

BWDB, LGED, DPHE, Ministry of Land, DAE;

Ministry of Water Resources (sponsoring agency)

Executing Organisation

Consultants for Development Programmes (CDP), Haskoning & Sheltech Consultants

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
Govt. of Bangladesh; Govt. of The Netherlands, World Food Programme	BDT 1367.60 million
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date
Start Date CDSP I Sept. 1994	(Expected) Completion Date CDSP I October 1999

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Md. Habibur Rahman (Project Director) Elite House 10th floor 54, Motijheel C/A; (9559298)

Team Leader

BWDB Compound, Sonapur, Noakhali; (0321-5428)

dewilde@inmarsat.francetelecom.fr):

Dhaka Liaison Office:

House # 2, Road 34, Gulshan (tel/fax 8811525; chardsp@citechco.net)

General Objective

To bring about an improvement in the economic situation and in the living conditions of the population in the coastal areas of south eastern Bangladesh with special reference to the poorest segment of the population.

Specific Objectives

Three project purposes:

- 1. promotion of an institutional environment that sustains CDSP II and similar interventions
- 2. accumulation and dissemination of data and knowledge on the coastal areas
- 3. direct improvement of the economic and social situation of people in a number of coastal char areas in a sustainable way

Activities Performed

In CDSP I: empolderment of three chars: Char Bhatirtek, Char Majid and Char Baggar Dona II; construction of internal infrastructure; settlement of 4,700 households; community development in clustered villages; development of methodology for char development.

In CDSP II to date: see below ongoing activities.

On-going Activities

The following activities are being undertaken (grouped under the purposes as mentioned above under Specific Objectives):

Purpose no. 1:

contributing to ICZM framework

- improvement of land settlement bureaucracy at District- and Upazila level (training; supply of equipment; modernization of land records and computerization of parts of land settlement process)
- strengthening of planning capacity at District-, Upazila- and Union level training; develop-ment of data bases; logistic support; technical support for developing area plans
- capacity building of local NGOs (through BRAC)
- establishment and strengthening of field level institutions (local area development committees, polder committees, water management committees, user groups of tubewells and latrines)

Purpose no. 2:

- feasibility studies of possible new project areas (catchment areas of Baggar Dona khal and Noakhali khal)
- studies on use and storage of fresh water in char areas
- water related measurements (salinity, water levels, ground water levels)
- soil related measurements (salinity, fertility)
- pilot activities in the area of land and water management (hydro-morphological processes in rivers that function as drainage outlets for char areas; options for protection of low lying areas; options for polder design; hydraulic behavior of ponds)
- investigation with regard to possibilities and constraints for agriculture in coastal areas
- monitoring of developments in CDSP I areas (Char Majid, Char Bhatirtek and Char Baggar Dona II) in order to make it possible to assess efficacy of CDSP I interventions and of developments in areas added under CDSP II

Purpose no. 3:

- Land settlement: settlement of about 13,000 landless households on khas land in six specific areas in
- Chittagong-, Feni and Noakhali District
- Infrastructure: peripheral: embankments (32 km), sluices (9); internal water management related: khals (108 km), culverts (16); internal transport and settlement related: rural roads (90 km), bridges/culverts (48), cyclone shelters (27); internal water- and sanitation related: deep tube wells (607), latrines (6,900)
- Agriculture: testing, demonstration and dissemination of technologies suitable for the char areas aiming at increasing of yield and or area under cultivation; activities try to build on the improved agro-ecological conditions in specific project areas by introducing improved varieties and modern farming techniques; sequence of activities is: collection of baseline information (land levels, soil salinity and fertility, cropping patterns) land class zonation agricultural extension (testing, demonstration, dissemination)

Brief Description of findings/results

Results of CDSP I: protection of three chars (total 5,200 ha) plus internal polder infrastructure (cyclone shelters, rural roads, deep tube wells, 990 houses in 34 clustered villages); settlement of 4,700 landless households; institutional and community development (a.o. six Water Management Committees, 23 male and 23 female NGO groups). Most important experiences in CDSP I are documented in Technical Report no. 29 and in the book "Out of the periphery". A post implementation cost benefit analysis indicated an IRR of around 12.5 % and an EIIR of 15% and concluded that out of an economic and financial point of view char development is a feasible exercise. Indirect effects on the whole economy matter much, but much attention has to be given to cost-effectiveness in the design of polders.

CDSP II just entered its second year. It is as yet too early to discuss findings and results.

Technical Reports Prepared

List of CDSP- I Reports and Documents

Type Title

Mission No.1 Land and Water Planning, Jan Groot, November 1994

Mission No.2 Rural Health Care, Pieter Streefland and Saqul Khandoker, November 1994

Mission No.3 Note on Economical & Monitoring Aspects, Alexander Mueller, November 1994

Mission No.4 Infrastructure Planning, Jelle Fekkes, December 1994

Mission No.5	Environmental Aspects, Adriaan de Goffau, December 1994
Mission No.6	Land Distribution, Sobhan A. Akhand, January 1995
Mission No.7	Credit Operation Plan, Mozzaharaf Khan, December 1994
Mission No.8	Gender Assessment Study/WID report, Loes Keysers, December 1994
Mission No.9	Institutional Affairs, Bert van Woersem, January 1995
Mission No.10	Infrastructure Planning-II, Jelle Fekkes, May 1995
Mission No.11	Fishery Aspects, Paul Farrow, Draft October 1995, Final Version July 1996
Mission No.12	Land and Water Engineering-II, Jan Groot, October 1995
Mission No.13	Infrastructure Planning and Monitoring-III, Jelle Fekkes, October 1995
Mission No.14	Review 1994/95 & Methodology Development, Pieter Jan Zijlstra, January 1996
Mission No.15	Water Supply & Sanitation, Programme Formulation, Rabiul Islam, February 1996
Mission No.16	Infrastructure Planning and Monitoring-IV, Jelle Fekkes, June 1996
Mission No.17	Land and Water Engineering-III, Jan Groot, July 1996
Mission No.18	Fishery Aspects-II, Paul Farrow, July 1996
Mission No.19	Infrastructure Planning & Monitoring-V, September 1996
Mission No.20	Non Existing
Mission No.21	Land and Water Engineering-IV, Jan Groot, November 1996
Mission No.22	Institutional Affairs-II, Bert van Woersem, November 1996
Mission No.23	Fishery Aspects-III, Paul Farrow, December 1996
Mission No.24	Infrastructure Monitoring-VI, Jelle Fekkes, December 1996
Mission No.25	Planning and Monitoring support, Pieter Jan Zijlstra, February 1997
Mission No.26	Infrastructure Monitoring-VII, Jelle Fekkes, March 1997
Mission No.27	Mid-Term Economic Evaluation Concepts, Harm Jan Raad, May 1997
Mission No.28	Infrastructure Monitoring-VIII, Jelle Fekkes, June 1997
Mission No.29	Review Field crop & H.S. Development Programme, Henk Mutsaers, September 1997
Mission No.30	Land and Water Engineering, Jan Groot, October 1997
Mission No.31	Land and Water Engineering-V (first part, draft), Jan Groot, August 1997
Mission No.32	Institutional Affairs-III, Bert van Woersem, November 1997
Mission No.33	Review of Productive Development Programme, Henk Mutsaers, February 1998
Mission No.34	Review of Productive Development Activities in Fields and Homestead, Henk Mutsaers, September 1998
Mission No.35	Report on the visit of the Senior Land and Water Engineer, Jan Groot, October 1998
Mission No.36	Report on the visit of the Senior Land and Water Engineer, Jan Groot, January 1999
Mission No.37	Review of productive development activities in Fields and homesteads, Mutsaers, February 1999
Technical No.1	Productive Development Plan, Mujibul Huq et al, December 1995
Technical No.2	The Char Majid Sluice, Eva Jordans and Peter Prins, June 1995 (Draft)
Technical No.3	Muhuri Accretion Area Appraisal Visit, Long-term Consultant Team, January 1996
Technical No.4	Review of Polder Committees, Arend van Riessen/Shyamal Kumar Roy, 2 version, July 1996
Technical No.5	Annual Report 1995-1996, Productive Development Sector, M.Huq et al, August 1996
Technical No.6	Status Report on Drainage Study, Odile Scholte, April 1997
Technical No.7	Water Supply, Sanitation and Health, State of Affairs, N.Begum et al, September 1997
Technical No.8	The Labour Situation in the Chars and LCS, N.Begum et al, September 19'97
Technical No.9	Primary Schools in the CDSP chars, N.Begum et al, August 1997 (Draft)
Technical No.10	External Review of NGO-Involvement in CDSP, by Socioconsult, May 1998

_	
Technical No.11	Income and Employment Potentials for Cluster Village Women, H.Shafayet Hussain, September 1998
Technical No.12	Review of the Sluices in the Coastal Embankment around "Polder 59/3B", Jelle Fekkes, September 1998
Technical No.13	Socio-economic polder profile, Mohiuddin Ahmad, December 1998
Technical No.14	Final Report Infrastructure (period September 1994-August 1998), 3 volumes, J.Fekkes, January 1999
Technical No.15	Rapid Water Management Appraisal, M.A. Sekandar, January 1999
Technical No.16	Extension methods and extension packages for agricultural and homestead production in the char areas, Md. Ebrahim Akanda, a.o., February 1999
Technical No.17	Adoption of agricultural technologies in char areas, February 1999
Technical No.18	Field Crops, Annual Report 1996-1997, Ebrahim Akanda, February 1999
Technical No.19	Field Crops, Annual Report 1997-1998, Ebrahim Akanda, March 1999
Technical No.20	Culture Fishery in Coastal Chars, Mohiuddin Ahmad, April 1999
Technical No.21	Cropping Patterns, Ebrahim Akanda, April 1999
Technical No.22	Final Report on Land and Water Engineering, 2 volumes, J.M. Groot, April 1999
Technical No.23	Maintenance Plan, M.A. Sekendar, May 1999
Technical No.24	Benefit Assessment of Land Settlement Program, M.A.Latif, June 1999
Technical No.25	Water, Soils & Crops, M.E.Akanda, H.Mutsaers, Md. Hasan, June 1999.
Technical No.26	The Cost & Benefits of Char Development, D.Bol, June 1999.
Technical No.27	Field Crops, Annual Report 1998-99, Md. Ebrahim Akanda, August 1999.
Technical No.28	Aspects of people's participation in CDSP: Polder Committees, Sub-Polder Committees and Water Management Committees, Debashis R. Saha & M.A. Sekendar, August 1999.
Technical No.29	Out of the Periphery, Guidelines for Development of Coastal Chars in Southeastern Bangladesh, September 1999.
Feasibility	Draft Final Report, The Feasibility Study of Muhuri AA, November 1998
Feasibility	Coastal Char Study - Main Report, Vol. 1-4, January 1999
List of CDSP-II	Reports and Documents (Till end of December, 2000)
Type	Title
Mission No.1	Initiation of Productive Development Activities in CDSP-II Areas, HJW Mutsaers, Md. Ebrahim Akanda,
	November 1999
Mission No.2	Sedimentation of Drainage outfalls and Remedial Measures, Ir. W Izycki, Dr. ir. EB Peerbolte, November 1999
Mission No.3	Preparatory Study South Hatiya, PJ Zijlstra, W. Izycki, MA Sekendar, January 2000.
Mission No.4	Drainage Study of Polder 59/B (Eastern Part) and Preparatory Study on Nijhum Dwip, Dr. J. Groot,
	Jan February 2000.
Mission No.5	The CDSP-II Agriculture Programme in the meaking (Report of a consultancy mission).
	Dr. H.J.W. Mutsaers, Agriculture Adviser of CDSP-II.
Mission No.6	Planning infrastructure works CDSP II, Mr. J.S. Fekkes, Civil Engineering Adviser.
Mission No.7	Environmental Impact Assessment of South Hatiya Polder, Mr. Frank Kaukelaar.
Mission No.8	Drainage Study of Polder 59/C - Low Embankments and Roads in Unprotected Areas - Analysis of Collected
	Data - Open Water Bodies and Water Harvesting.
Mission No.9	Report on a consultancy visit (November 10 - 17,2000)
Mission No 10	Drainage of Polder 59/3c Fresh water in Char Areas, Ms.Josien Kapma –Jan, 2001

Mission No 11	Infrastructure Component, Mr.Jelle Fekkes and Dr. E.B.Peerbolte – March, 2001
Mission No 12	Backstopping Mission, Mr. Pieter Jan Zijlstra, Mr. Roelof Moll & Ms. Salma Shafi $-$ March, 2001
Mission No 13	Baggar Dona Feasibility Study Coastal Morphodynamic Studies and Survey –Hatiya River Survey, Dr. E.B. Peerbolte - May, 2001
Mission No 14	Agriculture, Mr. H J W Mutsaers, Mr. S A Sattar, & Mr. M A Sekendar – June, 2001
Mission No 15	Infrastructure Component, Mr. Jelle Fekkes – July, 2001
Mission No 16	Fisheries and Agricultural Development Strategies in the Char Development and Settlement Project, CDSP 2, Mr Gertjan de Graff – Jan, 2002
Mission No 17	I) Water management and crop production II) Productivity zones and technology targeting III) Agriculture extension IV) Salinity Mr. H J W Mutsaers March 3 - 16,2002
Mission No 18	Strengthening of Water Management Committees-Comments on Feasibility Study of Comprehensive South
	Comilla and North Noakhali Drainage Project-Drainage of Polder 59/3C Ms. Josien Kapma March 04-13, 2002
Mission No 19	Backstopping Mission Mr.Pieter jan Zijlstra (CDP) Ms.Salma A. Shafi (SCPL) Mr.Roelof Moll (Haskoning)
	March14-21, 2002
Mission No 20	Infrastructure Component Mr.Jelle Fekkes Civil Engineer May 16 - 31,2002
Technical No.1	Gender in CDSP-II Activities, Nujulee Begum, January 2000
Technical No 2	Agricultural Production and Adoption of New Agricultural Technologies in CDSP-I Project Areas. Mr. Narayan
	Chandra Nath, Research Fellow. February'2001
Technical No3	Economic Assessment of South Hatiya Polder. Mr. Mohiuddin Ahmad RDC. March'2001 Technical No4 Report on Fresh Water in Char Areas. Mr. M.A.Latif Socioeconomic Adviser. July'2001
Technical No5	Agriculture in CDSP – II Mr. S. A. Sattar Sr. Agriculture Adviser February 19,2002
Technical No6	Report on monitoring of results of project interventions in CDSP I areas Mr. M. A. Latif, Sr. Socio Economic Adviser
	Mr. Sheikh A. Sattar, Sr. agriculture Adviser Mr. Mahfuzur Rahman Data Monitoring Engineer March 30'2001
Technical No7	Rapid Drainage Related Rural Appraisal survey of the Baggar Dona Catchment Area. (Draft) Mr. M.A. Sekendar
	Senior Land & Water Management Engineer June 2002
	Internal Resource Report Planned Village Settlement Schemes: Experiences and Suggestions. Ms. Nujulee Begum, GNA.
	Internal Resource Report Monitoring of development in CDSP-I areas: Char Baggardona-II, Char Majid & Char Bhatir Tek.
	Internal Resource Report Impact of CDSP Infrastructure on private sector activities. M.A. Latif, Socioeconomic Adviser.
	Internal Resource Report Final Report on Fresh Water Use in CDSP Working Areas. M.A. Latif
Baseline Survey-I	Char Baggardona-II
Baseline Survey-II	Char Majid
Baseline Survey-II	I Char Bhatir Tek
Baseline Survey-IV	V Muhuri
Baseline Survey-V	South Hatiya
Baseline Survey-V	I Nijhum Dwip
Baseline Survey-V	II Bandartila

Baseline Survey-VIII Mora Dona

Baseline Survey-IX Gangchil - Torabali.

List of CDSP-II Reports and Documents (Till end of December, 2001)

Mission-9 Report on Consultancy visit

Mission-10 Drainage of Polder 59/3c, Fresh water in Char areas.

Technical Report 02 Agricultural Production and Adoption of new agricultural Technologies

Mission-07 Environmental Impact Assessment of South Hatiya Polder

List of CDSP-II Reports and Documents (Till end of December, 2002)

Mission-16 Fisheries and aquaculture development strategies in CDSP-II

Technical Report 02 Agriculture in CDSP-II Areas.

List of CDSP-II Reports and Documents (Till end of December, 2003)

Technical Report 02 Overview of Local level planning in CDSP-II

Mission-16 Development of Bangladesh Water Development Board, Water Management

Manuals and outline including institutional issues.

Major Achievements of the Project:

♦ Embankment 32.5 Km

♦ Drainage Khals 164.00 Km

♦ Sluices 10 Nos.

♦ Rural Roads 98 Km

♦ Bridges/Culvert 55 Nos

♦ C. Shelters 27 Nos

♦ Ponds 47 Nos

♦ WMC sheds 16 Nos

♦ Deep Tube Wells 297 Nos

♦ Latrines 2846 Nos

Component wise Advancement of CDSP Project-II

Bangladesh Water Development Board-75 %

Local Government Engineering Depart ment-50 %

Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE) - 67 %

Ministry of Land-50 %

Department of Agricultural Extension-40 %

Status Date: October, 2003 Sector: Water Resources

BWDB - 28

Title		Status
Estuary Development Program		Ongoing
Location		
Estuarine area of Bangladesh: Chandpur, Bhola, Noakl	nali, Lakshmipur, Feni and Chi	ttagong.
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Water Resources		
Executing Organization		
BWDB		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
GoN and GoB	BDT 5545.00 million (PA - 48	345.00)
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Md. Habibur Rahman, Director, PMU-ESPP, BWDB

54 Motijheel C/A, Dhaka-1000

Phone 88-02-9559298

General Objective

July 2002

To increase the physical safety and social security of the people living in the estuarine area.

Specific Objectives

Survey and study support unit

Updating of bathymetric survey data and micro-level survey for viable investment oriented project and databases

December 2007

- Hydro-survey of estuarine area for understanding of dynamics & morphological process. Investigation & design of potential cross dam
- ♦ Identification & investigation of possible potential cross dams throughout the coastal zone
- Assessment of the impact on the environment of the construction of the cross dams
- ♦ Investigation and implementation of potential erosion control & accelerated land accretion schemes
- Implementation of modified pilot schemes on the basis of the lessons learnt and evaluation during MES period for preparation of investment project in respect of erosion control & accretion of land.
- Viable accretion pilot schemes at different locations of Bangladesh estuary to accelerate the natural process of sedimentation for preparing accretion oriented investment project.
- ♦ Transfer of technology covering enhancement of in-house capabilities of BWDB personnel concerning data processing, design, monitoring & implementation of pilot schemes for such investment-oriented projects.
- To enrich knowledge of coastal oriented multi-disciplinary in-house working force of BWDB aiming at long –term management and follow-up in relation to ICZM.

Activities Performed

Not yet started

On-going Activities

Continuation of Hydro-morphological survey of MES (if project started)

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: June 2002 Sector: Water Resources

3.1.2 Water Resources Planning Organization (WARPO)

WARPO - 01

Title		Status
Integrated Coastal Zone Management Plan		On-going
Location		
Nineteen coastal districts of Bangladesh		
Implementing Agency		
Water Resources Planning Organization (WARPO); M	inistry of Water Resources	
Executing Organization		
ARCADIS-Euro consult, PDO-ICZM		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
Govt. of Bangladesh; Govt. of the Netherlands; Govt. of United Kingdom (DFID)	BDT 136.6 Million	
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date	
January 2000 (Interim phase), February 2002 (formal)	January 2005	
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others		
Mr. H.S.M. Faruque Project Director & Director General Water Resources Planning Organization (WARPO) House #103, Road #01, Banani, Dhaka 1213 Tel: 880-2- 881 4554, 881 4556, 881 4217; E-mail: dg_warpo@bangla.net	Dr. M. Rafiqul Islam Team Leader Saimon Centre, Road 22, House 4/A, 5 th Floor Dhaka 1212, Bangladesh Tel: 880-2- 989 2787; Fax: 88 E-mail: pdo@iczmpbd.org	

General Objective

To create conditions in which the reduction of poverty, development of sustainable livelihoods and the integration of the coastal zone into the national processes can take place.

Specific Objectives

The core objective of ICZM is to strengthen horizontal integration encompassing various development policy initiatives in the field of poverty eradication, physical safety of people and reduction of vulnerabilities that limit the development of livelihoods in coastal communities. The rationale of this is rooted to the fact that in the coastal zone, a large number of people, particularly the poor depend directly on natural resources such as land and water for their livelihoods. This implies, for sustainable livelihoods natural resources must be sustained and this calls for:

- ♦ Economic growths
- ♦ Equitable distribution and empowerment of local communities across social strata and gender
- ♦ Access to basic needs
- ♦ Reduction of vulnerabilities
- ♦ Sustainable resource management and
- ◊ Protection of critical ecosystem

Activities Performed

Coastal zone policy

- an analysis of different policy documents
- draft coastal zone policy after district level consultation

Coastal zone strategy

- summary of four regional workshops

Priority investment program

- an inventory of GoB and NGO projects

Enhancing livelihood capacities

- study of resource use by indigenous communities in the coastal zone

- perception survey of coastal communities

Enabling institutional environment

- institutional review of selected ministries and agencies
- analysis of projects case studies contributing to the ICZM process

Integrated knowledge base

- inventory of coastal and estuarine islands and Char lands
- website of the PDO-ICZM

General activities

- Inception Report
- Work plans 2002, 2003, 2004
- Position paper 2004

On-going Activities

Coastal zone policy

- an updating of different policy documents
- an assessment of policy implementation
- draft coastal zone policy

Coastal zone strategy

- analysis of issues and problems

Priority investment program

- developing of CP and CNs (Investment Concept Notes)

Enhancing livelihood capacities

- analysis of coastal livelihood
- proposals for stakeholder consultation and case studies
- proposals for pro-gender priority actions

Enabling institutional environment

- institutional and legal arrangements of the shrimp sub-sector

Integrated knowledge base

- indicator framework
- knowledge portal of estuary development
- vulnerability mapping and profile
- integrated coastal resources database

General activities

- Operationalization and internalization of the PDO-ICZM
- Coast news

Brief Description of findings/results

Some Major Achievements

- ♦ Draft Coastal Zone Policy
- ♦ Profile of the Coastal Zone
- ♦ Coastal Livelihoods Analysis
- ♦ Inventory of Coastal & Estuarine Islands
- ♦ Knowledge Portal on Estuary Development
- ♦ Delineation of the Coastal Zone
- ♦ Framework of Indicators
- ♦ Review of Policies & Institutions

List of publications

- 01- Coastal Zone Management: An Analysis of Different Policy Documents-February 2001
- 02- Integrated Coastal Zone Management Program, Inception Report-January 2001
- 03- Proceedings of the Round Table Discussion: Status of Activities in the Coastal Zone of Selected Government Departments-April 2001
- 04- Proceedings of the Regional Workshop: Noakhali; Status of Activities in the Coastal Zone -May 2001
- 05- Resource Use by Indigenous Communities in the Coastal Zone; a study by Mr. Mesbah Kamal, Dr. Avizit Reaz Quazi & Sanzida Akhter-July 2001
- 06- Inventory of Coastal & Estuarine Islands & Char Lands-March 2002

- 07- Proceedings of the Regional Round Table Discussion: Khulna; Status of Activities in the Coastal Zone-October 2001
- 08- Institutional Review of Selected Ministries and Agencies; a study by Dr. A. T. M. Shamsul Huda November 2001
- 09- Proceedings of National Workshop on Vision Development for the Coastal Zone of Bangladesh-January 2002
- 10- Inventory of projects & initiatives in the coastal zone-January 2002
- 11- Analysis of Projects Contributing to the Integrated Coastal Zone Management (ICZM) Process-January 2002
- 12- Proceedings of the Regional Round Table Discussion Activities in the Coastal Regional of Chittagong/Cox's Bazar -January 2002
- 13- Proceedings of the Regional Round Table Discussion Activities in the Coastal Regional of Patuakhali January 2002

List of Working Papers

- WP001 Previous Initiatives and Base Conceptual Documents May 2002
- WP002 Work Plan 2002 (draft)_May 2002
- WP003 Vulnerabilities, Opportunities & Emerging Issues as Transpired from Four Regional Workshops_August 2002
- WP004 Perceptions of Direct Stakeholders on Coastal Livelihoods_September 2002
- WP005 Delineation of the Coastal Zone_In preparation
- WP006 Inventory of Projects & Initiatives in the Coastal Zone (up date)_November 2002
- WP007 Work Plan 2003_October 2002
- WP008 ICZM Dialogue on Conceptualization & Design; Proceedings & Position Paper_November 2002
- WP009 Coastal Zone Management: an Analysis of Different Policy Documents_January 2003
- WP010 Status of Implementation of Selected National Policies_April 2003
- WP011 Coastal Livelihoods; an introductory analysis_January 2003
- WP012 Program for the Poor; a report on social safety nets and micro-credit activities_April 2003
- WP013 Local Level Institutional Arrangements in Khulna-Jessore Drainage Area; a case study_May 2003
- WP014 A systems Analysis of Shrimp Production_June 2003
- WP015 Coastal livelihoods; conditions and context_June 2003
- WP016 Framework of Indicators for ICZM_October 2003
- WP017 Knowledge Portal on Estuary Development (KPED)_May 2003
- WP018 Review of Local Institutional Environment in the Coastal Areas of Bangladesh_June 2003
- WP019 Local Level Institutional Arrangements in CDSP; a case study_August 2003
- WP020 The Process of Policy & Strategy Formulation August 2003
- WP021 Urban Poor in the Coastal Zone_August 2003
- WP022 NGOs in Coastal Development August 2003
- WP023 Local level institutional arrangements in ECFC project_September 2003
- WP024 Proceedings of the Orientation Session for Focal Points on ICZM_October 2003

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Water Resources

WARPO-02

Title		Status
South West Area Integrated Water Resources Management Project		Approved
Location		
Jessore, Narail, Faridpur, Magura & Rajba	ari.	
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Water Resources.		
Executing Organisation		
Water Resources Planning Organisation (WARPO), Bangladesh Water Develo	pment Board (BWDB)
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optio	nal)
GoB, ADB	BDT 65.2 million	
Start Date	Completion Date (Expo	ected)
2003	2004	
	·	

Contact Person with detail address:

Md. Arzel Hossain Khan, Principal Scientific Officer (PSO)

Water Resources Planning Organization (WARPO)

House #103, Road #01, Banani, Dhaka 1213

Tel: 880-2-8814554, 8814556, 8814217;

E-mail: dg warpo@bangla.net

General Objectives

The overall goal of the TA is to reduce poverty and enhance socio-economic status of people in the southwest area through improved water resource management while addressing diverse social and environmental concerns *from* an IWRM perspective.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Regional water management strategy.
- ♦ District level water management plan.
- ♦ Feasibility study.
- ♦ An investment project proposal that will establish and operate IWRM planning and implementation framework at sub regional and regional levels, and implement priority interventions adopting a poverty focused and demand driven approach while ensuring long term sustainability in resource management and O&M through local resource mobilization.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Consultant submitted inception report.
- Data collection, analysis and other works are going on.
- ♦ Preparation of Integrated water management plan.

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

3.1.3 Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)

LGED - 04

Title		Status	
Rural Development Project – 22: Infrastructure Noakhali District		ict On-going	
Location			
Noakhali District			
Implementing Agency			
LGRD & C			
Executing Organization			
LGED			
Funding Agency	Funds Allo	cated (optional)	
SDC and GoB	BDT 870.66	Smillion (PA-561.00)	
Start Date	(Expected)	Completion Date	
1998 2003			
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others			

Abdul Jalil Dhali, Project Director

RDP-22, Level-8, LGED Bhaban, Agargaon, Dhaka.

General Objective

Increase of rural income and reduction of rural poverty in Noakhali District

Specific Objectives

- Construction of more efficient rural transport trading infrastructure which responds to local priorities benefits the poor
- Increase in technical & financial sustainability of improved rural transport & trading infrastructure at the local level
- Strengthening institutional capability through participatory development of efficient sustainable, poverty-oriented rural transport and trading infrastructure
- Rehabilitation of flood (1998) damaged structure (LGED Road) in the project area.

Activities Performed

Rehabilitation of flood damaged infrastructure

On-going Activities

- Upgrading of road
- \Diamond Construction of Bridge/Culvert
- Market development
- Maintenance of LGED Core roads
- Small scale infrastructure development

Brief Description of findings/results

- Enhancement of livelihood by infrastructure development;
- Alleviation of poverty by Social Activities.

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: June 2002 Sector: Rural Development and Institutions

LGED -08

Title		Status	
Rural Development Project-16		Approved	
Location			
Barguna and Patuakhali districts			
Implementing Agency			
LGRD & C			
Executing Organization			
LGED			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
DANIDA			
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date		
1999	2004		
C. 4. 4 D 20 1.4.7.1.1.11 4.1	0 - 41		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Project Planning Advisor

Rural Development Project-16

Project Implementation Office

LGED Blaban (8th floor), Agarage

Project Implementation Office

LGED Bhaban (8th floor), Agargaon,
16 (Old 113), Sabujbag, 1st lane, Patuakhali

Sher-e-Bangla Nagar, Dhaka-1207

Tel: 0441-2616/2003; Fax: 0441-2616 Tel.: 02-9115072/9130789; Fax: 02-9117155

General Objective

To make a further contribution to the economic and social development of Patuakhali and Barguna districts.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Improve the local trading and transport environment by the rehabilitation and maintenance of the physical infrastructure of a number of identified trading and transport networks.
- Provide direct employment opportunities for identified target groups and to bring this about by further development of the existing and planned LCS activities.

Activities Performed

On-going Activities

Construction of 165 km of FRB in 7 defined pre-selected road schemes including the following components

- ♦ 117 km of DBST road pavement;
- ♦ 48 km of DBST resurfacing of existing pavement;
- ♦ 111 km of tree planting and care taking up to the completion of phase-II;
- ♦ 7 reinforced concrete bridges having a total length of 400 meters;
- ♦ 1 regular structure;
- ♦ 19 box culvert structures;
- ♦ 13 landing stations at river crossings for passenger ferry operations;
- ♦ 2 inland waterways ferries;
- ♦ Environmental mitigation works;
- ♦ 70 km of excavated core and local waterways 22 landing stations;
- Development and maintenance of rural markets, hinterland roads and small water resources structures.

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: November 19, 2002 Sector: Rural Development and Institutions

	LGED - 15	
Title	Status	
Cyclone Rehabilitation Project: Entire Coastal Area (1st Phase)	Completed	
Location		
16 coastal districts (Chittagong, Cox's Bazar, Feni, Noakhali, Lakshmipur, Chandpur, Barisal, Bhola, Barguna, Patuakhali, Jhalkati, Pirojpur, Khulna, Bagerhat and Satkhira)		
Implementing Agency		

LGRD & C

Executing Organization

LGED

Funding Agency	Funds Allocate d (optional)
OPEC, IDA and GOB	BDT 1680.00million
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date
1994	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Project Director

Cyclone Rehabilitation Project: Entire Coastal Area Rd: 2/C, Hs: 4, Pallabi, Mirpur, Dhaka-1221

Tel: 801 7216

General Objectives

- Establish improved road network, facilitate agriculture production and enhance rural socioeconomic activities through rehabilitation, reconstruction and maintenance of rural infrastructure.
- Provide safe shelter and ensure safety to human being, cattle heads and other resources during natural disaster like cyclone & tidal surge.
- Create direct short-term and long-term employment opportunities for the rural poor through rehabilitation and maintenance of the rural infrastructures.

Specific Objectives

- Restoration of communication network, socio-economic activities and increased agriculture production in project area.
- Provide safe shelter and ensure safety to human being, cattle heads and other resources during natural disasters like cyclone & tidal surge.
- Creation of short-term and long-term employment opportunities for the rural poor through rehabilitation and maintenance of rural infrastructures.

Activities Performed:

•	Re-const/Rehab of FRB	184.27 km
•	Reconst/Rehab of RR	810.57 km
•	Re-const/Rehab of bridge/culvert on FRB	326.73 m
•	Re-const/Rehab of bridge/culvert on RR	2289.80 m
•	Re-const of steel bridge on RR	1816.92 m
•	Jetties/Ghat/Landing ramps	4 nos.
•	Const of stackyard/Functional building	1 no.
•	Rehab/Imp of Growthcenter/Rural market	68 nos.
•	Rep/Maint of TTDC/XEN office & Res building	39 nos.
•	Rep/Re-const of UP office bhaban	100 nos.
•	Rep/Maint of Cyclone Shelter	50 nos.

On-going Activities

This phase (1st Phase) is completed.

Brief Description of findings/results

Development of

- physical infrastructure including roads and growth centers;
- ♦ irrigated agricultural, drainage and minor flood control work; and
- ♦ production and employment program (PEP) for the rural poor.

Positive impacts observed:

- ♦ easier access to the farm and service facilities;
- ♦ easier to get agricultural inputs/outputs;
- ♦ stimulate to local industries/trades;
- increase the income generating activities and employment opportunities in rural area in this project;
- ◊ reduce transport cost.

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: June 2002 Sector: Rural Development and Institutions

LGED - 15

Title	Status
Cyclone Rehabilitation Project: Entire Coastal Area (Phase-II)	Ongoing

Location

16 coastal districts (Chittagong, Cox's Bazar, Feni, Noakhali, Lakshmipur, Chandpur, Barisal, Bhola, Barguna, Patuakhali, Jhalkati, Pirojpur, Khulna, Bagerhat and Satkhira)

Implementing Agency

LGRD & C

Executing Organization

LGED

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
OPEC and GoB	BDT 1800 million
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date
2002	2006

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Project Director,

Cyclone Rehabilitation Project: Entire Coastal Area Road: 2/C, House: 4, Pallabi, Mirpur, Dhaka- 1221

Tel: 8017216

General Objective

- ♦ Construction and rehabilitation of incomplete infrastructure of 1st phase which will contribute to an improved and more spreader rural road communication network to provide facilities for expanded commercial and socio-economic activities;
- ♦ Creation of short-term and long-term employment opportunity for the rural poor through construction and maintenance of rural infrastructure i.e. through development work;
- ♦ Creation of indirect employment opportunities in agricultural and nonagricultural sector through the development work of infrastructure.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Establish improved road network, facilitate agricultural production and enhance rural socioeconomic activities through rehabilitation, reconstruction maintenance of rural infrastructures.
- Provide safe shelter and ensure safety to human beings, cattle heads and other resources during natural disasters like cyclone & tidal surge.
- ♦ Create direct short-term and long-term employment opportunities for the rural poor through rehabilitation and maintenance of the rural infrastructures.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Rehabalitation/improvement of Growth centre/Rural market: 4nos.;
- ♦ Repair/Maintenance of TTDC/XEN office & res. Building: 4 nos.;
- Repair/Reconstruction of office bhaban: 2 nos.

On-going Activities

Targets and major components of the project:

\Diamond	Re-const/Rehab of FRB	136.00 km
\Diamond	Re-const/Rehab of RR	544.00 km
\Diamond	Re-const/Rehab of bridge/culvert on FRB	488.00 m
\Diamond	Re-const/Rehab of bridge/culvert on RR	1170.00 m
\Diamond	Re-const of steel bridge on RR	780.00 m

◊	Jetties/Ghat/Landing ramps	24 nos.	
\Diamond	Const of stackyard/Functional building	1 no.	
\Diamond	Rehab/Imp of Growthcenter/Rural market	40 nos.	
\Diamond	Rep/Maint of TTDC/XEN office & Res building	20 nos.	
\Diamond	Rep/Re-const of UP office bhaban	15 nos.	
Brief Description of findings/results			
Technical Reports Prepared			

Status Date: June 2002 Sector: Rural Development and Institutions

LGED-23

Title	Status
Rural Development Project-24: Greater Faridpur Rural Infrastructure	Ongoing
Development project (Employment Generation and Poverty Alleviation	
Project through Participatory Rural Infrastructure Development)	

Location

27 Upazilas of 5 districts (Faridpur, Madaripur, Rajbari, Gopalganj and Shariatpur) of which 2 are coastal districts Gopalganj and Shariatpur

Implementing Agency

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
GoB, JBIC (Japan Bank for International Cooperation) BDT 4707 million	
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Ms Salma Shahid, Assistant Engineer,

RDP-24, LGED Bhaban, Dhaka

General Objective

Build rural infrastructures i.e., FR-B, rural road, bridge culvert on feeder road and rural road, which will improve rural communication, network. Improve economic condition of the landless and marginal farmers through agricultural production and expand rural trade and improve the overall economic activities of the project area.

Specific Objectives

- facilitate marketing of the agricultural production and ensure fair price of the agricultural product through construction and upgrading physical facilities of growth centers;
- create short and long term employment opportunities for the rural poor through construction and maintenance of the rural infrastructure;
- create employment opportunities for destitute women and improve the environmental condition through tree plantation by the side of the FRBs and important rural roads.

Activities Performed

Project activities are mostly labor intensive. It is expected that income level of the local people will rise due to implementation of the project, as they will get additional employment. Major activities are as follows:

- ♦ Development of physical infrastructure like roads, bridge, culverts, growth centers etc.;
- Provide Union Market management Committee training on the growth center development;
- ♦ Construction of union parishad complex;
- ♦ Training to the female traders on sale, accounting and shop keeping;
- ♦ Training for the contractors and LCSs;

Fund allocation for the LCS members to engage in new income generating activities to sustain their families after graduating from the LCS related activities.

On-going Activities

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

Status date: October 2003 Sector: Rural Development and Institutions

3.1.4 Forest Department (FD)

Technical Reports Prepared

FD-01

	Status		
O Component)	On-going		
akhali, C/A divisions.			
Funds Allocated (optional)			
BDT 2347.10 million			
Completion Date			
June 2004			
thers			
A.B.M. Zawer Hossain, Project Director Extended Forest Resources Management Project (FD Component) Bana Bhaban, Mohakhali, Dhaka. Tel: 9888945			
al environmental developmen	t through forest resources		
To keep continuity of mangrove afforestation in the coastal area and industrial plantations raised under the Forest Resources Management Project and to ensure proper management of the resources created under Forest Resource Management Project.			
s follows:			
-			
1) Participatory forest plantation (Hill forest) - 2) Participatory forest plantation (Mangrove) 100.00 ha.			
3) Mangrove plantation 302.00 ha.			
On-going Activities			
1) Participatory forest plantation 400.00 ha.			
2) Participatory forest plantation (Mangrove) 100.00 ha.			
3) Mangrove plantation 2347.00 ha.			
Brief Description of findings/results			
49.74% of the total work has been achieved within June 2003.			
	Funds Allocated (optional) BDT 2347.10 million Completion Date June 2004 Chers Component) al environmental developmen Component of the resource of the resour		

Status Date: September 2003 Sector: Agriculture

		FD-02
Title		Status
Afforestation in the Cox's Bazar Sea Beach Area (Jhao and Ornamental Plantation) $(2^{nd}$ Revised)		On-going
Location		
The Plantation area lies from Kutubdia para in the not the eastern hills adjacent to the Cox's Bazar town ov		ong the sea beach and in
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Environment & Forests (MoEF)		
Executing Organisation		
Forest Department (FD)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
GoB	BDT 19.4 million	
Start Date	Completion Date	
1997-1998	2003-2004	
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone &	& others	
Abdul Mabud, Project Director Afforestation in the Cox's Bazar Sea Beach Area (Jhao and Ornamental Plantation) (2nd Revised) Divisional Forest Division Cox's Bazar (South) Division, Cox's Bazar Tel: 0341-64446		
General Objective		
To attract the tourists from both home and abroarecreational facilities and earn more foreign currency	_	ach in the world creating
Specific Objectives		
To add color to the natural beauty of th ornamental plantation.	e beach through plantation of Jh	nao, mixed and other
◊ Overall environmental improvement.		
Activities Performed		
The principal activities performed up to June 2003 at 1) Jhao plantation 2) Mixed plantation 3) Coconut plantation 4) Ornamental plantation	325.00 ha. 35.00 ha. 3510 no.	
On-going Activities 1) Jhao plantation 2) Mixed plantation 3) Coconut plantation 4) Ornamental plantation	200.00 ha. 125.00 ha. 390 no. 3 no.	

Brief Description of findings/results

53.53% of the total work has been achieved within June 2003

Constraints

Inadequate ADP allocation in different financial year.

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: September 2003 Sector: Agriculture

FD-03

Title		Status	
Forestry Sector Project (FSP)		On-going	
Location			
52 districts of which 9 are in coastal			
Implementing Agency			
Ministry of Environment & Forests (MoEF)			
Executing Organization			
Forest Department (FD)			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
Asian Development Bank (ADB)	BDT 3889.16 million		
Start Date	Completion Date		
January 1997	June 2004		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone &	others		
Md. Abdul Mutaleb Conservator of Forests Coastal Circle, Ban Bhaban, Mohakhali, Dhaka Tel: 8826964 (Off)	Anwar Faruque Project Director Coastal Greenbelt Project Ban Bhaban, Mohakhali, Dl Tel: 988 68 87 (Off)	haka	
General Objective			
♦ To increase overall tree resource base of	f the country		
♦ To arrest depletion of forest resources			
♦ To enhance conservation of forests in se of forest resources through local commu	*	in sustainable management	
Specific Objectives			
♦ To introduce social forestry practice in f	Forest conservation.		
Activities Performed			
1. Woodlot Plantation	33.12 ha.		
2. Agro-forestry	75 ha.		
3. Distribution of seedlings for institution plantation	.02 lakh		
4. Strip plantation	231 km.		
5. Char plantation -			
6. Barendragully -			
7. Reconstruction of ponds and dighi and plantation -			
8. Seedlings rising through FENTC and Thana nursery development. 169.564 lakh			
9. Sal coppice management -			
10. Conservation area management -			
11. Sal forest survey and map preparation 7950 ha.			
12. Social analysis and survey 5143 nos. I		ousehold	
13. Vehicles purchased	326 nos.		

On-going Activities	
1. Woodlot Plantation	2368.19 ha.
2. Agro-forestry	1358.37 ha.
3. Distribution of seedlings for institution plantation	12.217 lakh
4. Strip plantation	1825.8 km.
5. Char plantation	29.95 ha.
6. Barendragully	12.87 km.
7. Reconstruction of ponds and dighi and plantaion	12.42 ha.
8. Seedlings raising through FENTC and Thana nursery development.	48.00 lakh
9. Sal coppice management	1450.00 ha.
10. Conservation area management	6086.00 ha.
11. Sal forest survey and map preparation	Partial
12. Social analysis and survey	1000 nos. household
13. Vehicles purchase	48 nos.
Brief Description of findings/results	
6.33% of the total work has been achieved within June 2000.	
Technical Reports Prepared	

Status Date: April 2001 Sector: Agriculture

FD-04

Title		Status	
Development of Bamboo, Cane and Murta plantation		On-going	
Location			
Partly in Coastal Zone.			
Implementing Agency			
Ministry of Environment & Forests (MoEF)			
Executing Organisation			
Forest Department (FD)			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
GoB	BDT 295.29 million		
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected))	
1998-1999	2005-2006		
Contact Person with detail address:			
Md. Zahurul Islam Project Director Development of Bamboo, Cane and Murta plantation Ban Bhaban, Mohakhali, Dhaka			
General Objectives:			
♦ To ensure industrial raw materials suppl	y of pulp and paper, small and	cottage industries.	
To meet up the rural development of commaterials.	nstruction, thatching, furniture	and other household	
♦ To enhance multiple use of land and inc	reasing soil productivity		
Specific Objectives			
 ♦ To raise plantation through participatory approach. 			
♦ To distribute the seedlings among the farmers.			
♦ To make documentary films and publishing poster, leaflets etc. for motivation.		tivation.	
♦ To provide training to the people on raising Bamboo, Cane & Murta seedlings			
On-going Activities			
1. Plantation, establishment and maintenance:			
Bamboo 204.00 ha.			
Cane 380.00 ha. Murta 93.00 ha.			
2. Seedling, raising of Bamboo and Cane for Selling and Distribution. 5.96 lakh			
Activities Performed			
The principal activities performed up to June 2003 are as follows:			
1. Woodlot Plantation	1. Woodlot Plantation 7604.60 ha.		
2. Agro-forestry 2510.35 ha.			
3. Distribution of seedlings for institution plantation 23.72 lakh			
4. Strip plantation 9786.60 km.		n.	
5. Char plantation 150.00 ha.			
6. Barendragully 102.00 km.			
7. Reconstruction of ponds and dighi and plantation	7. Reconstruction of ponds and dighi and plantation 19 Nos.		
8. Seedlings raising through FENTC and Thana nursery development for selling and distribution 313.30 lakh		1	
9. Sal coppice management	2500.00 ha		

10. Conservation area management	1277.50 ha.
11. Natural hill forest plantation	370.00 ha.
Brief Description of findings/results	
49% of the total work has been achieved within June 2003	
Constraints	
Inadequate ADP allocation compared to the approved PP target.	
Technical Reports Prepared	

Status Date: September 2003 Sector: Agriculture

FD-05

Title	Status
Biodiversity Conservation in the Sundarban Reserve Forest	On-going

Location

The Sundarban Reserve Forest (SRF) comprises 6017 km². The project area also includes an Impact Zone comprising 17 upazilas extending about 20km north and east of the SRF and 20km Marine Zone extending into the Bay of Bengal

Implementing Agency

Forest Department (FD), Ministry of Environment & Forests (MoEF)

Executing Organization

Arcadis Euroconsult, Netherlands; Winrock International, USA; Kranti Associates Ltd, Bangladesh; NACOM, Bangladesh.

	Funds Allocated (optional) US\$ 77.5 million
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date
April 2000	June 2006

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. AZM Shamsul Huda, Project Director Mr. Stephen Devenish, Team Leader

SBCP, Forest Dept., College Road, Boyra, Khulna; SBCP Consultancy Office

Tel: 041-761 865 Hs: 64, Rd: 4, Sonadanga, Khulna Tel: 041-761 864: Fax: 041-722 175

Mr. Md. Abdul Mutaleb Conservator of Forests Coastal Circle, Bana Bhaban,

Mohakhali, Dhaka. Tel: 882 69 64 (Off.)

General Objective

The overall objective is to develop a sustainable management and biodiversity conservation system for all resources of the Sundarbans Reserve Forest (SRF)

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To promote & implement a system of bio-diversity conservation & sustainable forest management system.
- ♦ To improve the institutional capacity to manage the SRF itself.
- To reduce the poverty level of about 3.5 million people living in the impact zone by expanding economic opportunities, improving social infrastructure, improving organization for resource users and facilitating stakeholder participation in resource management.
- ♦ To undertake activities adhering to increase awareness of the environment and eco tourism and building necessary infrastructure.
- \Diamond $\;\;$ To provide technical consultancies, feasibility studies, monitoring, other services etc.
- \Diamond $\;$ To establish mangrove arboretum the pioneer one regarding mangroves in Bangladesh.
- ♦ To develop a strong forestry database through MIS for the country as well as for the international users.
- ♦ To develop a sound wild life management system for the Sundarbans.
- ♦ To improve planning, monitoring and applied research capabilities.
- \Diamond To reduce the extent of pollution by effluents from KNM.
- To provide training to a large number of professionals and user groups.

Activities Performed

I. Enrichment Plantation Nursery for 100 ha. Plantation.

2. Gol pata plantation 60 ha.

3. Homestead plantation 2 lakh seedlings

On-going Activities

1. Enrichment Plantation: 100 ha.

2. Golpata plantation: 80 ha.

3. Homestead plantation: 2 lakh seedlings

4. Assisted natural regeneration: 79 ha.

5. Roadside and embankment plantation: 50 km.

6. Review of studies & literature

7. Reconnaissance of Impact Zone- Upazila Profiles

8. Community development & social forestry in impact zone

Training

Brief Description of findings/results

0.98% of the total work has been achieved within June 2000.

Technical Reports Prepared

- ♦ Inception Report, November 2000
- ♦ Fisheries of the Sundarbans (Draft) Interim Technical Report, vol 1 & 2, 26th July 00, Gary Bernacsek
- Upazilla profiles and community development action plan for Satkhira district, 29th July 2000, Andrew Jenkins
- ♦ Report on species database user manual, May 2001, Mr. Walther Warner
- ♦ Update on TSI interventions in 2000, 2001 and 2002, May 2001, Wandert Benthem
- ♦ Consolidated fisheries TOR, 3rd April 2000, Garry Bernacsek
- ♦ Work plan for apiculture, 5th May 2000, Michael Burgett
- Fisheries survey of North central Sundarbans, 27th June 2000, Garry Bernacsek
- ♦ Work plan for community development specialist, 29th July 2000, S. Shaha

Status date: April 2001 Sector: Agriculture

7) Long rotation plantation

2) Long rotation plantation3) Fodder plantation

1) Collection of seedlings & planting (Indigenous & Exotic)

8) Block plantation

9) Hedge plantation

On-going Activities

FD-06

Title	itle		Status
Establishment of Botanical Garden & Eco-park at Shitakunda, Chittagong.		On-going	
Location			
Bariadhala	Range of Chittagong Forest Division, Shita	kunda P.S.	
Implement	ing Agency		
Ministry of	Environment & Forests (MoEF)		
Executing	Organisation		
Forest Depa	artment (FD)		
Funding A	gency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
GoB		BDT 35.8 million	
Start Date		Completion Date	
1999-2000		2003-2004	
Contact Pe	erson with detailed address, telephone & o	others	
Project Dire	ent of Botanical Garden & Eco-park at Shita	akunda, Chittagong.	
General Ol	ojective		
To produce managemen	, preserve and develop the Genetic pool of	f various indigenous & exotic	species through intensive
Specific Ol	ojectives		
\Diamond	To Conserve & develop of valuable & rar	e species through their collect	ion & raising plantation.
 ♦ To undertake bio-diversity conservation & development of related activities like plantation, improvement of wildlife habitat & conservation of endangered wildlife. 			
\Diamond	•		
\Diamond	·		e Institute of Forestry,
\Diamond			medicinal plants
Activities l	Performed		
The princip	al activities performed up to June 2003 are	as follows:	
1) Collection of seedlings (Indigenous & Exotic) 10000 nos.			
2) Establishment of central nursery 1 no.			
3) Bamboo and Cane plantation 4.40 ha.		a.	
4) Medicinal plantation 992 nos.		os.	
5) Raising plantation of rare species 25 ha.			
6) Fodder plantation 15 ha.			

37.50 ha.

95.00 ha.

2 km.

5.00 ha. 12.50 ha.

5.00 ha.

Brief Description of findings/results

92.20% of the total work has been achieved within June 2003.

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: September 2003 Sector: Agriculture

		FD-10
Title		Status
Afforestation in the Denuded Hill Areas of Ramgarh–Shitakunda		On-going
Location		
4 ranges i.e. Mireswari, Baraidhala, Hathajari	and Kumira under Chittagor	ng Forest Division.
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Environment & Forests (MoEF)		_
Executing Organisation		
Forest Department (FD)	1	
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (d	optional)
GoB	BDT 156 million	_
Start Date	Completion Date	
2000-2001	2004-2005	
Contact Person with detailed address, telep	ohone & others	
Md. Motaleb Hossain		
Project Director	CL:4-1 1- (1-4 DL	>
Afforestation in the Denuded Hill Areas of Ra and Conservator of Forests, Chittagong Circle	•	ase)
Tel: 031-611591	o, emitagong.	
General Objective		
Trees coverage in the denuded hill areas throu	igh afforestation	
Specific Objectives		
♦ To supply of raw materials for w	vood based industries	
♦ To improve of socio-economic conditions of the local people through participatory afforestation		e through participatory afforestation
♦ To improve overall environment condition		
Activities Performed		
The principal activities performed up to June	2003 are as follows:	
1) Fuel wood plantation	2'	78.00 ha.
2) Short rotation plantation 615.00 ha.		15.00 ha.
3) Long rotation plantation 129.86 ha.		29.86 ha.
On-going Activities		
1) Fuel wood plantation	10	00.00 ha.
2) Short rotation plantation 400.00 ha.		
3) Long rotation plantation 240.00 ha.		
4) Plantation establishment 600.00 ha.		
Brief Description of findings/results		
11.96% of the total work has been achieved w	vithin June 2003.	
Constraints		

Status Date: September 2003 Sector: Agriculture

3.1.5 Department of Environment (DoE)

DoE-02

		Status
	Title	
Conservation of Biodiversity, Marine Park Est Development Project at Saint Martin's Island.	Approved	
Location		
Saint Martin's Island of Cox's Bazar district		
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Environment and Forest		
Executing Organisation		
LGED		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
GoB		
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)	
2000-2001	2004-2005	
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & o	others	
Officer In charge,		
4/5 Iqbal Road, Mohammadpur, Dhaka 1207, Banglado	esh	
Tel: 88-02-9135253-4; Fax: 88-02-9111636,		
Email: smp@sdnbd.org		
General Objective		
Specific Objectives		
♦ Conservation of the coral bearing island;		
♦ Enhancement of coral resources;		
♦ Conservation of marine turtle breeding ground;		
♦ Conservation of flora and fauna of the island;		
◊ Develop viable eco-tourism in the island;		
♦ Establishment of Marine park;		
♦ Improve the socio-economic status of the people;		
♦ Establishment of a marine laboratory;		
δ Establishment of necessary institutional s	♦ Establishment of necessary institutional set-up;	

- Conservation of Bio-diversity; \Diamond
- Establishment of Marine Park;
- \Diamond Development of eco-tourism;
- Construction of functional building;
- \Diamond Construction of residential building;
- \Diamond Construction of Motel;
- \Diamond Construction of Road;
- Establishment of jetty;
- Establishment of research laboratory;
- Establishment of hatchery for turtle breeding.

Activities Performed

On-going Activities

 \Diamond

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

Source: BGD/99/G31

DoE- 05

DOE 05		
Title		Status
Coastal and Wetland Biodiversity Management at C Haor Project	ox's Bazar and Hakaluki	On-Going
Location		
Cox's Bazar (Teknaf Peninsula, St. Marin's Island and Sonadia Island) and Moulavi Bazaar (in Hakaluki Haor) districts.		
Implementing Agency		
DoE, under the Ministry of Environment and Forests (M	MoEF)	
Executing Organization		
DoE		
Funding Agency Funds Allocated (optional)		
UNDP	JNDP 5.52 million US\$	
cart Date Completion Date (Expected)		
June 2007		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others		

General Objective

The overall objective of the project is to establish an innovative system for management of Ecologically Critical Areas (ECAs) in Bangladesh that will have a significant and positive impact on the long-term viability of the country's important biodiversity resources.

Specific Objectives

- To ensure the conservation and sustainable use of globally significant wetland biodiversity at the Cox's Bazar sites through their management as ECAs.
- ♦ To ensure the conservation of globally and sustainable use of significant wetland biodiversity at the Hakaluki Haor site through its management as an ECA.
- ♦ To support efforts by the DoE to institutionalize the concept of ECA management using the experience gained through the above demonstration sites.

Activities Performed

Not known

On-going Activities

Not known

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Forestry

3.1.6 Department of Fisheries (DoF)

DoF - 01

Title		Status	
Fisheries Extension Project in Patuakhali & Bargu	ına Districts	On-going	
Location			
All Upazila of Patuakhali and Barguna district			
Implementing Agency	Implementing Agency		
Department of Fisheries (DoF)			
Executing Organization			
DoF and DANIDA TA Team			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
DANIDA and GoB	BDT 318.05 (PA-308.69)		
Start Date	Date (Expected) Completion Date		
1994 2004			
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others			

Mr. Wahidunnabi Choudhury

Project Director

Patuakhali Barguna Aquaculture Extension Project

College Road, Patuakhali Tel: 0441-62169/62098

General Objective

To achieve a strengthened socio-economic position and physical well being of the target group of poor men and women belonging to landless and marginal households, thus enabling them to improve their participation in social and economic development.

The intermediate objective is to achieve enhanced opportunities for productive employment of target group members through increased aquaculture production in the project area.

Specific Objectives

The project has two components - aquaculture and fisheries.

Aquaculture component

- ♦ Increased production in closed water bodies (ponds and *jalmohals*) through application of improved aquaculture techniques
- ♦ Improved capacity for aquaculture promotion and extension at the upazila level and also training of secondary target group i.e. fingerling operators, fry traders, primary teachers etc.
- Improved possibilities for pond operators to obtain production loans from authorized credit institutions in the area.

Fisheries component

- ♦ Community fisheries management model developed and tested in the area cage culture.
- Aiming at a sustainable exploitation of the resources.

Activities Performed

As planned

On-going Activities

As planned

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: June 2002 Sector: Agriculture

DoF - 02

		D01 - 02	
Title		tatus	
Greater Noakhali Aquaculture Exten	nsion Project O	n-going	
Location			
All 14 Upazila of Noakhali, Lakshmipur and Feni districts			
Implementing Agency			
Department of Fisheries (DoF)			
Executing Organization	Executing Organization		
DoF and DANIDA TA Team & CODEC			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
DANIDA and GoB	BDT 358.12million (PA -341.13))	
Start date	(Expected) Completion Date		
1994	2004		
~			

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Project Director GNAEP

House 16, Road 36, Maijdee Housing Estate, Noakhali 3800

Phone 0321-5473

General Objective

- Strengthen socio-economic position and physical well being of the target group of poor men and women belonging to landless and marginal households and enable them to improve their participation in social and economic development.
- ♦ Enhance opportunities for productive employment of target group
- Increase fish production in closed water bodies through application of improved aquaculture techniques
- \(\) Improve capacity for aquaculture promotion and extension

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Increase fish production in the closed water bodies through application of semiintensive/integrated fish culture techniques to reach an average production of not less than 3300 kg/ha/year comprising 3000 kg finfish and 300 kg/ha/yr prawns;
- ♦ Initial target of 25000 ponds has been set with 3300 demonstration ponds, 3900 credit farmers and 17800 contact farmers out of which 30% or 7500 will be woman;
- Develop a supportive chain of carp and prawn hatcheries as well as affording support to nursery operators, fry and fingerling traders, fishermen and fish market operators;
- ♦ Technical capacity building for the DoF and NGO staff. A total of 300 local people will be trained as extension trainers;
- ♦ NGO will operate and provide credit and technical support to the rural poor for aquaculture development;
- ♦ The fresh water prawn hatchery established by the project will supply post-larval animals to the farms of the project area. Back-yard prawn hatcheries and nursery facilities will be promoted.

Activities Performed

On-going Activities

Brief Description of findings/results

About 40,000 persons are expected to get part-time employment and 7000 full time employment opportunity in fry transportation and fish marketing.

Technical Reports Prepared

- ♦ Guideline for Micro-credit (March 1999)
- ♦ Pond Aquaculture Extension Strategy (May 1999)
- ♦ Operation Manual for Shrimp Aquaculture (May 1999)
- ♦ Technical guideline for Extension Trainer on Carp Poly culture will Freshwater Golda in Pond (August 1999)
- ♦ Report on Hatchery Survey in GNAEP working Area (Sept 1999)
- ♦ Report on Baseline Survey of Pond and Pond Operators of Ramgati Thana of Lakshmipur District (January 2000)

		DoF-04
Title		Status
Extention of Culture Technology of Marine Shrimp	(Bagda).	On Going
Location		
Khulna, Bagerhat, Satkhira & Cox's Bazar.		
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Fisheries & Livestock.		
Executing Organisation		
Department of Fisheries.		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
GoB		
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected))
1997	2004	
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone &	others	
General Objective		
To increase shrimp fry production through establishm supply to the farmers.	nent of shrimp hatchery in pri	vate sector and ensure its
Specific Objectives		
T- 4:	1:4-:	

To discourage collection of shrimp fry from natural sources and its import from the foreign countries.

To strengthen the training and extension activities for increasing the efficiency of the hatchery entrepreneurs and farmers.

To improve the culture and management through introducing modern technology.

To give technical assistance to the private entrepreneurs for establishing hatchery/nursery in the private sector.

To detect diseases and other problems of hatchery and shrimp farms at field level and help them to solve those problems through using Mobile Testing Van and by creating other service facilities.

Activities Performed

Achievement up to June'2003

Training -Shrimp culture, Fry production, Seminar, Workshop rally etc.

Demonstration.

Construction of Shrimp nursery.

On-going Activities

Technical Reports Prepared

DoF - 05

			DoF - 05
Title			Status
Fourth Fish	neries Project (FFP)		On-going
Location			
All over Ba	ngladesh		
Implementi	ing Agency		
	of Fisheries (DOF), Bangladesh Water Developi g Department (LGED)	nent Board (BWDB), Lo	cal Government
Executing (Organization		
Department	of Fisheries (DoF)		_
Funding A	gency	Funds Allocated (opti-	onal)
	(WB); Global Environmental Facility (GEF); for International Development (DFID)	BDT 3000.35 million	
Start Date		Completion Date	
August 1999	9	December 2004	
Contact Pe	rson with detailed address, telephone & others		
Mr. David I			
Team Leade Dhaka	n Leader, TA Team Project Co-coordinating Director, Fourth Fisheries Project, Matshaya Bhaban, Dhaka		
General Ob		eries Project, Matshaya r	ыаран, Dнака
	•		1
improvement of inland open-water fisheries management through the development of sustainable, community-based institutions;			
◊	establishment of sustainable and equitable institutional arrangements for managing shrimp polders and works to facilitate the development of environmentally friendly smallholder shrimp production;		
\Diamond	improvement of sustainability of shrimp fry collection;		
\Diamond	♦ development and application of an appropriate extension strategy for freshwater aquaculture;		
\Diamond	studies of key issues in aquatic resource development and management; and		
◊	strengthening the capacity of DOF to manage and support the fisheries sector, plan for its development and long-term sustainability and implement national fisheries policy.		
Specific Ob	jectives		
Activities P	Performed		
On-going A	ctivities		

Status Date: January 2001 Sector: Agriculture

Brief Description of findings/results

DoF-07

Title		Status	
Poverty Alleviation through Integrated Fishery Cultivation Program (Phase-II)		On-going	
Location			
All over Bangladesh			
Implementing Agency			
Department of Fisheries (DoF)			
Executing Organization			
Department of Fisheries			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
GoB	BDT 293.21 million		
Start date	(Expected) Completion Date	<u>,</u>	
1999	2004		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others			

Mr. Mahbubur Rahman

Project Director

Matshya Bhaban, Dhaka 1000

Tel: 9569295

General Objective

Development of water bodies suitable for aquaculture; Training the target groups and generation of employment.

Specific Objectives

- Develop water bodies suitable for aquaculture through involving rural poor, distressed women, fish farmer, fishermen and unemployed youth;
- Crate employment opportunity by income generating activates like interacted aquaculture and poultry farming, plantation etc.;
- Develop derelict ponds, silted rivers, canals, hoars, boars, barrow pits, road side dithers etc.;
- Participatory involvement of target group;
- Improvement of environmental conditions through sustainable aquaculture activities.

Activities Performed

On-going Activities

- Improvement of water bodies
- \Diamond Purchase of fingerlings and supplementary fish food
- Grass cultivation
- \Diamond Cultivation of faults and vegetables
- Training

Brief Description of findings/results

Results to be evaluated

Technical Reports Prepared

DoF - 10

Title		Status
Empowerment of Coastal Fishing Communities for Livelihood Security Project		
Location		- 6- 6
Kutubdia, Chokoria & GEF sites in Cox's Bazar		
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Fisheries & Livestock		
Executing Organization		
Department of Fisheries, FAO of the UN		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
UNDP/GEF/GoB	BDT 316.47 million	
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date	
2000	2004	
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & o	others	
Mr. Mosleh Uddin National Project Director Empowerment of Coastal Fishing Communities for Livelihood Security Department of Fisheries, Cox's Bazar	Dr. Dilip Kumar Team Leader Empowerment of Coastal Fis Livelihood Security Jalpuri, Kolatali Road, Cox's	
General Objective		
To establish environmentally sound sustainable coastal fisheries development programme through the empowerment and full participation of coastal population both in planning and implementation, and consequently to improve socio-economic condition and food security of people in coastal fishing communities.		
Specific Objectives		
Activities Performed		
On-going Acti vities		
Brief Description of findings/results		
Technical Reports Prepared		

3.1.7 Department of Agriculture Extension (DAE)

DAE-01

		2.12.01
Title		Status
Gopalgonj, Madaripur, Shariatpur and Pirojpur Integrated Area Development Project (IADP)		Approved
Location		
Gopalgonj, Madaripur, Shariatpur and Pirojpur.		
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Agriculture		
Executing Organisation		
Department of Agriculture Extension (DAE)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
IDB 1	BDT 754.1million PA (4645)	
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)	
2000	2005	
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & ot	hers	
Mr. Kazi Mozammel Haque, Deputy Director, Water Management & Agri Engineering Wing, Khamart Phone: 9124778	oari, Dhaka.	
Objectives of the Project		
The ultimate goal of the project is to improve the livelihous	ood of small marginal and lan	dless farm families.
Specific Objectives		
To enable landless and marginal families to increase processing and other income.	their income and improve the	neir nutrition through agro-
On-going Activities Solution Generating activities and homestead garder To enable small farmers to intensify and dienterprises. To create employment opportunities.	•	ll as pursue other rural
Brief Description of findings/results		
Technical Reports Prepared		

DAE-02

Title		Status	
Barisal, Patuakhali, Jhalokati and Barguna Small	Holders Support Project	Approved.	
Location			
Barisal, Patuakhali, Jhalokati and Barguna			
Implementing Agency			
Ministry of Agriculture			
Executing Organisation			
Department of Agricultural Extension (DAE)			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
IDB	BDT 754.6 million (489.2)		
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)		
1999	2005		
Contact Parson with detailed address talenhous & others			

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Kazi Mozammel Haque, Deputy Director,

Water Management & Agri Engineering Wing, Khamar Bari, Dhaka.

Tel: 9124778

General objective

The ultimate goal of the project is to improve the livelihood of smallholder farm families.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To increase the income and improvement of nutrition of small, marginal & landless farm families through income generating activities (Like-poultry and fish enterprises, agro-processing) and homestead gardening.
- ♦ To help the intensification and crop diversification of small farm families including establishment of other rural enterprises.
- ♦ To create employment opportunities.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Road site Plantation
- ♦ Demonstration/Training,
- ♦ Survey
- ♦ Adaptive Research
- **♦** Terminal Evaluation.

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

			DAE – 04
Title		Status	
Agricultura	al Services Innovation and Reform Project	ct	On-going
Location			
468 upazila	of 64 districts		
Implement	ting Agency		
Directorate	of Agriculture Extension		
Executing	Organization		
Directorate	of Agriculture Extension		
Funding A	gency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
IDA, DFID,	, FAO and GOB		
Start Date		(Expected) Completion Date	•
July, 1999		June 2004	
Contact Pe	erson with detailed address, telephone & o	others	
General Ob			
Specific Ob	ojectives		
\Diamond	Retain the acquired success of Agricultura		
♦	Strengthening collaboration among the Department of Agricultural Extension (DAE) Government Organizations and other organizations related with agricultural sector though appropriate implementation of New Agriculture Extension Policy.		
◊	Increase of agriculture production through on-farm water management, increment of soil fertility, crop yield forecasting and increment of cropping intensity by crop diversity.		
\Q	Give advisory services to the peasants after examining the locally praised agricultur technologies.		
Activities F	Performed		
On-going A	activities		
\Diamond	The project has the following components	S	
♦	Give continuous support to the change and Extension	d development of the Departme	ent of Agriculture
\Diamond	Partnership Initiative Program		
\Diamond	Upazila Partnership Initiatives Fund (UPIF)		
\Diamond	District Partnership Initiatives Fund (DPI	F)	
\Diamond	National Partnership Initiatives Fund		
\Diamond	Integrated Extension Service		
\Diamond	Special Program for Food Security		
\Diamond	On-farm Water Management		

Brief Description of findings/results

♦ Crop Yield Forecasting & Agro-Meteorology♦ Soil Testing and Soil Fertility Management

Technical Reports Prepared

3.1.8 Department of Livestock (DoL)

DoL -03

Title		Status	
Smallholder livestock development project in five southern districts.		On Going	
Location			
Patuakhali, Noakhlai, Lakshmipur, Feni, Barguna			
Implementing Agency			
Ministry of Fisheries & Livestock.			
Executing Organisation			
Department of Livestock.			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
GoB & DANIDA BDT 537.5 million (PA 466)			
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected))	
2000	2005		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Md. Khaza Nazim Uddin

Livestock Economist

Department of Livestock, Dhaka.

Phone: 9118312

General Objective

To increase production, extension and development of poultry at village level.

Specific Objectives

Activities Performed

Small holder Livestock Development project on 80 Upazilas (SLDP-1) has been under taken in collaboration with IFAD and DANIDA in the selected 80 upazila in 16 districts to supply technology with all kinds of adoptions through training and credit facilities for helping poor marginal farmers, land less people and vulnerable women on its cattle & poultry rearing model. During the implementation period of the project was monitored and evaluated by EFAD and DANIDA. On the basis of evaluation, IFAD and DANIDA recommended for extension this programme to other areas of the country.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Training
- ♦ Micro Credit

Technical Reports Prepared

3.1.9 Department of Public Health Engineering (DPHE)

DPHE - 03

Title	Status
Water Supply, Sanitation, Drainage and Waste Disposal Project in Municipality, Thana and Growth Centre (Noakhali, Feni, Lakshmipur, Patuakhali and Barguna districts)	On-going

Location

Barisal, Pirojpur, Jhalokati, Patuakhali, Barguna, Lakshmipur, Noakhali, Feni, Khagrachari, Rangmati and Bandarban

Implementing Agency

DPHE

Executing Organization

DANIDA

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
DANIDA	BDT 2529.70million (PA-2106.80)
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date
1996	2007

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Central Co-ordination Unit Dhaka

DPHE-DANIDA Water Supply and Sanitation Components 14 Shahid Captain Mansur Ali Sharoni, DPHE Bhaban

Kakrail, Dhaka-1000

Tel.: 880-2-9346167-70; Fax: 880-2-9344791

E-mail- watsap@dhaka.agni.com

General Objective

The project activities are divided into five components

- ♦ Urban Water and Sanitation Component
- ♦ Rural Water and Sanitation Component
- ♦ Chittagong Hill Tracts Pilot Project
- ♦ Chittagong Hill Tracts Component
- ♦ Arsenic Mitigation Pilot Project

The development objective of the components are to improve health condition in the target communities by providing safe drinking water and environmental sanitation services, with particular emphasis on the sustainability of the systems.

Specific Objectives

Urban Water and Sanitation Component

- ♦ Ensure the availability of functioning water supply and sanitation systems
- ♦ Educate the beneficiaries on system use and hygiene
- Facilitate financial, technical and administrative sustainability among the involved local authorities.

Rural Water and Sanitation Component

- ♦ Improve the behavioral pattern of men, women and children with respect to the use of safe water and sanitary facilities.
- ♦ Increase hygiene awareness
- ♦ Increase coverage with fully accessible and functional water supply facilities
- Increase the operation and maintenance capability of the population receiving caretaker training

Strengthen the capacity of DPHE/Local government/ NGOs' in accordance with their comparative advantages to provide sustainable water supply, sanitation facilities and hygene promotion to rural populations.

Chittagong Hill Tracts Pilot Project and Component

- Identify, test and disseminate appropriate institutional and technical options for the provision of water supply and sanitation facilities in CHT.
- ♦ Provide improved, appropriate and sustainable water supply and sanitation facilities to the rural population in CHT
 - Improve the capacity of local stakeholders to promote better hygiene practices

Arsenic Mitigation Pilot Project

- ♦ Formulate and define a future DANIDA strategy for arsenic and an arsenic component in DANIDA's Sector Program Support Water Supply and Sanitation
- ♦ Identify areas of co-operation and define responsibilities of DANIDA and the World Bank in DANIDA areas respectively.
- ♦ Identify and test technical solutions for arsenic mitigation.

Activities Performed

Urban Water and Sanitation Component

- ♦ Improved and piped water supply in 9 selected pouroshavas
- ♦ 3400 deep hand tube-wells installed
- ♦ Up to 3400 Arsenic Removal Units installed
- ♦ 142 km drains rehabilitated and constructed.
- \Diamond Household sanitation improved through the provision of 5580 household latrines
- ♦ Environmental sanitation improved through the 42 new and 99 rehabilitated public toilets
- ♦ Environmental hygiene improved through the introduction of new or improved solid waste collection systems, including dustbins, pushcarts and trailers/trucks
- ♦ Staff trained to administer, operate and maintain the new facilities and systems
- ♦ Raised awareness of hygiene among the target groups
- ♦ Improved capacity of local concerned authorities and involved organizations.

Rural Water and Sanitation Component

- ♦ Contract signed between the national NGO and the component
- ♦ NGO offices established at all level
- ♦ Operation procedure and guidelines prepared
- ♦ Monitoring and evaluation system established
- ♦ Local stakeholders trained
- ♦ 12570 water points established
- ♦ Rain water harvesting schemes implemented
- Existing non-functioning Pond Sand Filters (PSFs) and Iron Removal Plants (IRPs) rehabilitated
- ♦ Post-construction mobilization and caretaker training carried out
- ♦ Families encouraged to apply consistent hygiene behavior with respect to the use of safe water and sanitation

Chittagong Hill Tracts Pilot Project and Component

- ♦ Local government authorities and stakeholders trained
- ♦ 15 spring protection schemes demonstrated and 170 implemented
- ♦ 6 gravity piped schemes demonstrated and 72 implemented
- ♦ 15 new ring wells demonstrated and 240 implemented

- ♦ 15 rehabilitated ring wells demonstrated and 300 implemented
- ♦ 30 infiltration galleries demonstrated and 170 implemented
- ♦ 30 rain water harvesting schemes demonstrated and 180 implemented
- ♦ 15 hand pump schemes demonstrated and 240 implemented
- ♦ Arsenic Mitigation Pilot Project
- ♦ Training materials developed and tested
- ♦ Involved local authorities, private sector and field workers trained
- ♦ Monitoring system established
- ♦ GIS established
- ♦ BTU Technology made available in the local community
- ♦ 4500 BTU's installed and used at household level
- ♦ 8 different technologies tested & compared
- ♦ 30 F&D community level removal technology installed
- ♦ 30 underground propitiation & absorption systems
- ♦ 4500 families informed & educated
- ♦ Caretakers for community-based technology trained.

On-going Activities

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Physical Planning, Water Supply and Housing

		DPHE-07
Title		Status
Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Project in Coas	tal Area (GoB-DANIDA)	On Going.
Location		
Noakhali, Feni, Lakshmipur, Barisal, Jhalokati, Pirojpu	r, Patuakhali & Barguna	
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Local Government Rural Development & O	Cooperatives (LGRD & C)	
Executing Organisation		
Department of Public Health & Engineering (DPHE)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
GoB, DANIDA	BDT 821.692 million (GoB), (DANIDA)	BDT 444.208 million
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected))
1999	2005	
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & o	others	
Md. Abdul Bari		
Additional Chief engineer, DPHE Bhaban,		
Kakrail, Dhaka		
General Objective		
Improve behavioral pattern of men, women and child facilities	dren, with respect to the use of	of safe water & sanitary

Specific Objectives

- Increase hygienic awareness, targeting women, men and children
- Increase coverage with fully accessible and functional water supply facilities to women, men and
- \Diamond Increase operation and maintenance capability of the population-receiving caretaker training.
- Strengthen capacity of DPHE/Local Government/NGOs as per their comparative advantages to sustainable water supply, sanitation facilities and hygiene promotion to rural population.
- Improve health condition of the population residing within the project area by providing safe water supply and sanitation facilities.

Activities Performed

On-going Activities

- Land Development
- \Diamond Deep Tube wells
- \Diamond Installation of SST/VSST
- \Diamond **PSF**
- IRP (With hand tube well) \Diamond
- \Diamond **School Sanitation**
- Construction of store.

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Physical Planning, Water Supply and Housing

DPHE-08

			DPHE-08
Title St		Status	
GoB-DAN	GoB-DANIDA Arsenic Mitigation Project		On Going.
Location			
Noakhali, L	akshmipur, Barisal, Pirojpur.		
Impleme nt	ing Agency		
Ministry of	Local Government Rural Development & O	Cooperatives (LGRD & C)	
Executing	Organisation		
Department	of Public Health & Engineering (DPHE).		
Funding A	gency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
GoB, DAN	IDA		
Start Date		Completion Date (Expected)
2001		2004	
Contact I e	erson with detailed address, telephone &	others	
General Ol	bjective		
	the competence of DPHE, Local Governments well as involving them in such activities.	nent Institutions and beneficial	ries in arsenic mitigation
Specific Ol	bjectives		
◊	♦ To ensure involvement and encourage the beneficiaries in maintenance and construction works as well as sustainable arsenic free water supply system.		
\Diamond	To build up local skilled manpower at gra	ass root level.	
\Diamond	To increase public awareness and to redu	ce arsenic related diseases.	
\Diamond	·		
\Diamond	To take necessary steps for providing me	dical facilities to the arsenicosi	s patients.
Activities I	Performed		
On-going A	Activities		
	ription of findings/results		
Technical 1	Reports Prepared		

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Physical Planning, Water Supply and Housing

3.1.10 Bangladesh Rural Development Board (BRDB)

BRDB-02

Title	Status
Rural Livelihood Project (RLP)	On-going

Geographical Coverage

152 upazilas in greater Rajshahi, Kushtia, Jessore and Pabna districts (of which Barisal, Bhola, Jhalkati, Cox's Bazar, Gopalganj, Jessore, Chittagong, Chandpur and Narail among the coastal districts)

Implementing Agency

BRDB

Fund Source	Funds Allocated
GoB and ADB	BDT 3,450 million
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date
July 1998	June 2004

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Shfiul Azam

Project Director, Rural Livelihood Project

BRDB, 5th Floor, Palli Bhaban, 5 Karwan Bazar, Dhaka

General Objective

Social empowerment and enhancement of self-awareness and confidence of the rural poor especially of the women.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Increase professional skill through training on different income generating activities (IGAs);
- ♦ Provide micro-credit to the rural poor especially to the women to take over the income generating activities (IGAs);
- ♦ Support to establish an experimental 'District Asset less Bank' to ensure flow of micro-credit to the poor people permanently.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Formation of co-operatives;
- ♦ Credit disbursement:
- Training support for the staffs, employees of RLP and for the cooperative management mainly on cooperative management, skill development, income generating activities etc.;
- Environment development activities through integrating environment conservation and health related issue in each of the training activity to aware the cooperatives members.

On-going Activities

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ Population coverage 325,502
- ♦ Environmental development activities
- ♦ Awareness building among the assetless
- ♦ Environmental conservation and health issues in every training activities
- ♦ Planted 2259446 plants
- ♦ Water sealed latrines
- ♦ Users of better health

Technical Reports Prepared

- ♦ Trimonthly report on ufinancial and pratical advancement
- ♦ Report on fund utilization
- ♦ Annual report on development activities

Status date: January 2003 Sector: Rural Development and Institutions

BRDB - 05

Title		Status
Rural Poverty Alleviation Program		On-going
Geographical Coverage		
Barguna, Patuakhali, Chandpur, Chittagong and Cox	's Bazar are the coastal district	S
Implementing Agency		
BRDB		
Fund Source	Funds Allocated	
GoB	1,706.6 million Taka	
Start Date (Expected) Completion Date		
998 2004		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others		
Project Director Rural Poverty Alleviation Program		

BRDB, 5th Floor, Palli Bhaban, 5 Karwan Bazar, Dhaka General Objective

Overall improvement of the livelihood condition or the socio-economic condition of the poor people (male and female) by organizing them into non-formal groups and facilitate in capital formation, training and credit facility to create self-employment opportunity.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Formation of non-formal groups (both female -male);
- ♦ Training on human resource, skill development and social development;
- \Diamond Self capital formation through savings generation;
- ♦ Micro credit against income generating activities;
- ♦ Provide marketization facility;
- ♦ Self solvency through sustainability fund

Activities performed

- ♦ Group foramtion
- ♦ Savings generation
- ♦ Credit disbursement
- ♦ Credit repayment
- ♦ Training for the beneficieries, namely on skill developement, Management development, awareness building, refreshers course, health and nutrition, credit management and exchange visit.
- ♦ Staff training
- ♦ Awareness building

On-going Activities

- ♦ Credit fund investment
- ♦ Fund generation through income generatingh activities.

Brief Description of findings/results

- Male member 23,457 and female member 56,166 (60% women's participation has been ensured in the project groups and membership criteria.)
- ♦ Achieved solvency through sustainable fund.
- Besides activities like health and nutrition, family planning, self-awareness, adult literacy, use of improved hearth, participation in the tree plantation program etc. which has linked with the environmental development and women's empowerment program.
- Groups memebrwws are well motivated to carry on their organizational activities through own income after the phase out of the project

Technical Reports Prepared

- ♦ Trimonthly report on ufinancial and pratical advancement
- ♦ Report on fund utilization
- ♦ Annual report on development activities

Status date: January 2003

Sector: Rural Development and Institutions

3.1.11 Roads and Highways Department (R&HD)

R&HD-11

Title		Status
Construction of Pupsha Bridge and Khulna town Rupsa Bridge	by pass road with link to	On-going
Location		
Khulna		
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Communication		
Executing Organization		
Roads & Highways Department		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
JBIC BDT 7241.5 million		
Start Date Completion Date (Expected)		
July 2000	June 2005	
Contact Parson with detailed address telephone & others		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

General Objective

The main objective of the project is to construct of Rupsha Bridge over the river Rupsa including approaches and Khulna By-pass on Khulna - Mongla Road to establish better road communication.

Specific Objectives

- Rupsha Bridge enhances the transportation system by establishing through communication between northwest region with southwest region and Mongla port.
- ♦ This bridge will eliminate traffic bottleneck and full-fill the long awaited exceptions of the people of this region.
- After completion of Rupsha Bridge the transportation network will upgrade and it will play a vital role on our state economy.

Activities Performed

Construction of Rupsha Bridge:

- ♦ Land acquisition: 79.00 ha
- Construction of RCC Bridge with viaduct: 1360 .00 mm
- ♦ Construction of bridge approach: 8.68 km

Construction of Khulna Town Bypass Road:

- ♦ Land acquisition: 65.00 ha
- Earth Work on road embankment: 5.57 L Cu.m
- ♦ Construction of pavement (2 Lane): 16.54 km
- Onstruction of Culverts & Bridge (4 lane): 172 m

On-going Activities

- ♦ Physical Contingency
- ♦ Turfing: 2.64 L sq.m
- ♦ Riprap Pavement: 960 sq.m
- ♦ Sand fill to swamp: 2.48 L Cu.m

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

Status date: November 2003 Sector: Transport

R&HD-27

		1100112 27
Title		Status
Construction of Third Karnaphuli Bridge		On-going
Location		
Chittagong		
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Communication		
Executing Organisation		
Roads & Highways Department		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
ORAT, SIDA	BDT 4390.7 million	
Start Date	Completion Date (expected)	
1 st July, 2003	30 th June, 2007	
Contrad Decree 20, 1st 2-1-11 contrad the contrad to the contradiction		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

General Objective

The main objective of the project is construction of Third Karnaphuli bridge to establish direct road communication

Specific Objectives

The main objective of the project is the construction of 920 m long third Karbnafuli Bridge over the river

Activities Performed

- ♦ Land Acquisition: 6.00 ha
- ♦ Construction of office area (work shed): 2000.00 m²
- ♦ Construction of residential area: 1800.00 m²
- ♦ Construction of main bridge: 780 m
- ♦ Construction of approach viaduct: 140.00 m
- ♦ Construction of bridge approach road (including culvert): 2.00 km
- ♦ River training and protective work: 24000.00 km²

On-going Activities

Brief Description of findings/results

Third Karnafuli Bridge Construction Project located on one of the important National Highway i.e. Chittagong-Cox's Bazar-Teknaf Highway. After construction of the bridge direct road communication will be established with Cox's Bazar as well as with Asian Highway. So there will be no problem unavailability and transporting construction materials. Chittagong and Cox's Bazar are well-reputed market place.

Technical Reports Prepared

Status date: November 2003 Sector: Transport

3.1.12 Bangladsh Inland Water Transport Authority (BIWTA)

BIWTA-01

Title	Title		
Construction of ferry terminals and ferry ghats including other allied facilities at harinaghat and alubazar for introducing ferry service between Chandpur - Shariatpur waterways		0 0	
Location			
Chandpur, Shariatpur			
Implementing Agency			
Bangladesh Inland Water Transport Authority (BIWT A	A) under Ministry of Shipping		
Executing Organisation	Executing Organisation		
BIWTA			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
GoB	BDT 57.40 million		
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected))	
2000 June 2004.			
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others			
Md. Abdul Mannan Executive Engineer BIWTA, Chandpur Division, Chandpur			

Tel: 0841/63473 General Objective

The objective of the project is to establish tile shortest road connection between east & eastern districts of the country including Chittagong port and the west & western districts including Mongla Port by constructing ferry terminal, ferryghats, parking yards etc, and other allied facilities at Haringhat (Chandpur end) and Alubazar (Shariatpur end) the eastern and western bank of the river Meghna respectively introducing ferry service in Chandpur-Shariatpur water ways.

Specific Objectives

Same as above

Activities Performed

- ♦ Construction of ferry ghats
- ♦ Passenger waiting shed parking yard

On-going Activities

Remaining work of passenger waiting shed, boundary wall, ferry ghat etc are in progress.

Brief Description of findings/results

- About 80 % of the total work has been completed day to day.
- ♦ ADP Allocation has been provided for the project.

Technical Reports Prepared

Status date: November 2003 Sector: Transport

Title

3.1.13 Directorate of Women's Affairs (DWA)

DWA-01

Status

THE		Status	
Development of Food-Insecure Destitute Women Project		Approved	
Location			
178 Upazila of whole Bangladesh			
Implementing Agency	Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Women & Children Affairs			
Executing Organisation			
Department of Women Affairs			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (op	tional)	
GoB & WFP Bilateral donors			
Start Date Completion Date (Expected)			
uly 1998 June 2004			
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Md. Nurul Islam Talukdar

Project Director,

21/1 Eskaton Garden Road, Dhaka.

Ph: 9359681

General Objective

- ♦ To improve the living standard of the women who live below the poverty security of food, training and involving them in income generating activities.
- ♦ To ensure active participation of poor women in poverty alleviation programme of the country.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To ensure food security to women and members of their families living below the poverty level and consuming less then 1800 kilo calorie per day.
- To transform poor and unskilled women (target group) into skilled population by providing them vocational training.
- To involve trained poor women in self-employment activities though income-generating programs by providing them credit facilities.
- To motivate the poor women at grass root level for undertaking development works by forming group with the help of group leaders and extension workers.

Activities Performed

We have provided food assistance training to 1,011,000 persons VGD women till December/02 in respect of UPVGD (IGVGD), WTC & G1ew sub project.

On-going Activities

From 1st January 2003 another 4,86,440 persons VGD women in respect: of UPVGD, WTC are getting food assistance and training. This sub project will be continued up to December/2004.

Brief Description of findings/results

By the providing of training, VGD women are now going on self-established. They are now involved with small business other socio-economic activities. By these activities poverty level of Bangladesh is going on down ward slopping.

Technical Reports Prepared

Not applicable

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Women's Affairs

DWA-04

Ti	itle		Status
E	mpow	erment and Protection of Children and Women	On going
Tl	his pro	ject is formed with three subprojects:	
	1.	Addressing Sexual Exploitation, Abuse and Discrimination against Children and Women	
	2.	Promotion of Child Rights and Gender Equality	
	3.	Empowerment of Adolescent Girls	

Location

64 districts and all Upazillas (Subproject 1 and 2)

14 districts for subproject 3 (of which 5 are coastal districts i.e., Chittagong, Cox'sbazar, Feni, Chandpur and Lakshmipur)

Implementing Agency

Department of Women's Affairs (DWA) (for subproject 3 Adolescent Peer Organized Network-APON: BRAC, Centre for Mass Education in Science-CMES: Adolescent Girl's Programme, Population Council)

Executing Organization

DWA, BRAC, CMES

Fund Source	Funds Allocated
GoB and UNICEF	BDT 338.46 million
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date
January 2001	2006 (Subproject 3 will be completed in July 2004)

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Ms Nahid Sultana

Programme Officer,

Empowerment and Protection of Children and Women

DWA, MoWCA, 37/3, Eskaton Garden (6th floor), Tel: 9345220

General Objective

Subproject 1

- Create a platform for discussion regarding Commercial Sexual Exploitation and Non-Commercial Sexual Abuse of Children;
- ♦ Design and implement interventions to prevent abuse and exploitation
- ♦ Protect children from all forms of sexual exploitation, abuse and discrimination.

Subproject 2

- ♦ Develop capacity of the government officials and NGOs staff in child rights and gender equity
- ♦ Ensure that the government runs institutions applies protection and care standards

Subproject 3

Focus on the discrimination of the adolescent girls policy makers, development partners and NGOs are knowledgeable about the rights of adolescent girls peer education and livelihood training in three districts piloted to generate lessons learned.

Specific Objectives

Activities

Subproject 1

- research on domestic violence and its impact on family members (children, in particular), harassment and
- discrimination within the workplace, protection rights of Chittagong hill Tracts, psychological impact of early marriage;

- provide technical support to MoWCA and any other related ministries in implementing and coordinating the National Agenda for Action against sexual exploitation and abuse of children including trafficking;
- develop advocacy & communication materials on sexual exploitation, abuse and discrimination;
- develop, pretest and incorporate a module on Juvenile Justice and protection from violence including sexual exploitation, abuse and discrimination into the training curriculum of police officers, magistrates and judges;
- knowledge, Attitude and Practice (KAP) study and training on psycho-social care and protection for staff and social workers in government and NGO shelter and vagrant homes;
- training on participating mapping technique, peer education and life skills to protect the rights of most vulnerable population at risk of commercial and non commercial sexual exploitation and abuse;
- formulation and reform of national policies which includes measures to combat family abuse, harmful traditional practices and discrimination against the girl child;
- KAP study of UP members, police and local elite to understand the situation for women victims of violence including sexual exploitation and abuse in the locality. Sensitization of these key community members on gender based violence. Strengthen and/or build linkages between the service providers;
- analysis and review of existing laws including customary laws and its dissemination. Advocacy for law reform when necessary;
- ♦ financial report to Acid Survivors foundation to provide psycho-social care and protection for survivors of acid attacks

Subproject 2

- ♦ review relevant policies, legislation and State obligations to CRC and CEDAW through research, workshops and dialogue with government and NGOs;
- ♦ support for nation-wide observance of International Women's Day, Begum Rokeya's Day and Child Rights Week;
- interactive training on children's and women's rights including gender discrimination for UNOs and Ward Commissioners;
- ◊ orientation on human rights to government and NGOs working on children's and women's right;
- assessment on children deprived of family environment followed by implementation of the main recommendations.

Subproject 3

- ♦ regular meetings to the Kishori Sanghas to discuss critical issues related to gender discrimination and girl's and women's rights;
- ♦ identification of livelihood training, apprenticeship/ internship opportunities and livelihood training imparted by the NGOs;
- ♦ self-employment or direct employment and linkages established with formal credit and saving institutions for members who have undertaken livelihood training;
- ♦ girl's trained as peer educators on family life education, children's and women's rights (including discriminatory practices), and post literacy.
- village level campaigns undertaken by members of Kishori Sanghas to participate in social processes and raise issues on early marriage, violence and discrimination with mothers, fathers, boys, elected members, elite;
- onational exchange programmes, workshops will be organize by and for the members of Kishori Sanghas as exposure to the best practices;
- ♦ gender and child rights training with UP members in intervention areas;
- ♦ advocacy and communication for behavioral change to enhance the rights of adolescents;
- formative research and develop advocacy materials for adolescents (boys in particular) to expose them to gender discrimination and violence. Materials will be used by the NGOs for discussions

and workshops;

- ♦ workshops with government and NGOs for creation of an adolescent policy
- ♦ intervention research on adolescent girls intervention areas for baseline, mid-term and follow up to generate lessons learned, to close gaps in information and for scaling up.

On-going Activities

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Women's Affairs

3.1.14 Bangladesh Small Cottage and Industries Corporation (BSCIC)

BSCIC-01

			BSCIC-01
Title	Title Status		
Development of Salt production in Khulna-Satkhira region (2 nd phase) App		Approved	
Location			
Khulna, Sat	khira		
Implement	ing Agency		
Ministry of	Commerce		
Executing	Organisation		
Bangladesh	Small Cottage & Industries Corporation (BS	CIC)	
Funding A	gency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
GoB	В	BDT 19.5 million	
Start Date		Completion Date (Expected)	
1997	2	2003	
Contact Pe	rson with detailed address, telephone & oth	hers	
General Ol	ojective		
Expansion of	of Salt industries and involvement of local con	mmunities.	
Specific Ob	vjectives		
♦ Expansion of Salt producing Area in Khulna-Satkhira District like Chittagong & Cox Bazar			
Transfer of knowledge regarding white salt production and involvement of local community throughout the process			
♦ Research for expansion of salt production			
Activities Performed			
\Diamond	♦ Embankment for Training cum demonstration center (Physical work)		
\Diamond			
\Diamond	♦ Procurement of equipment, furniture & machineries		
\Diamond			
On-going Activities			
Brief Description of findings/results			
Technical Reports Prepared			

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Industries

3.1.15 Bangladesh Oil, Gas and Minerals Corporation (Petro Bangla)

Petrobangla-01

Title		Status	
Shahbajpur Gas field Appraisal & Development Pr	oject	On-going	
Location			
Shahbajpur, Bhola	Shahbajpur, Bhola		
Implementing Agency			
Ministry of Energy & Mineral Resources			
Executing Organisation			
Bangladesh Oil, Gas & Mineral Corporation (PetroBangla)			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
GoB	BDT 1291.4 million		
Start Date Completion Date (Expected)			
March 2001 June 2004			
Contact Person with detail address, telephone & others			

Contact Person with detail address, telephone & others

Mr. Amjad Hossain Project Manager

Shahjal Tower, Malibagh, Dhaka.

Tel: 880-2-9355707 (Off); Mobile: 0171862110 (Cell)

General Objective

To make the Shahbajpur well no-1, gas producing through work over operation.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To drill 3500 mm deep appraisal well in the discovered gas field and perform testing and completion work.
- ♦ To produce from 2 wells at least 40 mm cubic feet per day and ensure supply of the same to the transmission line.
- ♦ To install 40 mm cubic feet per day capacity Glycol dehydration process plant.
- To layout about 50 km transmission & distribution of gas pipeline for supply of gas to the power plant of PDB at Bhola for different industries and other commercial and domestic institutions.

On-going Activities

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

Status date: October 2003 Sector: Oil, Gas and Natural Resources

3.1.16 Rural Electrification Board (REB)

REB-01

Title	Status	
Area Coverage Rural Electrification (Phase V-A)	On-going	
Location		
Partly in CZ. Included districts are Shariatpur, Gopalgonj, and Bhola		
Implementing Agency		
Palli Bidut Samity		
Executing Organisation		
Rural Electrification Board (REB)		
Funding Agency Funds Allocated	l (optional)	
IDB, KFAED, SFD, JBIC, NORAD, GoB BDT 7500 million	on	
Start Date Completion Dat	Completion Date (Expected)	
1996 2004		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others		
Director (Programme Planning) Rural Electrification Board, Joar Shahara, Dhaka Tel: 8916418		
General Objective		
Establishment of 08 (eight) new PBSs to provide electricity to the 24255 nos. of rural consumers of different categories by constructing 1650 km of distribution lines and 03 nos. of sub-stations in the view to improve the socio-economic conditions of rural areas of the project areas in particular and to boost up the economy of the country in general.		
Specific Objectives		
♦ Line Construction: 1650 km.		
♦ Sub-Station: 3 nos.		
♦ Consumer Connection: 24255 nos.		
Activities Performed		

♦ Pole Erected (new): 113054

♦ Pole erected (renovation): 60205

♦ Line constructed (new): 6460 km

♦ Line constructed (renovation): 3817 km

On-going Activities

Target of Line construction for this FY 1483 km

Brief Description of findings/results (Up to July'03)

♦ Line Constructed: 10277 km Pole Erected: 173259 nos.

Technical Reports Prepared

Title		Status	
Area Coverage Rural Electrification (Phase V-B)		On-going	
Location			
Partly in CZ. Included districts are Jhalokati, Khulna			
Implementing Agency			
Palli Bidut Samity			
Executing Organisation			
Rural Electrification Board			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
OPEC, JBIC, NORAD, GOB	44.51 MUS\$		
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected))	
1996	2004		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & o	others		
Director (Programme Planning) Rural Electrification Board, Joar Shahara, Dhaka Tel: 8916418			
General Objective			
By establishing 05 (five) new PBSs and through intens in RE programme under Shirajgonj PBS), electricity different categories by constructing 1180 km. of distril the socio economic conditions of rural population o economy of the country in general.	will be provided to 24600 not bution lines and 02 nos. of new	s. of rural consumers of w substations to improve	
Specific Objectives			
♦ Line Construction: 1180 km.			
♦ Sub-Station: 2 nos.			
♦ Consumer Connection: 24,600 nos.			
Activities Performed (Up to July'03)			
♦ Pole Erected (new): 65947 nos.			
♦ Pole erected (renovation): 12852 nos.			
• •			

On-going Activities

Target of Line construction for this FY 1002 km

Brief Description of findings/results (Up to July'03)

♦ Line constructed (new): 3642 km

♦ Line constructed (renovation): 882 km

♦ Line Constructed: 4524 km

♦ Pole Erected: 78799 nos.

Technical Reports Prepared

			REB -03
Title			Status
Expansion & Intensification of 12 PBS		On-going	
Location			
Partly in CZ	Z. Included districts are Cox's-Bazar, Lashr	nipur, Barisal, Jhalokati, Patual	khali
Implement	ing Agency		
Palli Bidut	Samity		
Executing	Organisation		
Rural Elect	rification Board	1	
Funding A	gency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
ADB, IDA,	GOB	93.11 MUS\$	
Start Date		Completion Date (Expected))
1997		2004	
new 05 Tha	bjective 82 Thanas (already included in RE programs by expansion programme. This projectegories by constructing 10260 km. of dis	t will be provided to 153900 n	os. of rural consumers of
	etrification b the ear 2005.		
Specific Ob			
♦ Line Construction: 10260 km.			
	Sub-Station: 15 nos.		
♦	Consumer Connection: 153900 nos.		
	Performed (Up to July'03)		
♦ Pole Erected (new): 96965			
	 ♦ Pole erected (renovation): 40607 ♦ Line constructed (new): 5611 km 		
	 ♦ Line constructed (new): 5011 km ♦ Line constructed (renovation): 2343 km 		
On-going A			_
0 0	ine construction for this FY 1562 km		
	ription of findings/results (Up to July'03)		
⊘	Line Constructed: 7954 km		
•	A second detect // I film		

Status date: October 2003 Sector: Power Distribution

♦ Pole Erected: 137572 nos.

Technical Reports Prepared

Title	Status
Diffusion of Renewable Energy Technology - 2nd Phase	On-going

Location

Partly in CZ. Included districts are Kotalipara Thana of Gopalganj district and among the islands Maheshkhali, Kutubdia, Sandwip, St. Martin etc. But in implementing the project the location included in area of existing PBSs will get priority.

Implementing Agency

Palli Bidut Samity

Executing Organisation

Rural Electrification Board

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
KFW, GoB	10.20 million Euro
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)
1999	2004

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Director (Programme Planning)

Rural Electrification Board, Joar Shahara, Dhaka.

Tel: 8916418

General objective

The main objective of the project is to provide 6000 solar home P. V. system to the remote and isolated rural areas having no access to national etectricity grid. Solar home P. V. system will generate electricity into useable form by converting solar energy (sun light) and this electricity could be used for domestic lighting, security lighting, for pumping of drinking water, small scale irrigation purpose and also for refrigeration of heat responded vaccine and life saving drugs at different rural health centres. Objectives of the project includes also diffusion of alternate sources of energy and it's expansion to meet the increasing demand of electricity in context of energy crisis. This project will also help to improve the socio-economic condition of the people, deprived of the facilities of the national electricity grid system and will create job opportunity in the remote rural areas.

Specific Objectives

Solar Home System: 6000 nos.

Activities Performed

Solar Home System: 295 nos.

On-going Activities

Target of construction of SHS 5705 nos.

Brief Description of findings/results

(Up to July'03) Achievement 3.43 %

Technical Reports Prepared

Title		Status	
Intensification & Expansion of Distribution System	of 18 PBS (Phase II)	On-going	
Location			
Partly in CZ. Chandpur, Jessore, Narail, Khulna, Feni,	Chittagong.		
Implementing Agency			
Palli Bidut Samity	Palli Bidut Samity		
Executing Organisation			
Rural Electrification Board	Rural Electrification Board		
Funding Agency Funds Allocated (optional)			
DA, ADB, GoB 557.08 MUS\$			
Start Date Completion Date (Expected))	
1998	998 2004		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others			

Director (Programme Planning)

Rural Electrification Board, Joar Shahara, Dhaka

Tel: 8916418

General Objective

The goal and objective of rural electrification is to ensure electricity for rural development as well as to improve the national economy by bringing the entire country under electrification programme in

Different phases. This project intensification & expansion of distribution system of 18 PBS (2nd phase) have been taken to intensify and extend the distribution network of 18 scheduled PBSs. Through this project 10800 km of new distribution lines will be constructed, 1800 km. of distribution lines will be rehabilitated, 18 numbers of new 33/11 KV substation will be constructed, 5 numbers of 33/11 KV substation will be augmented and 289000 consumers will be connected within the stipulated project period of 5 years. This will improve the economy of the country by providing electricity in the rural areas for increasing agriculture production, employment creation development of cottage industries, households uses, health, education and community- services in the project area.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Line Construction: 12600 km.
- ♦ Sub-Station: 23 nos.
- ♦ Consumer Connection: 289000 nos.

Activities Performed (Up to July'03)

- ♦ Pole Erected (new): 141923 nos.
- ♦ Pole erected (renovation): 26314 nos.
- ♦ Line constructed (new): 7993.3 km
- ♦ Line constructed (renovation): 1561 km

On-going Activities

Target of Line construction for this FY 2402 km

Brief Description of findings/results (Up to July'03)

♦ Line Constructed: 9554.3 km

♦ Pole Erected: 168237 nos.

Technical Reports Prepared

Title	Status
Intensification & Expansion of Distribution System of 15 PBSs (Phase-II)	On-going
Location	

Partly in CZ (Satkhira, Pirojpur, Barguna, Bagerhat, Barishal, Chittagong, Noakhali, and Khulna.)

Implementing Agency

Palli Bidut Samity

Executing Organisation

Rural Electrification Board

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
IDB, IDA, GoB	41.82 MUS\$
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)
1999	2004

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Director (Programme Planning)

Rural Electrification Board, Joar Shahara, Dhaka

Tel: 8916418

General Objective

The goal and objective of rural electrification is to ensure electricity for rural development as well as to improve the national economy by bringing the entire country under electrification in different phases. Development of Socio- economic condition of rural areas through intensification & expansion of Distribution lines under 15 PBSs.

Specific Objectives

Line Construction: 10500 km.

Sub-Station: 30 nos.

Consumer Connection: 231000 nos.

Activities Performed (Up to July'03)

Pole Erected (new): 74356

♦ Pole erected (renovation) : 26139

♦ Line constructed (new): 4001 km

Line constructed (renovation): 1459 km

On-going Activities

Target of Line construction for this FY 2198 km

Brief Description of findings/results (Up to July'03)

Line Constructed: 5460 km

Pole Erected: 100495 nos.

Technical Reports Prepared

Title	Status
Construction of 33 KV Connecting Line for PBS Sub-station	On-going

Location

Partly in CZ. Included districts are Barisal, Bhola, Chandpur, Chittagong, Cox's Bazar, Feni, Gopalgonj, Jessore, Khulna, Laxmipur, Potuakhali, Pirojpur, and Satkhira PBSs.

Implementing Agency

Palli Bidut Samity

Executing Organisation

Rural Electrification Board

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
GOB	7.21 MUS\$
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)
2000	2005

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Director (Programme Planning)

Rural Electrification Board, Joar Shahara, Dhaka

Phone No: 8916418

General Objective

The objective of the project is to ensure reliable and uninterrupted power supply to the existing 33/11 KV substations of different PBSs by connecting with grid substations of PDB directly by source lines. For this purpose a total of 2500 km. of 33 KV lines including 14 sets of river crossing tower will be constructed of different location of the country. It is expected the frequent power interruption and load shedding that has been occurring presently at different PHS will reduce in considerable amount when the project is implemented. Thus the project will create increased opportunities for income generation, agriculture production and other positive social benefits to the rural people in achieving improved socio economic condition of the rural people.

Specific Objectives

Distribution of Line: 2500 km.

♦ Sub-Station: 133 nos.

♦ River crossing Tower: 14 nos.

Activities Performed

Pole Erected: 3361 nos. (Up to July)

On-going Activities

Target of construction of distribution line 508 km for this FY.

$\textbf{Brief Description of findings/results} \ (Up \ to \ July'03)$

♦ Line Constructed: 508 km for the FY.

♦ Pole Erected: 145410 nos.

Technical Reports Prepared

-			KED -Vo
Title		Status	
System loss	Reduction of taken over lines		On-going
Location			
Partly in CZ			
Implement Palli Bidut S	0 0 •		
Executing (Organisation		
Rural Electr	ification Board (REB)		
Funding A	gency	Funds Allocated (optional):	
IDA, GOB		119.62 MUS\$	
Start Date		Completion Date (Expected))
2002		2007	
Tel: 891641 General Ob			
◊	To reduce the system loss of the taken of additional manpower and logistic support		
♦ To offer an incentive scheme to officers and employees engaged in loss reduction efforts. The incentive offered being inversely proportional to the time taken to bring the high losses of the area down to standard level.			
\Diamond	◊ To improve Bill collection in the taken over areas by introducing sound commercial operation practices.		
♦ To earn greater consumer satisfaction by providing prompt and hastle free consumer services.			
Specific Ob	jectives		
Solar Home	System: 6000 nos.		
Activities P	erformed		
Solar Home	System: 295 nos.		

On-going Activities

Target of construction of SHS 5705 nos.

Brief Description of findings/results (Up to July'03)

Achievement 3.43 %

Technical Reports Prepared

		KED-10
itle Status		Status
Intensification & Expansion of Distribution System	n (Phase-II)	On-going
Location		
Partly in CZ		
Implementing Agency		
Palli Bidut Samity		
Executing Organisation		
Rural Electrification Board		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
Netherlands, ADB, GoB	93.11 MUS\$	
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected))
997 2004		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others		
Director (Programme Planning) Rural Electrification Board, Joar Shahara, Dhaka Tel: 8916418		

General Objective

The goal objectives and targets of rural electrification programme are to ensure electricity for rural development as well as to improve the economy of the country by bringing the entire villages under electrification programme in different consecutive phases. But due to resources limitation it has not possible to extend the distribution system in the whole areas of all Thanas of 59 PBSs already established in phase I, II, III & IV. Through intensification & expansion of electrical distribution network in the project areas by constructing 12000 km of line and 40 nos. of sub-stations within the stipulated time 348000 nos. of consumer connection facilities will be created to provide electricity for improvement of socio-economic conditions of rural population in particular and to boost up the economy of the country in general.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Line Construction: 12000 km.
- ♦ Sub-Station: 40 nos.
- ♦ Consumer Connection: 348000 nos.

Activities Performed (Up to July'03)

- ♦ Pole Erected (new): 117145 nos.
- Pole erected (renovation): 28265 nos.
- ♦ Line constructed (new): 6659.7 km
- ♦ Line constructed (renovation): 2028 km

On-going Activities

Target of Line construction for this FY 684 km

$\textbf{Brief Description of findings/results} \ (Up \ to \ July'03)$

- ♦ Line Constructed: 8687.7 km
- ♦ Pole Erected: 145410 nos

Technical Reports Prepared

3.1.17 Bangladesh Power Development Board (PDB)

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

PDR-01

			PDB-01
Title			Status
Greater Khulna Power Distribution Project (Phase-II)		On-going	
Location			
Khulna, Ba	gherhat, Satkhira		
Implement	ting Agency		
Ministry of	Energy & Mineral Resources		
Executing	Organization		
Bangladesh	Power Development Board (PDB)		
Funding A	gency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
South Kore	a & GoB	BDT 3532.7 million	
Start Date		Completion Date (Expected	1)
1992		2007	
Tel: 95503 General O	en the Power Distribution Network of M		hat, Satkhira and Mongla
Specific O			
On-going A	Activities		
Construction	on of lines Installation of S/S		
♦ 132KV: 60 km			
♦ 33KV: 71 km			
♦ 11KV: 85 km			
♦ 11/0.4KV: 40 km			
♦ 0.4KV: 120 km			
Installation	Installation of S/S		
\Diamond	♦ 132/33 KV: 2 nos		
\Diamond	33/11 KV: 3 nos		

PDB-02

Title		Status
Greater Chittagong Power Distribution Project (Phase III)		On-going
Location		
Chittagong Metropolitan area and Municipal area of Co	ox's Bazar	
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Energy & Mineral Resources		
Executing Organization		
Bangladesh Power Development Board (PDB)		
Funding Agency Funds Allocated (optional)		
Kuwait BDT 8408 million (3225 M)		
Start Date Completion Date (Expected)		
1992	2005	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Rabbani

Executive Engineer, 24, Maijdee court, Motijheel, Dhaka

Tel: 9550312/9563970

General Objective

To strengthening the power distribution network at Chittagong Metropolitan area and Municipal area of Cox's Bazar to meet growing power demand of these areas.

Specific Objectives

On-going Activities

Installation of power substations

- ♦ 160.50 Km. 132 kV,
- ♦ 82 Km. 33 kV,
- ◊ 274 Km. 11 kV.
- ♦ 240 Km 11/0.4 Kv and
- ♦ 763 Km. 0.4 Kv lines: 3 nos.
- ♦ 132/33 Kv: 3 nos.
- ♦ 33/11 Kvand 1550 nos 11/0.4 Kv. substations.

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

PDB-03

Title		Status	
18 Town Power Distribution Project (Phase- II)		On-going	
Location			
Partly in CZ.Noakhali, Jessore, and Barisal			
Implementing Agency			
Ministry of Energy & Mineral Resources			
Executing Organisation			
Bangladesh Power Development Board			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
	BDT 2995.1million (3867)		
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected))	
1996	2004		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Rabbani

Executive Engineer, 24, Maijdee court, Motijheel, Dhaka

Tel: 9550312 / 9563970

General Objective

To meet the growing power demand of Mymensingh, Tangail, Jamalpur, Sylhet, Moulvibazar, Comilla, Noakhali, Dinajpur, Saidpur, Rangpur, Bogra, Serajganj, Pabna, Kushtia, Jessore, Rajbari, Faridpur, and Barisal town areas through strengthening the distribution network of these areas.

Specific Objectives

Activities Performed

Installation of 20 Km. 33 Kv, 110 Km. 11 Kv, 330 Km.11/0.4 Kv. and 470 Km. 0.4 Kv lines; 12 nos. 33/11 Kv and 1320 nos. 11/0.4 Kv. substations.

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

PDR-04

		PDB-04		
Title		Status		
16 Town Power Distribution Project (P	hase II)	On-going		
Location				
Partly in CZ. Chandpur, Gopalganj, Narai	il, Shariatpur, Pirojpur, Jhalokati, Bl	nola and town.		
Implementing Agency	Implementing Agency			
Ministry of Energy & Mineral Resources.				
Executing Organization	Executing Organization			
Bangladesh Power Development Board (F	Bangladesh Power Development Board (PDB)			
Funding Agency Funds Allocated (optional)		tional)		
	BDT 2255.5 million	(299.3)		
Start Date	Completion Date (Ex	xpected)		
1998	2004			
Contact Donor with detailed address talenhous 9 others				

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Rabbani

Executive Engineer, 24, Maijdee court, Motijheel, Dhaka

Tel: 9550312/9563970

General Objective

To meet the growing power demand of Khagrachari, Bandarban, Santahar, Phulbari, Chandpur, Brahmanbaria, Rangamati, Bhairab bazar, Netrokona, Gopalganj, Narail, Shariatpur, Pirojpur, Jhalokati, Bhola and Ishurdi town areas through strengthening the distribution network of these areas.

Specific Objectives

Construction of lines:

- ♦ 33KV- 60 km (New), 100km (Ren)
- ♦ 11KV- 153 km (New), 90km (Ren)
- ♦ 11/0.4KV-170 km (New), 108km (Ren)
- ♦ 0.4KV- 366 km (New), 310km (Ren)
- ♦ Installation of sub stations:
- ♦ 33/11 KV -6 nos. (New), 3 nos. (Ren)
- ♦ 11/0.4 KV 300 nos. (New), 159 nos. (Ren)

Activities Performed

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

PDB-05

		1 DD-03	
Title		Status	
9 Town Power Distribution Project (Phase II)		On-going	
Location			
Partly in CZ. Barguna, Patuakhali, Feni			
Implementing Agency	Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Energy & Mineral Resources			
Executing Organisation			
Bangladesh Power Development Board (PDB)			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
NORAD	1683.2 million Taka		
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)		
1996	2005		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Rabbani

Executive Engineer, 24, Maijdee court, Motijheel, Dhaka

Tel: 9550312/9563970

General Objective

To meet the growing power demand of Panchgarh, Meherpur, Barguna, Patuakhali, Sherpur (Jamalpur), Kishoreganj, Feni.

Specific Objectives

Major project components Installation of 36 Km. 33 Kv, 105 Km. 11 Kv, 136 Km. 11/0.4 Kv. and 182 Km. 0.4 Kv lines; 9nos. 33/11 Kv and 571 nos. <math>11/0.4 Kv. substations.

Activities Performed

Date of Sign of Contract 03-11-2002 (Donor wise)

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

PDB-06

		1 DD 00
Title		Status
5 Town Power Distribution Project		On-going
Location		
Partly in CZ. Khulna, Jessore & Barisal Town		
Implementing Agency		
Ministry of Energy & Mineral Resources		
Executing Organisation		
Bangladesh Power Development Board (PDB)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
Kuwait	BDT 3693.6 million	
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)
2001	2005	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Rabbani

Executive Engineer, 24, Maijdee court, Motijheel, Dhaka

Tel: 9550312 / 9563970

General Objective

To meet the growing power demand of Khulna, Jessore, Kushtia, Faridpur & Barisal Town areas by strengthening 33KV, 11 KV & 0.4KV s stem and the network of these areas.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Major project components Construction of 132KV line: 13KM, 33KV cable: 5KM, 33KV line (New): 74KM, 33KV line (Renovation): 82KM, 11KV line (New):
- 148KM, 11KV line (Renovation): 122KM, 225KM 11/0.4KV & 0.4KV line (New) and Renovation 160 KM. One No 132/33KV S/S new and Tow Nos Renovation, Five Nos 33/11 KV S/S new and Ten Nos Renovation and 1025 Nos of 11 /0.4KV S/S Installation.

Activities Performed

Compliance with proposed reform policy of ADP. Tender to be invited after hearing concurrence of ADB.

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

3.2 Fact Sheets on NGO Projects

The role of NGOs with their development partner and people's mobilization activity are increasing in all over Bangladesh. Vulnerabilities and opportunities of coastal zone have already been endeavored by the NGO activities. From the developmental role, in many cases, NGOs has turned as service providers as well. This chapter describes some of the selected national and local NGOs project activities. The fact sheets can provide least essence of the difference of these two types of NGOs. It shows how the national NGOs can effectively participate as 'design partners' and local NGOs as implementing partners in the field. A total number of 17 NGOs and their projects has presented here.

3.2.1 COAST

COAST - 01

Title		Status	
Development of Sustainable Aquaculture Project (DSAP)		On-going	
Location			
Five Upazilas namely, Charfesson, Lalmohan, Daulatk	han, Tazumuddin, Burhanuddir	of Bhola Districts	
Implementing Agency	Implementing Agency		
COAST Trust			
Executing Organization			
ICLARM Bangladesh			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
USAID	BDT 0.83 million (for the 1 st	year)	
Start Date	Completion Date		
1 st April, 2002	Four years (2002-2005) pro jec	ct to be renewed in	
	each year		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Md. Shamsuddoha

Senior Coordinator, Coastal Livelihood Security and Advocacy

COAST Trust, Hs: 9/4, Rd: 02, Shyamoli, Dhaka Tel: 02-8125181, 017881645; Fax: 02-9129395

E-mail: coasttst@citechco.net

General Objective

To increase the fish production of small-scale rural farmers and to improve the household incomes and livelihood of these resource limited people.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To extend and popularized culture fisheries in coastal areas using the technologies which are feasible, affordable and acceptable to the poor and small-scale aqua farmers.
- ♦ To ensure maximum utilization of the household physical resources.
- ♦ To create diversified livelihood and income generation sources.
- ♦ To develop resource farmer in community level so that community people can avail respective skill and expertise at low cost whenever needed.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Staff Recruitment (PC & FA)
- ♦ Pond preparation
- ♦ Fingerling stocking and management
- ♦ 1st Follow-up training to staff

- **◊** Farmers Training
- ♦ Working area selection
- ♦ Staff Foundation Training
- ♦ Farmer and Demo Plot Selection

On-going Activities

- ♦ 1st follow-up training to farmers
- ♦ Selection of rice field for Tilapia farming
- ♦ Farmers training on Tilapia farming
- ♦ Tilapia fry collection from FRI Mymensingh
- ♦ Strengthening of dike cropping (integration of aquaculture and agriculture)
- ♦ Farmers visit to other NGOs implementing the same

Brief Description of findings/results

- Selected 250-demonstration plot in 5 thanas, 50 from each of Bhola district among which 42 are female, who have several technology options like carp nursery, carp poly culture, carp golda mixed culture, carp pangus mixed culture, fish culture in rice field etc. but farmers his/herself selects the technology type basing on his/her physical resources and capacity. Such flexibility makes farmers spontaneous in all aspect of fish culture activities.
- To solve technological problem through participatory way farmer's irrespective of technology patterns and living in a pocket area has been linked each other forming a group comprising with 5/7 members. Each group is identified by a specific nominal identity and directed by a selected committee member like president, secretary, supervision and monitoring, new ideas related to ongoing culture activities, Respective Field Assistant facilitates this meeting.
- ♦ 29 groups were formed, among which 17 male, 01 female and 11 are mixed group.

Technical Reports Prepared

Quarterly technical progress report and financial report to be submitted to Executing agency.

Title	Status
Nutrition, Income and Food Security (NIFS)	On going

Location

COAST has three following project location in Bhola and Cox's Bazar district where in NIFS program is implementing at different volume and funding.

South Central Coast Development Initiative (SCCDI), phase-2 covers six Upazilas of Bhola island through 30 union based unit offices. Therefore NIFS implementing in 8 unit offices under 3 Upazilas.

South East Coast Development Initiative (SECDI), situate dint he coastal areas of Cox's Bazaar district, especially in the down of kutubdia and Moheshkhali, covering 1500 member participants. NIFS implementing at the whole project location.

South central Out Reach Islands Developments Initiatives (SCORIDI), comprises with seven-outreach small islands situate din the down south of Meghna estuary where it drains into Bay of Bengal. This project covers 1100 group members and NIFS is implementing at the whole project location.

Implementing Agency

COAST Trust

Executing Organization

COAST Trust

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
SCCDI: COAST Trust	BDT 1.97 million
SECDI: Stromme Foundation, Norway	
SCORIDI: Action Aid Bangladesh	
Start Date	Completion Date
SCCDI: April 1999	SCCDI: December 2005
SECDI: January 2002	SECDI: December 2005
SCORIDI: March 2000	SCORIDI: December 2005

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Md. Shamsuddoha

Senior Coordinator, Coastal Livelihood Security and In-charge Dhaka Liaison Office

COAST Trust, Hs no: 9/4, Rd no: 2, Shyamoli, Dhaka

Tel: 02-8125181; Fax: 02-9129395 E-mail: <u>coasttst@citecho.net</u>

General Objective

To promote nutritional intake, building income capacity based on household farming facilities and food security in promoting ecological agriculture, bio-diversity conservation, local seeds and plant preservation.

Specific Objectives

NIFS comprises for four sub projects, namely

Poultry and livestock development

Agriculture development

Fisheries development

Sustainable Agriculture

Nutrition education and Alternative Health Care

Sustainable use of natural resources

Project wise specific objectives are

Poultry and livestock development

To reduce mortality and morbidity rate of poultry and livestock population through ensuring vaccines and other vatenairy medicines

Rearing of poultry and cattle through adopting appropriate technology

To increase household production as well as consumption of animal protein products

To increase household income and employment opportunity

To develop resource farmer in community level so that community people can avail respective skill and expertise at low cost whenever needed

Agriculture development

To promote cultivation of commercially and nutritionally valued vegetables at abandoned household space

To increase household production as well as consumption of vegetables

To increase productions of protein enrich cereal crops through out the year

Establishment of village nursery for seedling and sapling production

To develop resource farmer in community level so that community people can avail respective skill and expertise at low cost whenever needed

Fisheries development

To extend and popularize culture fisheries in coastal areas using the technologies which are feasible, affordable and acceptable to the poor and small scale aqua farmers to ensure maximum utilization of the household and income generation activities

To ensure maximum utilization of the household physical resources

To create diversified livelihood and income generation sources

To develop resource farmer in community level so that community people can avail respective skill and expertise at low cost whenever needed

Sustainable Agriculture

To practice and promote ecological farming through gradual replacement chemical fertilizers and pesticides and hybrids seeds to the environment, soil fertility and bio-diversity as well

To establish community seed store with local seed and plant species

To raise mass awareness on the devastating affects of chemical fertilizers pesticides and hybrid seeds to the environment, soil fertility and bio-diversity as well.

Sustainable use of natural resources

To reduce over exploitation of aquatic resources

To raise mass awareness against indiscriminate catching of shrimp juvenile and jatka

To advocate government official for enforcing fisheries sector on shrimp juvenile and jatka catching

Activities Performed

Farmers/beneficiaries training on poultry and livestock vaccination, goat rearing, cow rearing, duck rearing, village nursery, homestead gardening, cereal crop production, carp poly culture, rice cum fish culture, fish nursery

Campaign, networking seminar on "Long Term Affect of Juvenile Shrimp and *jatka* catching to the coastal bio diversity as well as to the livelihoods of poor people

Establishment of cool chain (with solar freeze) for smoothes functioning of vaccination at outreach islands of Bhola and Cox's Bazar district

Establishment of central nursery at thana based seedling, sapling and herbal plant nursery

Establishment of community based seedling and sapling nursery

Demonstration on Cooking procedure of naturally grown vegetable for family consumption

Establishment of medicinal resource center with herbal plants

Demonstration of ecological farming

Awareness, campaign and training on ecological agriculture

Promotion of compost as organic fertilizer through ensuring compost pit at household level

Farmers training on local seed preservation technologies

Publication of a booklet on herbal plants and their utilization as alternative health care

Farmers training on the concept of Integrated Aquaculture Agriculture

Annual review of NIFS program

On-going Activities

Awareness, campaign and training on natural aquatic resource conservation

Herbal sapling production for household preservation

Community based herbal preservation and its utilization practice

Farmers/beneficiaries training on poultry and livestock vaccination, goat rearing, cow rearing, duck rearing, village nursery, homestead gardening, cereal crop production, carp poyculture, rice cum fish culture, fish nursery

Demonstration on cooking procedure of naturally grown vegetables fro family consumption

Promotion of compost a organic fertilizer through ensuring compost pit at he level

Demonstration of ecological farming

Establishment of cool chain for smooth functioning of vaccination at out reach islands of Cox's Bazaar district

Brief Description of findings/results

Developed 200 female poultry vaccinators who are provided with practical training, flask and syringe etc. They collect vaccines from our unit offices and apply it to her community poultry birds. Therefore the death rate of poultry have been reduced than before and vaccinator becomes self reliant

People are aware on the necessity of bio diversity conservation

Shrimp fry collectors became careful to preserve the aquatic resources

Vaccinations are available in all islands

Homestead land utilization increased

Production of sapling ahs increased

Awareness has increased

Organic farming is becoming common to the farmers

At least 5 varieties of herbal are commonly found in almost all the households of our beneficiaries

Fish culture in rice field earned popularity and practicing widely

Fish nursery has been treated as a good business to the traditional fish farmers

Technical Reports Prepared:

Quarterly technical progress report and financial report to be submitted to Funding agency

Title	Status
Promoting Good Governance through Interactive Peoples Organization	On-going

Location

Five Upazilas namely, Charfassion, Lalmohan, Daulatkhan, Tazumuddin, Burhanuddin of Bhola District.

Two upazillas of Cox's Bazar district namely, Kutubdia and Moheshkhali Seven out reach chars of Charfassion.

Implementing Agency

COAST Trust

Executing Organization

COAST Trust

Funding Age	ency	Funds Alloca	ated (optional)
1. SCCP 2. SECP 3. SCORIDI	: Action Aid Bangladesh: COAST/Stromme Foundation Norway: Action Aid Bangladesh	BDT 2.53 mil	llion
Start Date		Completion 1	Date
1. SCCP	: April 2001	1. SCCP	: March 2004
2. SECP	: January 2002	2. SECP	: December 2005

3. SCORIDI

: December 2004

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Md. Bazlur Rahman

3. SCORIDI

Head – Good Governance & Strategic Relations COAST Trust, Hs: 9/4, Rd: 02, Shyamoli, Dhaka Tel: 02-8125181, 017881645; Fax: 02-9129395

: March 1999

E-mail: coasttst@citechco.net

General Objective

To promote good governance through proactive people's organization and need responsive union parishad.

Specific Objectives

This project comprises with five major activities, namely

- People's Organization (PO) for Social Action and Demand Mediation
- ♦ Facilitation for the improvement of pro poor policies and fair election
- Access to local governance by PO leaders/ members
- Facilitate social justice and human rights situation
- ♦ Strengthening capacity of Union Parishad.

Thus the component wise specific objectives are

People's organization for social action and demand mediation

- ♦ To develop awareness and claimant capacities of group members and leaders for their legitimate share and rights
- To create leadership from poor families as to facilitate an alternative power structure
- ♦ To promote and support social actions on demand mediation of the poor
- ♦ To facilitate effective dialogical relations with the PO leaders and locally elected leaders and government official at local level
- To create governance animator from the local youths

Facilitation for the improvement of pro poor policies and fair election

- ♦ To provide voter education to groups and their family members
- To raise mass awareness on free and fair election
- ♦ To train the voting officials and probable candidates for free and fair election and pro poor agendas.

♦ To create non-partisan public participatory election monitoring committee.

Access to local governance by PO leaders & members

- ♦ To motivate and train PO leaders to gain access to formal and non formal power structure in local level
- ♦ To train PO leaders on leadership who got access in formal and informal power structure

To facilitate social justice and human rights situation

- ♦ To train local government and opposite leaders on alternative dispute resolution
- ♦ To train UP chairman and members on village court and family law
- ♦ To facilitate POs on monitoring of Human Rights violation

Strengthening capacity of Union Parishad.

- To train UP chairmen and members on their responsibilities in local government with special reference to the women and poor families
- ♦ To promote effective and regular dialogue between UP chairmen, members and staff of the development agencies working at local level
- ♦ To promote transparency and participation in the preparation of annual plan and budget of the UPs
- ♦ To support UPs in their initiatives for own resource generation initiatives
- To orient civil society and civil society organizations about the responsibilities of UPs.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Governance Education
- O PO leaders and Members training on conscious raising and group dynamics
- Unit Jano Sanghatan (UJS) and Regional Jano Sanghatan (RJS) leadership training
- ♦ Review and planning meeting
- ♦ Inter institutional dialogue
- ♦ Monitoring and case documentation
- ♦ Voter education prior to parliamentary election
- ♦ Dialogue session/rally with candidates
- ♦ Training to vote related officials with the cooperation of local administration
- ♦ Campaign and rally with civil society for fair election and pro-poor policies
- ♦ Center wise committee for election monitoring
- ♦ Impact assessment and documentation
- ♦ Training to PO leaders on alternative dispute resolution
- ♦ Campaign on family law and human rights
- ♦ PO monitoring on local human rights situation
- ♦ Cultural group mobilization for fair electioneering and human rights issues
- ♦ Case documentation and supply to press
- ♦ Special leadership training to UP female members
- ♦ Coordination meeting with local development workers
- ♦ Meeting with civil society organization leaders to mitigate pre and post electoral violence.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Governance Education
- ♦ PO leaders/ Members training on conscious raising and group dynamics
- ♦ Unit Jano Sanghatan (UJS) and Regional Jano Sanghatan (RJS) leadership training
- ♦ Monitoring and case documentation
- ♦ Training to PO leaders on alternative dispute resolution

- ♦ Campaign on family law and human rights
- ♦ PO monitoring on local human rights situation
- ♦ Cultural group mobilization for fair electioneering and human rights issues
- ♦ Case documentation and supply to press
- ♦ Coordination meeting with local development workers
- Dublication of booklets for neo literate villagers ego resource available at thana level, family law etc.

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ Capacity of People's Organization increase
- ♦ Capability in realizing achieving government facilities increased
- ♦ Social acceptability increased
- ♦ Increased acceptability and accessibility to different level of society
- POs representation has been increased in different government and non-government committees
- ♦ PO leaders enabled to motivate and organise the local poor people for their rights
- ◊ Participation increased in determining working strategy of COAST
- ♦ Social Justice Increased
- ♦ PO's representation at local Shalish
- ♦ Realizing the rights and social justice at different level
- ♦ Exercise in Shalish management
- ♦ Violation of human rights decreased at local level
- ♦ Positive attitudes to women increased both at family and social context
- ♦ Govt. and Local Govt.'s cooperation to samity members
- ♦ Health service facilities increased
- Access to VGDNGF card, food for education, education stipend, social forestation, agricultural input, technical assistance, old age allowances, widow allowance, Ashravan Prokalpa. Guccho Gram etc.
- ♦ Access to Khas land increased
- ♦ Participation increased in fair election process and non confrontational politics
- ♦ POs role increased in resisting post election social disaster
- A Partnership and cooperation between POs and UP women members increased.

Technical Reports Prepared:

Quarterly technical progress report submitted to Executing agency.

		COASI - 04		
Title		Status		
Self Sustained Embankment Maintenance Group	and Union Parishad (SSEMP)	On-going		
Location				
Charfassion in Bhola				
Implementing Agency				
COAST Trust	COAST Trust			
Executing Organization	Executing Organization			
ICLARM Bangladesh				
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)			
ADB (1996-97), COAST Trust				
Start Date	Completion Date			
June 96	4 years (2002-2005) project to b	be renewed in each year		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Md. Shamsuddoha

Senior Coordinator - Coastal Livelihood Security and Advocacy

COAST Trust, Hs: 9/4, Rd: 02, Shyamoli, Dhaka Tel: 02-8125181, 017881645; Fax: 02-9129395

E-mail: coasttst@citechco.net

General Objective

To find out the feasibility of embankment maintenance through promoting settlers right.

Specific Objectives

- To find out low cost and sustainable embankment maintenance system
- ♦ To support better living to the embankment settlers
- To find out advocacy issue that will make scope for dialogue with national policy planner.

Activities Performed

- Embankment maintenance by settlers
- ♦ Khas land, adjacent to the embankment has been distributed among the settlers.
- ♦ Pond re-excavation with the financial assistance of WFP
- ♦ Technical and financial support for promoting fish culture in the re-excavated ponds
- Children Education
- ♦ Development Education
- ♦ Tree plantation

On-going Activities

- ♦ Embankment maintenance by settlers
- ♦ Technical and financial support for promoting fish culture in the re-excavated ponds
- ♦ Children Education
- ♦ Development Education
- ♦ Tree plantation

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ 480 land less families have got the occupancy rights on the embankment
- Embankment settlers have been benefited economically through fish culture
- ♦ Children are getting education from NFPE centers
- ♦ Embankment settlers are doing maintenance as per government rule
- ♦ Embankment settlers are doing different income generating activities.

Technical Reports Prepared:

Quarterly technical progress report and financial report to be submitted to Executing agency.

Title		Status
A participatory approach to develop different alternative livelihood options for shrimp fry collectors through nursing of hatchery produced <i>Penaeus monodon fry</i>		On going
Location		
Satdalia, Badarkhali, Cox's Bazar		
Implementing Agency		
COAST Trust		
Executing Organization		
Institute of Marine Sciences, University of Chittagong		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
SUFAR, DfID	BDT 0.62 million	
Start Date Completion Date		
March 2003	March 2004	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Md. Shamsuddoha

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COAST Trust, Hs no: 9/4, Rd no: 2, Shyamoli, Dhaka

Tel: 02-8125181; Fax: 02-9129395 E-mail: <u>coasttst@citecho.net</u>

General Objective

To find out natural resource base alternative livelihood option for the coastal poor people

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To develop an alternative livelihood option for the wild fry collectors through introducing suitable nursing system (floating, hapa. and the earthen ponds) of hatchery produced PL of P monodon
- ♦ To identify management technology of PL nursing
- ♦ To find out an alternative earning sources that will accelerate and broaden economic growth of poor fry collectors and thus reduce poverty.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Staff recruitment and orientation; Selection of participants group; Site selection;
- Project inception meeting; Design, construction and installation of floating cages in open channel;
- Purchasing and stocking of post larvae in floating cages; PL nursing, feeding; Data collection; PL harvesting and selling;

On-going Activities

- ♦ Stocking of Golda fry in floating cages
- ♦ Review workshop
- ♦ Technology dissemination

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ Floating cage nursery system is developed
- Onstruction and installation of floating cages are known
- Nursing, feeding and maintenance techniques are demonstrated
- ♦ Average survivability of nursed PL is more than 80%
- ♦ Gher owners are interested to buy nursed PL

Technical Reports Prepared:

Quarterly technical progress report and financial report submitted to Funding Agency.

Title	Status
Feasibility study of Mud Crab (Scylla serrate) culture through participation of the poor coastal people.	On going
T	<u>I</u>

Location

Satdalia, Badarkhali, Chokoria, Cox's Bazar

Implementing Agency

COAST Trust

Executing Organization

Institute of Marine Sciences, University of Chittagong

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
SUFER, DfID	BDT 0.85million
Start Date	Completion Date
March 2003	March 2004

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Md. Shamsuddoha, Senior Coordinator

Coastal Livelihood Security and In-charge Dhaka Liaison Office

COAST Trust, Hs no: 9/4, Rd no: 2, Shyamoli, Dhaka

Tel: 02-8125181; Fax: 02-9129395 E-mail: coasttst@citecho.net

General Objective

To find out natural resource base alternative livelihood options for the coastal poor people

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To establish economically feasible mud crab pots and earthen pond culture.
- ♦ To use locally available low cost fed ingredients and resources to be used as fed in cages and earthen pond culture of mud crab
- ♦ To disseminate cage and earthen pond culture result to the rural poor farmers through their participation.
- Activities Performed; Staff recruitment and orientation; Selection of participants group; Site selection.
- ♦ Project inception meeting
- Design, construction of earthen pond, chambered and non chambered cages; Installation of cages in channel; Purchasing and stocking of juvenile crab in earthen ponds, submerged cages and pots
- Crab nursing and feeding; Sampling, data collection and data analysis; PL harvesting and selling

On-going Activities

- ♦ Re stocking of crab in earthen pond and cages as second phase of experiment
- ♦ Review workshop;
- ♦ Technology dissemination

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ Crab culture in sub merged cages and pots is developed
- ♦ Construction and installation of cages are known
- Nursing, feeding and maintenance techniques are demonstrated
- ♦ Growth rate is higher in cell type cages than that of the open cages; Low mortality is found in cell type cages

Technical Reports Prepared:

Quarterly technical progress report and financial report submitted to the SUFER project

Title	S	Status
Improvement of food quality of traditional marine dried products	using low	On going
cost solar tunnel drier		

Location

Moheshkhali, Cox's Bazar

Implementing Agency

COAST Trust

Executing Organization

Bangladesh Agriculture University, Mymensingh

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
SUFER, DfID	BDT 0.40 million
Start Date	Completion Date
March 2003	March 2004

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Md. Shamsuddoha, Senior Coordinator

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COAST Trust, Hs no: 9/4, Rd no: 2, Shyamoli, Dhaka

Tel: 02-8125181; Fax: 02-9129395 E-mail: coasttst@citecho.net

General Objective

To find out natural resource base alternative livelihood options for the coastal poor people.

Specific Objectives

- To involve poor and distressed women in low cost solar drying activities with active participation of NGO
- To produce high quality dried products by optimizing temperature and moisture content of the final product
- ♦ To find out suitable packaging material for dried products and investigate the self life of the dried product under various storage condition
- To explore marketing of the product in different marketing chain for domestic and export purpose with active participation of NGO

Activities Performed

- ♦ Staff recruitment and orientation; Site selection and formation of participatory group
- ♦ Construction of low cost solar drier
- Raw fish purchase and drying; Packing of dried products and marketing
- ♦ Self life analysis of dried products

On-going Activities

- ♦ Improvement of the packaging materials
- ♦ Marketing of dry fish; Technology dissemination

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ Participatory group people are well adapted to construct low cost solar drier
- Solar tunnel dried fish product is qualitative and self life of dried product is higher than traditionally dried fish

Technical Reports Prepared:

Quarterly technical progress report and financial report submitted to SUFER project

Title	Status
Development of Sustainable Aquaculture Project	On going

Location

Seven upazilas namely Char Fassion, Lalmohan, Tazumuddin, Bhola Sadar and Manpura in Bhola District

Implementing Agency

COAST Trust

Executing Organization

The WorldFish Centre Bangladesh

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
USAID	BDT 1.6 million for the year 2003
Start Date	Completion Date
April 2002	Four years (2002-2005) project to be renewed in each year

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Md. Shamsuddoha, Senior Coordinator

Coastal Livelihood Security and In-charge Dhaka Liaison Office

COAST Trust, Hs no: 9/4, Rd no: 2, Shyamoli, Dhaka

Tel: 02-8125181; Fax: 02-9129395 E-mail: coasttst@citecho.net

General Objective

To increase the fish production through providing required technological and financial support to small-scale rural fish farmers and to improve the household income and enhance livelihood security of these resource limited people.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To extend and popularize culture fisheries in the coastal areas using the technologies which were feasible, affordable and acceptable to the poor and small scale aqua farmers
- ♦ To ensure maximum utilization of the household physical resources;
- ♦ To create diversified livelihood and income generation sources
- To develop resource farmer in community level so that community people can avail respective skill and expertise at low cost whenever needed;
- ♦ To reduce overexploitation of natural resources

Activities Performed

- ♦ Staff recruitment (PC & FA);
- ♦ Pond preparation;
- ♦ Fingerling stocking and management;
- ♦ Training for the farmers and staffs;
- ♦ Field days and rally's;
- ♦ Farmer and demo plot selection

On-going Activities

- ♦ Follow up training to farmers;
- ♦ Selection of rice field for Tilapia farming;
- ♦ Farmers training on tilapia farming;
- ♦ Strengthening of dike cropping (integration of aquaculture and agriculture)
- ♦ Farmers visit to other NGOs implementing the same

Brief Description of findings/results

Developed d1050 demonstration plot in 7 upazilas, 150 from each of Bhola district among which 30% are female. There have several technology options like carp nursery, carp polyculture, carp golda mixed culture, carp pangus mixed culture, fish culture in rice field etc. But farmer's his/herself selects the technology type basing on his/herself selects the technology type basing on his/her physical resources and capacity. Such flexibility makes farmers spontaneous in all aspect of fish culture activities.

Through this demonstration project modern fish culture method has been extended in Bola district and out reach islands thus household based income has been increased significantly.

Technical Reports Prepared

Quarterly technical progress report and financial report to be submitted to Executing agency.

3.2.2 Centre for Coastal Environmental Conservation (CCEC)

CCEC -01

		CCEC -01	
Title		Status	
Sundarban Conservation through Crab Fattening		On-going	
Location			
Andharia, Batiaghata, Khulna			
Implementing Agency	Implementing Agency		
Centre for Coastal Environmental Conservation			
Executing Organization			
Centre for Coastal Environmental Conservation	Centre for Coastal Environmental Conservation		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
KNCF, Japan			
Start Date	Completion Date		
April 2002	March 2003		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others			

Mr. Mowdudur Rahman

Tel: 041-733274

E-mail: ccec@khulna.bangla.net

General Objective

Environmental sustainability of southwest coastal i.e. Sundarban region Bangladesh and Sundarban conservation through:

- ♦ Create crab fattening opportunity for Sundarban crab collectors and raise incomes
- ♦ Stop lizard killing as bait.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Know the crab breeding season
- ♦ Species of Sundarban crab prior to endangered, rare and extinct species.

Activities Performed

- ♦ List of crab households/families
- ♦ Formation of Batiaghata Crab Association
- ♦ Leaseing of ponds
- ♦ Established Crab *depo*

On-going Activities

- ♦ Biodiversity Conservation Awareness in the villages
- ♦ Training for Shrimp fry collectors
- ♦ Rearing of chicks / poultry
- ♦ Sundarban messages for crab collectors

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ Many of the villagers got the Sundarbans Conservation either and follow in their everyday life
- Most crab collectors now use alls instead of monitor lizard
- ♦ CCEC now in the process of preparing crab feed packet and sell to the crab collectors as alternative to monitor lizard, endangered species of Sundarban mangrove forest

Technical Reports Prepared:

Newsletter, leaflet and poster prepared

3.2.3 Community Development Centre (CODEC)

CODEC - 01

Title		Status
Socio-economic Development of the Coastal and Riv Fourth Phase	erine Fisherfolk Communities,	On-going
Location		
Chittagong/Lakshmipur/Noakhali/Patuakhali /Barguna l A total of 17 Upazillas including 92 Unions covering 75		
Implementing Agency		
Community Development Centre (CODEC)		
Executing Organisation		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
DANIDA	DKK 48.2 million	
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date	
June 2006		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & o	thers	

'erson with detailed address, telephone & others

Dr. Khurshid Alam, Executive Director, CODEC

House 62/B, Road 3, Chandgao R/A, Chittagong, PO Box 1067

Tel: 031-670663/671405; Fax: 031-610774; e-mail: codec@spnetctg.com

Ms. Mahal Aminuzzaman, DANIDA (Ph - 882 2499)

Development Objectives

CODEC's development objective is to ensure that coastal and riverine communities participate in the mainstream development process and realize social, political and economic benefits.

Immediate Objectives

The immediate objective of CODEC is: The target groups enabled to articulate and exercise their rights and to improve their earnings from better conserved fishing environment and non-traditional sources of income.

Activities Performed

The main activities of CODEC is to organize the targeted villagers into the groups and to develop these groups through skill training, group based credit support, literacy training and awareness training, to the point where they are self-reliant with the active and democratic participation of their members.

Hence, the key elements of CODEC program are as follows;

- a. Institution Building and Development (Village Organisations and Coordination Committees)
- b. Education (Children and Adult)
- c. Training (Human development and Skill development)
- d. Support Program (Health, Water and Sanitation, Plantation, etc)
- e. Policy advocacy, projects and consultancies
- f. Savings and Credit.

On-going Activities

CODEC is currently working in 752 villages with 46,933 households and has organized 1969 Village Organisations with a total membership of 57,357 under various programmes of whom 22,222 are male and 35,135 are female. A total of 27 Coordination Committees of village organisations are formed. Under Children education programme in 2002, a total of 4846 students (2320 boys and 2526 girls) are continuing their education under 264 education shifts. A total of 270 children organisations are formed among the students of education centres. A total of 7405 adult members are graduated under Adult education programme. 563 Tube

wells as well as 13,408 Latrines were distributed in the communities. In every rainy monsoon, a huge number of tree plants are collected and distributed among the household families. Under the Savings and Credit Programme, the group members deposit an amount of Tk. 62,849.5 as Savings fund.

Brief Description of findings/results

- Total 27 Apex Organizations Coordination Committees are functioning in the coastal area towards claiming rights and status of coastal communities.
- Numbers of Boys and Girls graduated from CODEC non-formal schools accomplished SSC, HSC & University Degree.
- Adolescent boys and girls are exposing with different cultural events such as debate, wall painting, open-air theater etc.
- Small enterprise and business have been extended in the coastal area through skill training.
- VOs leadership and management functioning sufficiently through organization development training.
- GoB and NGOs health, sanitation, plantation and other social services are gradually channelized in the community through Coordination Committees.
- Coordination Committees developed a rapport and linkage with respective Union Parishad.
- Right-based issues such as sea piracy, khash land distribution, river erosion, women violence, dowry and early marriage have been addressing by the VOs and Coordination Committee.
- Regular Savings deposit habits are practicing individually and collectively.
- Family based income enhancement largely visualized through intervention of credit program.

Technical Reports Prepared

- CODEC Half-yearly and Annual Progress Report
- Minor Study Report on Program Impact conducted by internal and external resource persons.

Status Date: December 2002 Sector: Community Development

CODEC - 02

itle		Status	
Community Development Centre (CODEC)		SWD-1160185	
Location			
Chittagong, Lakshmipur, Noakhali, Patuakhali, Bargur	Chittagong, Lakshmipur, Noakhali, Patuakhali, Barguna		
Implementing Agency			
CODEC, Chittagong			
Executing Organisation	Executing Organisation		
CODEC			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
DANIDA			
Start Date	Completion Date		
February 1985	Open ended		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others			
Executive Director, COCEC			

General Objective

CODEC's development objective is to ensure that coastal and riverine communities participate in the mainstream development process and realise social, political and economic benefits.

House 62/B, Road 3, Chandgaon R/A, Chittagong. Phone: 031-670663

Specific Objectives

The immediate objective is to enable the target group to understand, articulate and exercise their right and to improve their earnings from better conserved fishing environment and non traditional savers of income.

Ultimate aim

The ultimate aim of CODEC's intervention is to improve the socio-economic standing of the fisher-folk communities and to empower them through institution building, education and training and provision of savings and credit facilities. The VOs within an area, typically a Union, will form a Coordination Committee, which will be democratically elected by the VOs. The CC will act as spokesman for the member VOs and it will eventually take over the responsibilities and activities from CODEC.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Institution Building
- ♦ Education
- ♦ Training
- ♦ Support program
- ♦ Savings and credit
- ♦ Policy advocacy

On-going Activities

- **♦** Institution Building
- ♦ Education
- ♦ Training
- ♦ Support program
- ♦ Savings and credit
- ♦ Policy advocacy

Brief Description of findings/results

♦ 665 male and 1430 female Village Organizations (VOs) formed with 23,042 male and 43,787 female members.

- ♦ 27 Coordination Committees are in operation
- Nearly 1000 VO members have been benefited from Apad kalin Tahbil.
- ♦ Total 25342 boys and girls students passed out from CODEC non formal schools
- ♦ 62 adolescent groups are functioning
- ♦ Awareness Raising training provided to nearly 36,020 VO members
- ♦ Skill development training provided to 3,698 VO members
- ♦ Above 574 tubewell distributed to the working villages
- ♦ Above 13,765 latrine distributed to the working villages
- Above 7 crore Taka deposited as savings and used for productive purpose.

Technical Reports Prepared

- ♦ Fourth Five Year Plan 2001-2006
- ♦ CODEC Annual Report.
- Minor Field Study on Phase out VOs.
- ♦ Minor Field Study on Coordination Committees performance.
- ♦ Coordination Committee Assessment Report and Profile.
- ♦ CODEC Glimpse.
- ♦ CODEC Pictorial Album.
- ♦ An independent qualitative evaluation of program activities of CODEC
- ♦ Reports on Special Projects.

3.2.4 PRODIPAN

PRODIPAN-01

Title		Status	
Save Our Sundarbans (SOS)		On-going	
Location			
Dacope, Paikgachha in Khulna and Mongla, and Sharo	nkhola in Bagerhat		
Implementing Agency			
PRODIPAN			
Executing Organization			
PRODIPAN	PRODIPAN		
Funding Agency	Funding Agency Funds Allocated (optional)		
CAFOD, Bread for the World			
Start Date	Completion Date		
July 1998	June 2004		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others			
Head Office: Khulna	Liaison Office, Dhaka		
Id. Mujibur Rahman, Coordinator Executive Director			
Prodipan	Prodipan		
Shaheb Bari Road, Maheswarpasha, Khulna 9203	6/1-A, (Gr Floor) Block F, La	lmatia, Dhaka 1207	
Tel: 041-774777; Fax: 041-774729	Tel: 02-8114847; Fax: 02-811	7663/8115386	
E-mail: ppnh@khulna.bangla.net	E-mail: prodipan@neksus.com	<u>m</u>	

General Objective

To initiate a sustainable natural resource management process by ensuring peoples participation through organizing the primary actors of the Sundarbans for regeneration of the forest and establishing their rights on the products and resources of the Sundarbans to secure their livelihood.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To create mass awareness for regeneration of the Sundarban
- ♦ To start a collective movement so that the primary actors of the forest can have community ownership on the forest and forest resources
- ♦ To involve the primary actors in regeneration process of the forest
- ♦ To provide the target families an alternative source of income so that the pressure on the forest is reduced
- ♦ To develop homestead forestry in order to reduce over-exploitation of forest resources

Activities Performed

On-going Activities

♦ Institution Building; Baseline survey; Rapport Building; Group formation; Savings building; Group Activities; Workshop; Household Afforestation; Dialogue; Credit for IGA; Staff Training; Group Members training; Monitoring and Supervision; Reporting.

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ The morality of opportunist group of government officials are being changed
- The forest officials honor the apex body leaders and in some cases seek help to identify the wood poachers
- ♦ Peoples are giving voluntary time while campaign continued by the apex leaders and Field Workers at the area
- Villagers promised to assist Peoples Vigilance Committee to protect and safeguard the forest
- Awareness increased among all level on the regeneration and conservation of Sundarbans resources

- People perceive the apex body as their own institute to safe guard their interest;
- ♦ To a large extend values and dignity of women has been recognized;
- ♦ Homestead plantation become popular to the area;
- A Resource users are extracting the Sundarbans resources scientifically and Eco-friendly;
- ♦ Self confidence on alternative livelihood activities has been increased;
- ♦ Alternative initiative to save the forest and water resources are being sensitized;
- ♦ Peoples' interest towards seasonal vegetable cultivation has been increased;
- ♦ Peoples knowledge has been increased on nutrition;
- ♦ The Sundarbans dependent people become much conscious to generate individual savings for self survival in the lean season;
- ♦ Upazila administration extends all co-operation to PRODIPAN for proper implementation of the Project

Technical Reports Prepared:

Usually PRODIPAN prepare six-monthly and annual reports for donors and generates monthly reports for internal use

3.2.5 Patuakhali Mohila Unnayan Samity (PMUS)

PMUS - 01

Title CERP, Housing, Fish Culture Micro-credit, Child Literacy, Sewing, Tonga Making, Cage Culture, Prostitute Rehabilitation Program		Status On-going	
Location			
Patuakhali			
Implementing Agency			
Patuakhali Mohila Unnaon Samity (PMUS)	Patuakhali Mohila Unnaon Samity (PMUS)		
Executing Organization			
Patuakhali Mohila Unnaon Samity (PMUS)	Patuakhali Mohila Unnaon Samity (PMUS)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (opt	tional)	
World Bank, Bangladesh Bank, Fisheries Dept., Southern NGO, Network, DANIDA, Forest Dept. and Self fund	BDT 1.04 Million		
Start Date	Completion Date		
1990			

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mrs. Monowara Hakim

Hs: 1, Rd: 1, Kaler Pukur Par, Patuakhali: 8600. Tel. 880-0441-62881

E-mail: pmus@bllb.net.bd

General Objective

PMUS is to raise awareness and consciousness of women about their existing socio-economic condition and to alleviate miserable socio-economic condition through creating employment opportunities and earning extra personal and family income.

Specific Objectives

- Agise awareness and consciousness of women about their existing socio-economic condition
- Urge them in taking joint ventures against prevailing injustices of all kinds and abolish them from the society
- Helping the destitute women for development of the society so that they may meet their basic needs and can establish harmony of justice and pace in their families, society and country
- Alleviate miserable socio-economic condition through creating employment opportunities and earning extra personal and family income
- Ome out of their veil, participate on socio-economic development activities and avail government facilities, which are meant for their development
- Rehabilitation of prostitute through different types of socio-economic works such as cage culture, fish culture, poultry, package preparation etc.

Activities Performed

- VGD: Two hundred women were trained up under this program. The women were skilled up under different types of training. The trainees received 30 Kg wheat per month. The program was conducted by fund of the Department of women affairs.
- Sewing: Fifty women were trained up under this program. PMUS have purchased 10 sewing machines and one embroidery machine for the training center. Fifty women were working under this program.
- Nursery development: Nursery and development of the environment is co-related in the context of Bangladesh. Women collected seeds from the locality and planted trees at their homestead area and PMUS own nursery.
- Adult education: Four thousands and fifty people were literate under this program at Galachipa thana. There were working 135 teachers and 10 supervisors. The Dept. of Non-formal Education funded this

- programme. There were 30 people (40% male, 60% female) per class whose age limitation were 18-45 years. PMUS received the prize of Best Performer of Non Formal education under International literacy day 98.
- ♦ Fish culture: PMUS has taken lease of a big pond named Kaler Pakur through tender call from Patuakhali Pourshava. This pond is used for developing the socio-economic condition of some poor beneficiaries through fish culture. Department of Fisheries (DoF) sanctioned some loan to PMUS for poverty alleviation of beneficiaries. PMUS has also sanctioned a large amount of credit from the own fund for this purpose. This program started in June 96. PMUS received the prize of the best fish farmer in 1998 from the Dept. of Fisheries.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Settlement of embankment settlers
- ♦ Formation FFG
- ♦ Plantation of sea-side embankment
- ♦ Plantation of mangrove foreshore
- ♦ Plantation of non-mangrove foreshore
- ♦ Utilization of community Development Fund (CDF) based on PRA/RRA
- Training of beneficiary groups and community members

Brief Description of findings/results

- Plantation has been completed in 67 hectors of embankments in Kuakata during July-August in the last year by the project of CERP and about 100 peoples have been benefited by the plantation project.
- ♦ Lands have been distributed among the landless people.
- Setting the tube well and sanitation have solved water and sanitation problem.
- Women have been trained up on the aquaculture and they are now financial benefited.
- ♦ The tailoring professions have provided women and creating various job opportunities has provided many prostitutes.

(All of the programmers are under Credit systems. But it is very tough to run the project smoothly due to proper communication and funding problem.)

Technical Reports Prepared

3.2.6 Wetland Resource Development Society (WRDS)

WRDS - 01

		WRDD 01
Title		Status
Demonstration of Hydroponics in Wetland and Waterlogged Area for Scaling up to the Whole Southwest Region of Bangladesh. (An alternative food production system for the people living in wetland and waterlogged areas)		Ongoing
Location		
Gopalgonj, Barisal, Perojpur, Bagerhat and Khulna Dis	stricts.	
Implementing Agency		
WRDS (Wetland Resource Development Society)		
Executing Organization		
WRDS (Wetland Resource Development Society)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
Prip Trust	BDT 1.3 million	
Start Date	Completion Date	
2000	31 st December 2003	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

A.H.M. Rezaul Haq, Fellow Advocacy Institute and Ashoka

21, (old 24) Hazi Mohsin Road, Khulna-9100 Tel: 88-041-723425; Fax: 88 (041) 731876

E-mail: wetland@bdcom.com

General Objective

Conservation and wise use of wetland for the benefit of wetland people.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To prepare a regional map of wetlands and waterlogged areas with Geo-morphological features showing natural, manmade wetlands and waterlogged areas separately
- ♦ To collect data on indigenous techniques of hydroponics from secondary sources and up-dated scientific (research) information.
- ♦ To collect data and information on farming practices and food production through soil-less cultivation hydroponics from the study areas.
- ♦ To collect data and information on socio-economic condition of wetland and waterlogged area people for designing and implementing an action plan for improving their livelihood and development of food production potentials in the study areas
- ♦ To identify the constraints and impediments of dissemination, replication and development of soilless cultivation in the whole region of wetland and waterlogged areas.
- ♦ To generate economic analyses of soil-less-cultivation and explore the market potentiality of the same in home and abroad.
- ♦ To develop a database on wetland management.

Activities Performed

- Demonstration research on hydroponics through field study, followed by field experiments in two selected areas of the project to develop, and hence standardize the hydroponics practices in wetland and waterlogged areas scattered in the southwest region of the country, and integrate such approach with indigenous knowledge, modern agro-technology & provide forward linkage for marketing support.
- Transfer of technology from the developed region (where soil less farming practices) to waterlogged region (where it is unfamiliar) for scaling up the same in suitable areas in the wetland and waterlogged regions of Bangladesh. Thereby, uplift socio-economic condition of the wetland and the

- waterlogged area people through introduction of soil-less cultivation of different crops/vegetables, etc.
- Build awareness in the civil society about productivity and function of wetland and develop a strategy for conservation of wetland.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Establishment of demonstration sites one in wetland and waterlogged areas.
- ♦ Identify the constraints and impediments of soil-less cultivation in wetland and waterlogged area, ensure conservation and soil-less cultivation and prescribe remedial measures most conducive for proper utilization of wetlands and waterlogged areas in the country.
- Provide logistics to some selected beneficiaries for involving in hydroponics farming, inter-alias, organize training for the beneficiaries on adoption of hydroponics technology.
- Generate economic and marketing data on hydroponics products from pilot/action research projects to work as a base for future economic and financial planning to make Hydroponics project profitable and cost effective for replication in other areas.
- Study the scope for increased women employment in soil-less cultivation hydroponics and utilization of other natural resources, which are apparently problematic in the project area.

Brief Description of findings/results

- The proposed project has been designed to assimilate appropriate knowledge on technology and management of hydroponics from the wetland areas of existing hydroponics practice and to explore potentiality, scope of operation and transfer of this technology especially in the water logging areas and for its scaling up to the whole region.
- The project further aims to identify the prevailing constraints or bottlenecks exploring their prospective solutions to make hydroponics profitable and cost effective for replication; flourishing open water fisheries; strengthening the resource base; opening large avenue for employment opportunity of rural unemployed people; to invigorate and rejuvenate the rural economy as well as to properly manage and conserve the wetland and waterlogged areas.
- ♦ The project will defrag indigenous knowledge and explore scope of utilization of indigenous technique for development of sustainable productive system.
- The project areas will be the wetlands of Gopalganj, Barisal and Perojpur districts where hydroponics is presently practiced and the vast waterlogged areas of Jessore and Khulna districts where water logging has adversely affected both the natural and social/human environment and hydroponics has not yet been practiced in spite of having its scope to mitigate the consequences.
- ♦ The methodology of the project will be assessing the existing knowledge base e. g. hydroponics farming system, appropriate technology & techniques, farming economics, management system etc. from the wetland areas and to make it practically adaptable in the waterlogged areas through its demonstration.
- The project will bring out with the outputs-assimilation of indigenous technology on hydroponics; employment generation; establishment of environmentally sound wetland conservation strategy; develop comprehensive database on hydroponics; advocating hydroponics to the relevant direct and indirect stake holders etc.
- The main project activities envisaged are; staff recruitment, staff orientation & training, field visit and site selection, beneficiary selection, logistic support to beneficiaries, group formation, updating database on
- \(\text{Hydroponics, workshop arrangement, submission of half yearly reports and evaluation and impact assessment of the project.}

Status Date: January 28, 2001 Sector: Environment

WRDS-02

		WKD3-02		
Title		Status		
Dissemination and standardization of hydroponics (floating garden) in water logged areas as an adaptation to the impact of climate change		Ongoing		
Location				
Gopalgonj, Bagerhat and Jessore Districts.				
Implementing Agency				
Wetland Resource Development Society				
Executing Organization				
CARE Bangladesh (RVCC)				
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)			
CIDA	1.9 million Taka			
Start Date	Completion Date			
March 2003	March 2005			

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

A.H.M. Rezaul Haq, Fellow Advocacy Institute and Ashoka

21, (old 24) Hazi Mohsin Road, Khulna-9100, Bangladesh.

Tel: 88-041-723425; Fax: 88 (041) 731876

E-mail: wetland@bdcom.com

General Objective

To contribute to the Canada Climate Change Development Fund adaptation program by increasing the capacity of Bangladeshi Communities in the southwest to adapt to the adverse effects to climate change.

Specific Objectives

- Dissemination and replication of hydroponics in unutilized waterlogged areas
- ♦ 300 vulnerable households demonstrate improved capacity to innovate in their livelihood strategies, reducing vulnerability to climate change
- Development of alternative agro-ecosystem and sustainable environment management in water logged areas susceptive to climate change and conservation of wetland without making micro change in ecology and ecosystem
- ♦ Standardization of existing system of hydroponics

Activities Performed

Dissemination of floating garden in Jessore at Keshobpur

On-going Activities

- ♦ Training
- ♦ Cross visit
- Demonstration of Floating Garden by Experienced Farmer

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical reports Prepared

- Greenhouse gas reduction & floating garden
- ♦ Water logging and floating garden
- Water hyacinth a long ignored aquatic weed

3.2.7 CARE International Bangladesh

CARE - 01

Title		Status		
Livelihoods Monitoring Project (LMP)		On-going		
Location				
Cox's Bazar				
Implementing Agency				
CARE Bangladesh				
Executing Organization				
CARE Bangladesh				
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)			
DFID	BDT 12.84 million			
Start Date	Completion Date			
April 2000	March 2005			

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Livelihoods Coordinator

61, Road # 7/A, Dhanmondi, Dhaka 1209. Tel.: 9129209, 9115839, 9112315 Ext. 132

E-mail: arif@carebangladesh.org

General Objective

To increase the effectiveness of CARE and DFID's current and future interventions for rural poor in Bangladesh. The ultimate goal is to identify processes and approaches, which will best capture the needs of a target community. This will allow management to strategize more efficiently as to what are the best interventions, which will mitigate the needs of this target community.

Purpose:

Livelihood lessons from SHABGE and GO-INTERFISH applied by DFID & CARE. At the effect level, it is important that DFID and CARE are actually applying the findings. This will depict a behavioral change in these organizations and will imply that the outputs from the LMP are being positively accepted as being useful. Initially starting with SHABGE and GO-INTERFISH, it is expected that this approach will eventually spread to other projects within these 2 organizations

Specific Objectives (Outputs)

- Quantify the livelihood changes in project participants. This output deals strictly with quantitative information of variations in different parameters surrounding a HH's livelihoods. This indices health security, educational security, food security, habitat security, economic security, and social capital.
- Understand the causes of livelihood changes of project participants; This Output will deal with qualitative issues surrounding a HH.
- Analyze the wider livelihood context of project areas; this will deal with broader issues affecting communities and villages. Activities will encapsulate regional shifts in livelihoods, from secondary data sources, and try to understand better how structures and processes at a regional and governmental level are affecting these communities. It will also try to better assess the degree to which the project contributes in encouraging policy level changes, prompting governments to establish resource centers and processes to benefit such communities.
- ♦ Develop the guidelines for livelihoods monitoring to equip CARE and DFID in institutionalizing livelihoods monitoring system within the participatory project M&E systems.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Methodologies for livelihoods monitoring developed;
- ♦ Staff recruitment completed;
- ♦ Staff received Livelihoods orientation;
- ♦ First round baseline done and data were analyzed;

♦ Strategies for baseline formulated;

On-going Activities

- ♦ Baseline for northwest;
- Ocollecting contextual information for southeast (Cox's Bazar & Chittagong).

Brief Description of findings/results

Technical Reports Prepared

A case study on LMP has been developed and waiting for publication.

Status Date: March 2001 Sector: Community Development

CARE - 02

Title		Status		
Strengthening Household Access to Bari Gardening Extension (SHABGE-Dfid)		On-going		
Location				
Cox's Bazar, Chittagong				
Implementing Agency				
CARE Bangladesh				
Executing Organization				
CARE Bangladesh and 9 PNGO(s)				
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)			
DFID-Bangladesh	BDT 11.56 million			
Start Date	Completion Date			
July 1999	June 2007			

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Anthony Barclay Hill

Project Coordinator, SHABGE-DFID Project (SE)

CARE-Cox's Bazar Field Office (Opposite to BDR Camp mosque)

Jhilongja, Cox's Bazar-4700.

Tel: 0341-62048 (Office), 011-812318 (Mobile), 0341-62213 (Res.)

E-mail address: abhill@gshakti.com

General Objective

To improve the household food security of poor women and men farmers in 5 districts.

Specific Objectives

- A Capacity of poor women and men to innovatively manage their homestead resources improved.
- FFS groups have enhanced ability to access information, inputs and services for homestead production.
- ♦ Effective network of service providers established.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Training needs assessment of project and PNGO staffs
- ♦ Identify/select NGOs
- ♦ Sign MoU with PNGOs
- Foundation training for PNGO and CARE staff
- Developed PPs and budgets of the PNGOs
- ♦ Conduct gender workshops and training for PNGO and CARE staff
- ♦ Identify new working areas
- ♦ Implement options for secondary adoption
- ♦ Continue school programming
- Develop mechanism for networking with service provider and FFS/LE
- ♦ Attend technical/coordination committee meeting of DAE and NGOs at district and upazila level

On-going Activities

- ♦ Technology promotion through on farm trials/pair trials
- ♦ Continue School program
- Promote Secondary adoption (buddy system, union mela, upazila mela, district mela, field day, wall writing/promotional board)
- ♦ Support to Phase out Farmers Field School (FFS) group (Conduct co-facilitators' training, Group

- mgt. & leadership training, networking training.)
- ♦ Implement FFS to service providers linkage mechanism
- ♦ Jointly program implementation with Department of Agriculture Extension (DAE)
- Introduce phase out FFS group with local PNGOs, DAE (BS), seed, fertilizer vendors, credit institution and other GO, NGO, private impacts suppliers
- ♦ Piloting farmers federation
- ♦ Networking (DAE/Livestock/fisheries department, workshop, joint activities in the field)
- ♦ Coordination meeting/linkage (NGOs'/CBOs)

Brief Description of findings/results

- Most of the women have gained positive changes in vegetable production, consumption and knowledge. Women are gaining incomes, which is either shared in the family or used by women "as they want".
- ♦ The project has great potential to support women to achieve changes in their social status. Many of the women are experiencing significant changes in their position in the HH and the community. The husbands were treating them with more respect and allowing them to participate in making decisions. Their mobility increased.
- ♦ The ability of poor women to benefit from this project is very dependent on the size of homestead.
- Overall the 'end result' of partnership has been graded in between 'medium to excellent.
- PNGOs are delivering services at a lower cost. PNGOs are taking on more responsibilities for the project work. Both parties are trying to develop more of a partnership relationship.
- A standard capacity building program for a unique set of organizations is unlikely to meet the needs of each PNGO and results in provision of unnecessary and expensive support.
- ♦ There is a need for a practical plan for shared leaning and programming development with PNGOs.
- The current project would be considered highly satisfactory by many development agencies, but if CARE and DFID expect SHABGE to have a significant impact on the formation of social capital there needs to be significant changes to how the Farmer Field School is organized and implemented.
- The SHABGE (DFID) project is resulting in the adoption of a wide-range of innovations that are undoubtedly beneficial, but they do not generate an understanding of underlying scientific principles, nor are they fostering systematic experimentation among the targeted women. FFS is these things that have provided the basis for self-sustaining learning groups in some other countries: groups that organize and conduct field trials and training of other farmers, group that negotiate services with government agencies and advocate their own issues and rights. All this is possible when farmers become experts. In SHABGE, the women are becoming adopters. A large number of them appear to be productive, healthy and happy adopters.
- ♦ The consultant found a contradiction between the technology development approach and the FFS extension approach. The FFS approach is based on experiential learning and participatory development; whereas the current technology development approach is a more didactic, one-way information flow.

Technical Reports Prepared:

- ♦ 2 output to purpose review (OPR) done by external consultants
- ♦ Partnership review
- ♦ Farmers Field school approach
- ♦ Monitoring & Evaluation
- ♦ Historical Review of the Homestead Program
- ANR Conference proceeding (internally produced)

Status Date: October 2002 Sector: Community Development

CARE - 03

Title		Status		
Local Initiative for Farmers Training (LIFT) Project		On- going		
Location				
Greater Noakhali district				
Implementing Agency				
CARE Bangladesh				
Executing Organization				
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)			
DANIDA	433272 US Dollar			
Start Date	Completion Date			
July 1998	July 2005			

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Project Coordinator (LIFT)

Hs: 66, Rd: 7/A, Dhanmondi R/A, Dhaka 1209 Tel: 9112315/163, Fax: 8114183; 8114207 E-mail: sajeda@carebangladesh.org

General Objective

Aims to improve the household food security of poor women and men farmers by ensuring improved access to information adn inputs required for sustainable and productive homestead gardening and homestead agro forestry.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Farmers, in particular female farmers in the project area able to:
- Apply their self-help potential on some techniques i.e., composting, raised beds, multiple cropping, integrated pest managemnt and input production
- Make use of their homesteads and available natural resources for maximizing income and expenditure saving through BIG and tree management techniques (ecologically);
- ♦ Interact effectively with government and other services concerned with agricultural development
- A rural system of Local Suppliers (LS) of seedlings and seed production and tree management services established.
- ♦ Improved nutritional well-being of farming households in the first phase project area (Cluster-1)

Activities Performed

- ♦ Socio-economic baseline done for 1st and 2nd cluster participants.
- ♦ Worked in both 1st and 2nd cluster for the capacity building of participating farmer.
- ♦ Established 322 Local Nurseries (LSs) in the project area.
- ♦ Formed 322 farmers' field schools (FFS).
- ♦ Piloted nutrition education along with agriculture education.
- ♦ Established local supplyers of seed.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Training for the project participants on agriculture nutrition and some other common problem like arsenic and disaster mitigation through Farmers Field Schools (FFS)
- ♦ Working in collaboration with government Department of Agriculture Extension (DAE) to ensure support for the project participants.

Brief Description of findings/results

Nutrition education and homestead vegetable production combinedly improved the nutritional status of project participants.

Sector: Community Development

- ♦ FFS groups do not exist after withdrawal of project support unless it has formed an association or Samity.
- Rural small nursery business in better run by lower middle class farmer family not by the ultra poor.

Technical Reports Prepared:

- ♦ Socio-economic baseline report of 1st and 2nd cluster participants.
- ♦ Assessment of school activities of LIFT.
- ♦ Assessment of phased out cluster.
- A Base line report of knowledge and behavior related to nutrition.
- ♦ Mid term report of nutrition pilot activities.
- ♦ Project midterm review reports.

Status Date: November 2003

CARE-05

Title	Status	
Disaster Management Project	On-going	
Location		
248 high-risk upazilas in Barisal, Chittagong, Dhaka and S	Sylhet division.	
Implementing agency		
CARE Bangladesh with 19 PNGOs		
Executing organization		
CARE Bangladesh (Disaster Management Unit) with 19 P	'NGOs	
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated	
USAID	BDT 13.40 million	
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)	
1999	2003	
C. 4. 4 D 21. 1.4. 1.1. 11 4.1. 1 0 4		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

General Objective

To promote and protect the food and livelihood security of vulnerable groups in enderdeveloped, high risk rural adn urban areas of Bangladesh

Specific Objectives

To promote and protect household resources and assets and to promote effective and sustainable instituitonal support system.

Activities Performed

Two major snap shot of the encouraging activities of DMP are

- Situation monitoring and reporting, alerting team members, responses and rehabilitation become major activities during emergencies;
- DMP has responded to several major disasters and provided millions of people with survival packets, medical support and rehabilitaiton programs since inception.

On-going Activities

- Ouring normal time the DMP undertakes preparedness activities including increasing capacity of local elected people's representatives and local government institutes
- ♦ Developemnt of local action plan
- ♦ Risks and resource mapping
- Volunteer training and awareness activities involving community and other stke holders
- ♦ Situation monitoriing and reporting, alerting team memebrs
- Responses and rehabilitationas major actiovites during emergencies
- Skill development activities for the government and NGOs

Brief Description of findings/results

- Project targeted women for preparedeness activities at the community level by recruiting female field workers to match the number of male workers
- ♦ Forming particiaptory female community groups
- ♦ Training women on local disaster management and preparedness activities
- \Diamond A network for information, reponse and preparedness activities on disater (NIRAPAD)
- The project has three amjor categories i.e., reactive local level action plan, capacity building of partner NGOs and capacity building of CARE

Technical Report Prepared

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Community Development

CARE-06

Title		Status
Reducing Vulnerability to Climate Change (RVCC)	Project	On-going
Location		
Bagerhat, Gopalganj, Jessore, Khulna, Narail and Satkh	nira	
Implementing Agency		
CARE- Bangladesh		
Executing Organization		
CARE- Bangladesh		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
CIDA BDT 7.6 million		
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Da	te
2002	2005	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Ms. Cludia Schaerer

Project Co-ordinator, RVCC, CARE Bangladesh

Hs: 14, Rd: 113, Khalishpur Housing Estate, Khulna 9000

Tel: 041-761250, 0171818995

Email: cluadia@khulna.bangla.net; carervcc@khulna.bangla.net;

General Objective

To help communities to adapt to the adverse effects of climate change.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To work with communities and institutions to raise awareness on climate changes, adapt to environmental changes that could be exacerbated by climate change
- ♦ To influence relevant policy

Activities Performed

- ♦ Different levels of working arena has been identified;
- ♦ Union Parishads and local NGOs have been selected also.

On-going Activities

The project is working at different levels

- ♦ Household level: to improve the capacity of 6000 vulnerable to adapt to climate change impacts by making them aware on the new livelihood strategies, using a group based approach and with the support of the trained CARE staffs or local partner organization
- Ommunity Level: the project is working with eight Union Parishads and community leaders to increase awareness of climate change impacts and develop and implement adaptation strategies
- Institutional level: the project is there to support the capacity building of local NGOs in four areas, i.e., collection and dissemination of information, advocacy, awareness campaign on climate change, train schoolteachers to increase the awareness on climate change among the students
- National level: Project partners is interacting regularly with national level climate change stakeholders on policy advocacy issues to increase awareness of local climate change implications and local people's needs.

Brief Description of findings/results

- RVCC is the first initiative in Bangladesh exclusively focused on effects of climate change
- ♦ RVCC is working to enhance capacity of the South West region of Bangladesh to adapt to the adverse affects of climate change

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Community Development

CARE-07

Title		Status
The Chittagong Export Processing Zone (CEPZ) Corpo	orate Pilot Project	On-going
Location		
Chittagong		
Implementing Agency		
CARE Bangladesh		
Executing Organization		
CARE Bangladesh		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optiona	al)
Timberland Company-A private American Company and CARE Bangladesh BDT 3.72 million		
Start Date	(Expected) Completion I	Date
2001 2003		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Project Coordinator

CEPZ Corporate Pilot Project

Hs: 14, Rd:04, Kulshi Residential Area, Chitagong 4000

Tel: Shared: 031 653653; DMP: 031 653707

Email: carectg@spctnet.com; hiverctg@spctnet.com;

General Objective

To improve the live of the factory workers in the Zone by working with the private sector.

Specific Objectives

This project aims to improve the lives of 10000 people in CEPZ area, mainly targeting workers of Young One and others located in Navy Gate, Bandartila and Salt Gola in South Halishahar in the Chittagong district through major five components

- ♦ Health and hygiene promotion
- Reproductive Health (HIV/STD)
- ♦ Water, Sanitation and hygiene
- ♦ General health (Maternal and Child health, Nutrition)
- Micro Savings and Credit
- ♦ Disaster preparedness

Activities Performed

- ♦ The project has adopted the peer approach for strategic intervention.
- MAMATA was selected as the local organization implementing the project with the technical and financial assistance from CARE.
- Three peer monitors and sixteen outreach workers are selected from the production workers residing in the project area
- Ommittees are formed of key stakeholders in the community who carry out the program.

On-going Acti vities

- ♦ CARE and MAMATA meet monthly while tripartite meetings are organized every two months among YOUNGANE, MAMATA and CARE.
- ♦ Improving hygiene practices among the workers;
- \Diamond Enhancing awareness of common diseases and referral services;
- ♦ Improving health seeking behaviors related specially to HIV/STD;
- Accessing flexible micro savings and credit facilities to improve behavior and provide credit for

emergencies;

♦ Improving disaster preparedness both at factory and community level.

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ Extended portfolio of partnerships to include private/business sector
- ♦ The micro finance component has enabled workers to take or repay loans during their lunch break with the opening of a micro finance booth
- ♦ 17044 women will benefit as principle participants of the project

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Community Development

3.2.8 Mennonite Central Committee (MCC)

MCC - 01

Title	Status
MCC Agriculture Programme	On-going
Location	
Greater district of Noakhali	
Implementing Agency	
Mennonite Central Committee	
Executing Organization	
Mennonite Central Committee	
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
Mennonite Central Committee (MCC)	
Start Date	Completion Date
Open ended project	
Contact Person with detailed address telepho	ne & others

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Derek D'Silva

MCC, P.O. Maijdi Court, Noakhali. Tel: 0321-5433

General Objective

Improvement of the quality of life of the rural poor

Specific Objectives

Build the capacity of the rural poor through

- ♦ Utilizing their resources more intensively in an environmentally friendly way.
- ♦ Increasing agricultural production through environmentally friendly activities.
- ♦ Increasing incomes through best environmentally friendly management practices.
- Enhancing learning.
- Promoting Gender and Development awareness, and in increasing women's involvement in development.
- Promoting awareness about the environment and its protection
- ♦ Improving the health and nutritional status of the poor
- ♦ Promoting awareness about peaceful family life
- ♦ Selected and worked with 53 partner NGOs

Activities Performed

Main activities performed are research and extension oriented which includes

- Motivated over 4000 families to cultivate vegetables for home consumption and also for the market, raise poultry and livestock under improved management practices.
- ♦ Trainings and lessons were given to farm households (men and women separately)
- Extensive trainings given to farmers on compost preparation, manual control of crop pests and IPM.
- ♦ Trials were done on station and on farm with vegetables, fish, goats, cattle and rice to identify technologies profitable to poor farmers.
- ♦ Partner NGO staff skill developed.
- ♦ Made available good quality seeds to partner NGOs.
- ♦ Available of appropriate Agriculture Technologies to partner NGOs increased.

On-going Activities

Trails with fish, vegetables, livestock and crops ongoing

Brief Description of findings/results

Small farmers farming systems can be improved substantially through the introduction of new technologies.

Technical Reports Prepared

Research results published annually.

Status Date: February 2001

Sector: Productive Resources Management

3.2.9 Mass-line Media Center (MMC)

MMC - 01

		MINIC 01
Title		Status
Support to Mass-line Media Centre		On-going
Location		
National Program including activities in Noakhali, Lakshmipur, Feni, Patuakhali, Barguna, Barisal, Bhola, Jhalokati & Pirojpur		
Implementing Agency		
Mass-line Media Centre (MMC)		
Executing Organization		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
DANIDA	DKK 8,101,773	
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date	
2000	2003	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Kamrul Hassan Monju

MMC, Tel: 9125077. E-mail: massline@bangla.net

General Objective

The project is to enhance the respect for human rights of women and men, democratic participation of all citizens in the political process and good governance promoted through development of a pluralistic, independent and professional media sector

Specific Objectives (related to coastal zone)

The project activities will strengthening the local press through established and functioning media centres, secure coverage of human rights and gender issues and secure an increased circulation of local newspaper through provision of adequate support services

Activities Performed

- ♦ Training provided to local journalists
- ♦ Published Fortnightly newspapers from Noakhali and Patuakhali
- ♦ Conducted research on impact of training
- Arranged seminars/workshops on local human rights and development issues
- Support of ready reference service and a library with books on human rights, development and democratic issues for local journalists and others interested.
- ♦ Published books on local human rights and development issues
- Observed Union Parishad Election 1997 at the 5 coastal districts

On-going Activities

- ♦ Training for journalists
- Newspaper publication
- Research on local human rights, good governance & women empowerment issues.
- ♦ Networking with stakeholders on human rights, development & gender issues.
- ♦ Continuing a documentation and library service for all.
- Dublications of books on human rights, development, good governance, journalism, research etc.

Brief Description of findings/results

Training has created huge enthusiasm among the local journalists and their level of skill has increased

- ♦ Newspaper readership increasing.
- ♦ Good relationship with local media has established.
- Presentation of news in the local newspaper has changed and number of local news has increased in the local newspapers.
- ♦ Flow of local news from the local correspondents in the national dailies also increased.
- Networking seminars were highlighted the issues related to livelihood of coastal people and those were appreciated by the authority & the civil society.

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: December 2000

Sector: Awareness/Information dissemination

3.2.10 CARITAS

CARITAS-01

Title		Status
Sustainable Resource Management in Brackish Wat	ter Areas	On-going
Location		
25 villages of Shyamnagar Thana under Satkhira Distri	ict.	
Implementing Agency		
Caritas Fisheries Program		
Executing Organization		
Caritas		
Funding Agency Funds Allocated (optional)		
Start Date	Completion Date	
October 1998 September 2003		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Bitu D' Costa, Executive Director

Caritas Bangladesh, 2, Outer Circular Road, Shantibagh, Dhaka: 1217, Bangladesh

Tel: 831 5405-09; Fax: 831 4993; E-mail: <u>Caritasb@citechco.net</u>

General Objective

To establish an environmentally sustainable, economically viable and socially equitable community based coastal resource management approach in the rice/shrimp culture zone

Specific Objectives

- To make people (men and women) aware of the degradation of the environment and involve people in protecting the quality of environment they live in.
- To explore the other resource base social and economical opportunities available in the coastal areas, where shrimp culture is a single trend now.
- ♦ To address the problems of coastal community in the areas of Agriculture, Forestry, Fisheries,
- ♦ Poultry, Livestock.
- ♦ To support beneficiaries for sanitation water supply and environment development.
- To involve poor/marginal in agricultural activities through scientific rotation of shrimp paddy cultivation including proper management of salinity saline tolerant plant and paddy cultivation showing eco-friendly demonstrated activities.
- To raise the institutional capability of organized beneficiaries, so that the community can continue and manage the activities when the project ends.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Baseline Survey Completed
- ♦ Study Tour 1 (6 participants)
- ♦ Staff Training 9 (88 participants)
- ♦ Community Training 11 (1971 participants)
- ♦ Workshops 11 (4119 participants)
- ♦ Demonstration activities on rice-shrimp farm (2);
- ♦ Plant nursery (2 mangrove and social); rain water reservoir (2);
- ♦ Eco-village;
- ♦ Environmental educational program (2);

- ♦ Environmental sanitation program (400 set);
- ♦ Plantation (20000 mangrove);
- ♦ Vegetable seed distribution (75 kg);
- ♦ TW setup (6) and
- ♦ RGA (482 projects)

On-going Activities

- Familiarizing Project aims and objectives with local people.
- ♦ Identification of beneficiaries (through-PRA)
- ♦ Organize groups
- ♦ Carry out baseline re-survey
- ♦ Initiate group's activities, savings and awareness programs.
- ♦ Involve beneficiaries in Income Generation Projects.
- ♦ Establish demo-farms
- ♦ Capacity development of beneficiaries for environment protection and institutional development
- ♦ Involve other stakeholders for sustainable community development
- ♦ Introduction of bio-diversity with shrimp collectors, social forestry, homesteads gardening.
- ♦ Continue monitoring, evaluation and reporting.

Brief Description of findings/results

Status Date: January 28, 2001 Sector: Productive Resources Management

Title		Status
Rural Infrastrucutre and Job Creation Measures		On-going
Location		
Satkhira, Barisal region		
Implementing agency		
CARITAS Bangladesh		
Executing organization		
CARITAS Bangladesh		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated	
MISEREOR	BDT 0.98 million	
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)
1979	2004	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Regional Director, CARITAS, Rupsha Busstand Road, Khulna

General Objective

To create employment opportunities and increase purchasing power of rural people as wella sto develop rural infrastructure for making rural communication quicker adn easier.

Specific Objectives

Through field raising and construction of community centres this project aims to contribute in youth development and social mobilization as well.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Reconstruction of road
- ♦ Re-excavation of road
- ♦ Construction/reconstruction of Pucca bridge
- ♦ Construction/setting of RCC pipe culverts
- ♦ Construction of box culverts
- ♦ Field or ground raising for school
- Onstruction of iron structure and wooden bridge
- ♦ Construction/reconstruction of embankments
- ♦ Road /pond protection/piling
- ♦ Volume of earth work etc.

On-going Activities

Development of rural infrastures

Brief Description of findings/results

- Project has made indirect contribution towards empowerment process by way of strengthening group cohesion, unity, solidarity and practical experiences in project planning, management and evaluation
- ♦ Contributed in youth development by way of improving playground for sports and recreation

Technical Report Prepared

- ♦ Evaluation report
- ♦ Annual progress review

Status Date: October 2003 Sector: Cooperative & Extension Services and Rural Development

Title		Status
Sustainable Environment Mangement Programme (SEMP) in Brackish Water Areas		On-going
Location		
Satkhira		
Implementing agency		
CARITAS Bangladesh		
Executing organization		
CARITAS Bangladesh		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated	
United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) BDT 10.9 million		
Start Date Completion Date (Expected)		(Expected)
1998	2003	
1		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Regional Director, CARITAS, Khulna

General Objective

To overcome environmental degradation and poverty

Specific Objectives

To prevent over exploitaiton of natural resources by intervening some technologies and awareness building activities

Activities Performed

- ♦ Formation of groups
- ♦ Baseline survey conduction
- Demonstration activities i.e., rice-shrimp farm, plant nursery, environment school, pond reexcavation, resiource generating activites, bee keeping.
- ♦ Distributed materials for rain water hervest
- ♦ Bio-gas plant
- ♦ Solar electrification
- ♦ Study tour
- ♦ Training courses etc.

On-going Activities

The project is moving in the right direction. Some bold steps towrds minimizing pressures on natural resources have been take, namely

- ♦ Introduction of improved stoves
- ♦ Alternative livelihoods to awareness building
- ♦ Appropriate species of plants are being tried and tested

Brief Description of findings/results

The findings of the project has drawn some conclusions

- ♦ Who will take over the project after termination
- ♦ How will be the transition be made
- ♦ Capacity building stretegies of the successors

Technical Report Prepared

Annual progress report

Status date: October 2003 Sector: Fisheries Development

Title		Status
Drinking Water and Sanitation		On-going
Location		
Chittagong, Khulna Region		
Implementing agency		
CARITAS Bangladesh		
Executing organization		
CARITAS Bangladesh		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated	
MISEREOR/ Zentralstelle	BDT 0.57 million	
Start Date	Completion Date	(Expected)
1979	2003	
Contact Person with detailed address telephone &	othona	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Regional Director, CARITAS, Chittagong

General Objective

Ensure safe and sufficient water within easy reach that is a prequisite of health for all

Specific Objectives

To install tube well aand pit latrine for safe water and sanitation facility

Activities Performed

- ♦ Sinking of the tube wells
- ♦ Installation of pit latrines
- ♦ Installation of clay amde latines

On-going Activities

Coverage in case of safe drinking water in the rural areas of Bangladesh is 90% but in case of sanitary latrine it is only 35-40%. Many NGOs including the concerned government agencies are actively involved in providing educational and material inputs to achieve 100% coverage in safe drinking water and sanitation. Caritas is committed to help achieve the set target i.e., 100%. Management of arsenic contamination.

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ Tube well and pit latrine installation to ensure safe water and sanitaiton
- Awareness building and refrain people from drinking polluted and arsenic contanmited water
- ♦ Arrange for scietific methods i.e., pond sand filter etc.

Technical Report Prepared

Status date: October 2003 Sector: Water and Sanitation

Title		Status	
Regional Trade Schools for Underprivileged youth and Women		On-going	
Location			
Barisal Region	Barisal Region		
Implementing Agency			
CARITAS			
Executing Organization			
CARITAS			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (opti	onal)	
MISERIOR BDT 10.36million			
Start Date (Expected) Completion Date		on Date	
1994 2004			
Contact Dargen with detailed addre	agg talanhana & athang		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Regional Director

Barisal Regional Office, Barisal

General Objective

To produce skilled work force towards nation-building programme by the Regional Trade Schools.

Specific Objectives

Provide skilled manpower in the informal non-farm sector labor market.

Activities Performed

Following activities performed so far up to June 2002

- ♦ 16225 rural youths received training (both short and long term) under this program;
- ♦ A total number of 18790 students are admitted in the 'Trade Schools';
- ♦ About 15220 students are graduated
- ♦ Of the total graduated students about 9916 students achieved employment.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Employment rate of the youths are increasing;
- ♦ Skilled students are starting with their self-employment and self business;
- The regional trade schools are contributing over 40% towards running cost, which are met from the production and other works done by the skilled youths.

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ The poor drop out youths are getting benefit form this project by way of becoming self-reliant through vocational training;
- Subsidy provided to the students by the school is inadequate to meet up the total expenses. the school has to work and earn more in this regard;
- The employment rate of the passed students is above 70% that is higher than that of the national rate (60%) as well as the ILO rate (67%);
- Passed students has embarked upon self-employment and started with their own business
- ♦ Students contribute towards self reliance of the projects;
- The contribution of the training school is increasing day by day ad MAWTS is selling its Modular Training to those who seek employment abroad.

Technical Reports Prepared

Status date: October 2003 Sector: Vocational and trades Training

Title		Status
Underprivileged Children Preparatory Education Project (U	CPEP)	On-going
Location		
Khulna Region		
Implementing Agency	Implementing Agency	
CARITAS		
Executing Organization		
CARITAS		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (o	ptional)
CORDAID, The Netherlands and Secours Catholique, France	BDT 14.09 million	
Start Date	(Expected) Comple	etion Date
1994	2004	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Regional Director

Khulna Regional Office, Rupsha Bus Stand, Khulna

General Objective

Creating opportunity for education for the entire underprivileged child in the rural area as a basic human right.

Specific Objectives

To create equal opportunity for girls and boys through the UCPEP schools. The qualitative teaching and learning processes, expected learning outcome and to make the schools self-reliant are the core focus of UCPEP.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Total 312 UCPEP schools has been established
- ♦ Cumulative number of the total enrolled students up to June 2002 is 151965;
- Various steps and measures have been taken to enroll the standard number of students in each class, i.e., 30 for ensuring the quality teaching-learning process;
- ♦ Total 622 teachers have been appointed in UCPEP schools;

On-going Activities

- ♦ Helping the poor child in acquiring primary education through proper care and nursing.
- ♦ UCPEP has been newly designed to improve the over all implementation status

Brief Description of findings/results

- \Diamond Efforts are underway to achieve the ultimate goal of UCPEP;
- Some initiatives i.e., strengthening the management capacity of the School Management Committee, professional skill development of the teachers, achievement of learning outcome of the learners and sensitization for community ownership have been undertaken as the key elements under UCPEP for implementation;
- Community contribution" in terms of financial assistance for UCPEP school is still a very difficult task for the local community to achieve the self-reliant strategy;
- The number of drop out students have been increased as expansion of "Food for Education Programme" and as providing free books and other teaching materials in Government schools and child labor for family income etc.
- Evaluation study result shows that the enrollment rate is higher in the KG classes with substantial drop out in next classes.
- Inadequate staff strength to supervise the schools closely and intensively

Technical Reports Prepared

Status date: October 2003 Sector: Literacy and Numeracy

Title	Status
Safe Motherhood Project	On-going
Location	
Khulna region (Bagerhat)	
Implementing Agency	
CARITAS	
Executing Organization	
CARITAS	
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
MISEREOR, Germany	BDT 1.2 million
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date
1999	2004
Contact Dayson with detailed address	alambana 8 a4bana

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Regional Director

Khulna Regional Office, Khulna

General Objective

Save the mothers and babies.

Specific Objectives

To provide training to the village-midwives.

Activities Performed

- ♦ In terms of the maternal-child health has been improved through proper training;
- As part of the planned activities 146 basic training has been provided to the Village Midwives;
- A total number of 194 follow up training and 72 practical training for the Village Midwives has been provided up to June 2002.
- ♦ Seminar held on mother and child care

On-going Activities

- ♦ Training for the Village midwives
- ♦ Seminar on mother and child health care issues
- ♦ Training for the supervisors

Brief Description of findings/results

- Safe motherhood project is contributing in a small, but significant way to the improved health care for women and children in some of the most remote or isolated areas of the country, and therefore is helping to reducing the maternal and infant mortality in Bangladesh.
- ♦ The problems with the selection process of 'Village Midwives' have been overcome as they are being selected from the remote areas of the country, where the alternative mother-child health services or the trained qualified medical personnel are not available.
- To maintain a high standard of training in consideration of rising demand, an adequate number of competent and enthusiastic midwife-trainers are necessary who can impart the proper knowledge to the midwives regularly.

Technical Reports Prepared

Status date: October 2003 Sector: Community Health and Family Planning

3.2.11 Resource Integration Center (RIC)

RIC - 01

		RIC - 01
Title		Status
RIC Maheshkhali Project		On-going
Location		
Maheshkhali UZ of Chittagong District		
Implementing Agency		
Resource Integration Centre		
Executing Organization		
RIC		_
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
Help Age International, CARITAS, BPHC, AUS-Aid, CARE-DFID	N/A	
Start Date	Completion Date	
June 2001	June 2005	_
9/2 Block: D, Lalmatia, Dhaka: 1207 Tel: 8118475, Fax: 8114034. E-mail: ricdirector@agni.com		
General Objective		
Poverty alleviation through human resource and	d s ocio-economic development	
Specific Objectives		
 ♦ Community based development program for elderly people 		
♦ Mother-Child health care and family planning		
♦ Credit support for Income Generating Activity		
♦ Formal education for under – privileg	ed children	
♦ Strengthening Household Access to B	ari gardener Extension	
♦ Disaster Management Project		
Activities Performed		
On-going Activities		
Working on all the specific objectives		
Brief Description of findings/results		
Technical Reports Prepared:		

RIC - 03

		RIC - 03	
Title		Status	
Credit Support for Income Generation Program		On-going	
Location			
Sarankhola and Mathbaria in Pirojpur district, Mohesh	khali in Cox's Bazar distrist		
Implementing Agency			
Resource Integration Centre			
Executing Organization			
RIC			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
PKSF	N/A		
Start Date	Completion Date		
June 2001	On-going		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & o	others		
Abul Haseeb Khan, Director, RIC 9/2 Block: D, Lalmatia, Dhaka: 1207 Tel: 8118475, Fax: 8114034. E-mail: ricdirector@agni.com			
General Objective			
Poverty alleviation through human resource and socio-	economic development		
To improve the standard of coastal people's living	·		
Specific Objectives			
To increase income level of disadvantaged group in the	e coastal area		
Activities Performed			
On-going Activities			
Brief Description of findings/results			
Micro-credit has enhanced economic activities among the poor women. This has lead to significant empowerment of the women;			

♦ Diversification of economic activities and resource allocation like homestead gardening that helped a lot to gain the alternative income generating activities. Technical Reports Prepared

3.2.12 Southern Socio-economic Development Program (SSDP)

SSDP - 01

_			DDDI	<u> </u>
Ī	Title	Status		
- 1	DPHE- DANIDA Coastal Belt Rural Water Supply and Sanitation Component (CBRWSSC)	On-going		
ľ	Location			
ı	The component area is located at 9 Unions of Kalapara Thana and Urban Kalapara Pourashava under		er	

Implementing Agency

Executing Organization

Southern Socio-economic Development Program (SSDP)

Patuakhali District, Urban Amtali under Barguna district

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
DPHE-DANIDA	
Start Date	Completion Date
1999	2004

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Md. Habibur Rahman Executive Director, SSDP

Parjatan Road, Kalapara, Patuakhali

Tel: 0446/62249-136

General Objective

The general objectives of the component is to improve the health of people in component area through provide Arsenic free safe water and raise consciousness on sanitation.

Specific Objectives

- To improve the behavioral pattern of male, female and children in use of Arsenic free safe water and sanitary latrine.
- To raise the consciousness of male female and children regarding cleanliness.
- ♦ To increase the coverage of easy access, useable and effective water supply system.
- ♦ To increase the skill of users regarding use and maintenance of tube well thorough provide caretaker training.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Water point (Tube well) survey
- Behavioral pattern survey on WATSAN
- ♦ Project orientation 02 batches.
- ♦ School survey
- ♦ Water point installation 192
- ♦ Teachers orientation 06 batch, 98 teachers
- ♦ Imam orientation 02 batch, 12 Imams
- ♦ Youth group orientation 02 batch, 12 youth
- ♦ WATSAN committee orientation 06 batch
- ♦ Cultural program 08
- ♦ Tube well caretaker training 20 batch, 354 caretaker, male 173 female 181
- ♦ Cultural activities
- ♦ Issue based campaign

- ♦ WATSAN week observation
- ♦ Community meeting
- ♦ Tea-stall session
- ♦ Imam orientation
- ♦ Youth orientation
- ♦ WATSAN committee orientation
- ♦ Solid waste management
- ♦ Dustbin management
- ♦ Incinerator
- ♦ Public toilet
- ♦ Household latrine

On-going Activities

Personal contact, user group formation, courtyard meeting, household visit, water point installation, care-taker training, sanitary latrine construction in school, teachers orientation, latrine use and maintenance follow-up.

Brief Description of findings/results

The component activities are going on smoothly. The poorest of the poor people directly benefited through this component. Hygienic promotional activities for the user group members brought a significant result. These targeted members became more conscious on use of safe water and sanitary latrine. The greater portion of the targeted people began good practices regarding WATSAN.

Technical Reports Prepared

Monthly technical report prepared and submitted to the concerned authority from till now. Inception report was also submitted.

E-mail: tutucdp @ hotmail.com

3.2.13 Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)

CDP - 01

			CDP - 01
Title			Status
Rice diversity and production in the Southwest o	_		On-going
local knowledge to create sustainable livelihoods	in the Co	astal area of Bangladesh.	
Location			
4 Districts of southwest coastal region as Khulna Sa	tkhira, Ba	gerhat, & Jessore	
Implementing Agency			
Coastal development Partnership (CDP), Integrated partnership with 16 local NGO's and the poor rice fa		- ·	ARD), in close
Executing Organization			
International Rice Research Institute (IRRI), Bangla	desh Rice	e Research Institute (BRRI)	
Funding Agency	Funding Agency Funds Allocated (optional)		1)
DFID through IRRI – PETRRA BDT 3.6 million			
Start Date		Completion Date	
01 October, 2001 31 March, 2004			
Contact person with details address, telephone &	others		
Or. Khairul Basher Ashraf -ul Alam Tutu, Coordinator, CDP		tor, CDP	
Head, GRS Division (BRRI), Gazipur 55/2 Islampur Road, Khulna-9100			
Tel: 02- 9257401- 5 (339), 017-101536 (Cell)	7401- 5 (339), 017-101536 (Cell) Tel: 041- 732865, Mobile 017-296455		96455

General Objective

Sustainable increase in the productivity of Rice-based farming system for Resource-poor farmers.

Specific Objectives

Making available to Resource-poor farmers in the Southwest of Bangladesh a large range of appropriate Traditional and Modern Rice Varieties and technologies.

Activities performed

- δ 6 (six) sub-ecosystems identified in the fresh and seawater interface.
- 300 Resource-poor farm households from 20 villages in the 6 sub-ecosystems involved actively with the sub-project.
- ♦ 116 Modern and Traditional varieties of Transplanted Aman rice identified in 20 villages in 4 districts.
- Researcha and development capacity of Local NGOs and farmers enhanced for Mother and Baby Trial plot in the 6 sub-ecosystems during 2002 T-Aman season
- ♦ Established the need for farmer testing and evaluation of the collected germplasm.
- ♦ The organigram of this project has unique characteristics. 16 local NGOs, working in specific subecosystems are entitled to work with local farmers, who in future will themselves be extension workers.
- Onducted farmers' gatherings for Participatory Varietal Selection (PVS).
- Seed Multiplication of selected T.Aman and Aus varieties and establishment of on-farm trials with them to identify potential varieties
- ♦ Holding a Rice Fair (Dhan Mela) in Khulna.

On-going Activities

- Seed Multiplication of selected Aus varieties and establishment of on-farm trials to identify potential varieties
- ♦ Seed Multiplication of selected T-Aman varieties.

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ Farmers in Southwest Bangladesh face particularly challenging environmental and socio-economic constraints in their production systems. This includes a recent and rapid degeneration of the resource base, shifts in basic environmental characteristics, and limited availability of improved rice technologies. This project intends to address these problems by assessing local rice diversity and facilitating communication between farmers in the southwest to solve these shared, important problems. In Phase-I
- Indigenous and Modern T-Aman Rice varieties were identified & collected; In Phase-II the farmers shared the varieties with best potential with other farmers, and now in Phase-III, T-Aman Seed multiplication and Aus trials by farmers are on-going.

Technical Reports Prepared

Not yet compiled

Status Date: September 2003

CDP - 02

Title	Status	
Advocacy for Conservation of Bio-diversity in the Sundarb Reserved Forest of Bangladesh.	ans On going	
Location		
Sundarbans impact zone of Khulna, Bagerhat & Satkhira.		
Implementing Agency		
Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)		
Executing Agency		
As above		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated	
Global Greengrants Fund, A Tides foundation collaborative	BDT 0.28 million	
Start Date	Completion Date	
October 2001	June 2004	

Contact Person with details address, telephone & others

Ashraf -ul Alam Tutu, Coordinator, CDP Tel: 041- 732865, Mobile: 017-294655,

E-mail: tutucdp @ hotmail.com

General Objective

Awareness Creation for Sustainable Extraction of Sundarban Resources.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Awareness Creation among Sundarban Forest Resource Ext ractors.
- ♦ Publication of Newsletters, bulletins etc.

Activities performed

- ♦ Held local workshops and Focus Group Discussions among Forest Resource Extractors.
- Held Regional Workshop on March 27, 2003 (Number of Participants = 800 including minister, MPs, ADB representatives, Environmental Activists, Journalists, University Teachers & Students, Sundarban Resource collectors and Peoples' Representatives in Local Government Bodies in the Impact Zone).
- ♦ Observed World Mangrove Day
- Published Sundarban-related News in Fact Sheets in English and Bangla and Bulletin "Upakul Barta" in Bangla and "Coastal Newsletter" in English.

On going Activities

- ♦ Workshops and FGDs
- **◊** Opinion Sharing Discussions
- ♦ Collection of Case Studies.

Brief Descriptions of findings/Results

- ♦ The Sundarban reserve forest is the large mangrove eco-system that exists in the world today. Out of its total area of about 10,000 squire Km Lies within Bangladesh and the rest is in India. The sundari trees which the forest derives its name have recently been affected by a diseases known as top-dying which has been attributed to excessive salinity. One reason for the excessive salinity is the total absence of fresh water flows from upstream during the dry months of the year. Secondly expansion of shrimp cultivation in the areas adjacent to the Sundarbans has resulted in increasing salinity as well as massive unemployment. The unemployment resort to extraction of forest resources and a massive degradation of the forest.
- Poaching of animals such as the word renowned Royal Bengal Tiger for its skin and of deer for meat

- are threats to sustain of bio- diversity in the forest. Shrimp cultivation has given birth to an ancillary industry that of collecting shrimp fries from the estuaries and creeks in and around the Sundarbans. But this practice kills of millions of fry scores of their varieties of fish and shrimp, causing great loss to aquatic bio-diversity as well as fish stock in the coastal waters.
- Unnayan Shahojogy (Coastal Development Partnership CDP) has been conducting advocacy for conservation of environment and bio- diversity in the coastal region for years. Now that a project titled Sundarban Bio-diversity conservation Project is under implementation by the forest department, a strong advocacy is necessary to persuade the project authorities to address the underlying
- Regions for the deterioration of the forest, such as stoppage of fresh water flow, shrimp cultivation etc. Hence the need for an advocacy program as detailed in this project.

Technical Reports Prepared

Report under preparation

Status date: October 2003

CDP-03

CDF-		
Title		
Awareness Creation among Shrimp Fry Collectors for the Conservation of Aquatic Biodiversity in the Tidal Wetlands of Southwest Coastal Region of Bangladesh.		
Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)		
Funds Allocated (optional)		
British Pounds 5,000.00		
Completion Date (Expected)		
July 01, 2003 June 30, 2004		
	Funds Allocated (optional) British Pounds 5,000.00 Completion Date (Expected)	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Ashraf-ul-Alam Tutu, Coordinator

Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)

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Tel: 041-810573; Cell: 0171-296455.

E-mail: cdp@khulna.bangla.net, tutucdp@hotmail.com

General Objective

Conservation of Aquatic bio-diversity of the River Network in and around the Sundarban.

Specific Objectives

Creating Awareness among Collectors of Wild Post-larvae (fry) of selected varieties of Shrimps and Prawns to desist from damaging the by-catch. They usually throw the by-catch onto the riverbank, thus killing 99 fry of other species of fish for every shrimp fry collected.

Activities performed

- ♦ Selected Local NGOs for implementing the program in the field
- ♦ Provided Orientation and Training in Awareness Creation Activities
- ♦ Conducted Focal Group Discussions with Shrimp fry Collectors in various villages.
- ♦ Conducted discussions with influential individuals and groups in the Project Area.
- ♦ Published reports and articles in bulletins and leaflets.

On-going Activities

- Awareness Program in the Impact Zone of the Sundarban
- ♦ Collecting Data to identify Alternative employment options for shrimp fry collectors.

Brief Description of findings/results

- The Government has imposed a ban on the collection of post-larvae or fry of any species, including shrimp, from the Sundarban.
- ♦ But shrimp fry collection is still going on rivers that do not flow through the Sundarban.

Technical Reports Prepared

Not yet completed.

Status Date: September 2003

CDP-04

Title		Status	
Sundarban Bio-diversity Conservation Project Wa	Sundarban Bio-diversity Conservation Project Watch Group		
Location			
The Sundarban and its Impact Zone comprising 17 Upazillas (rural boroughs)			
Implementing Agency			
Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)	Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)		
Implementing Agency			
Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)			
Funding Agency Funds Allocated (optional)			
Action Aid Bangladesh BDT .68 million			
Start Date Completion Date (Expected			
October 2002 On-going			
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others			

Ashraf-ul-Alam Tutu, Coordinator, CDP and Coordinator, SBCP Watch Group 55/2 Islampur Road, Khulna-9100. Tel: 041-810573 Cell: 0171-296455. E-mail: cdp@khulna.bangla.net, tutucdp@hotmail.com

General Objective

To ensure and protect the Bio-diversity of the Sundarban, ensure the livelihoods of the people dependent on it.

Specific Objectives

- Identifying the causes behind the damages being caused to the Sundarban and its unique ecosystem
- ♦ To ensure the Transparency and Accountability of all organizations involved in all programs related to the Sundarban and to ensure the Rights of the People for all Sundarban related Information.
- ♦ To organise the people and organisations involved in conserving the Sundarban
- ♦ To Raise the Peoples' Voice for the formulation of Policy Guidelines in respect of the Sundarban and extraction of its Resources
- To establish the importance of the opinions of the Local People in local administration and the management of the Sundarban.

Activities performed

- ♦ First Planning Meeting held on October 26, 2002
- Seven other Planning and Review Meetings held till end December 2002.
- ♦ "Critical Review" of SBCP compiled and disseminated.
- ♦ Position Paper based on Review of SBCP activities prepared and disseminated.
- Meeting held with ADB representative on March 3, 2003
- Watch Group Partner NGOs conducted local workshops & FGDs in the Impact Zone.
- ♦ Regional Workshop on SBCP held on March 27, 2003 with 800 participants including MPs, State minister and ADB representatives from Dhaka office, peoples' representatives from the Impact Zone, environmental experts and activists, NGOs, University teachers & students and Journalists
- ♦ Presented Paper at the Annual Meeting of NGO FORUM ON ADB at Manila during July 23-26, 2003.
- ♦ Established close relationship with NGO FORUM ON ADB, based at Manila.
- ♦ Meeting with ADB officials in Manila in the last week of July, 2003
- ♦ Regular monthly meetings of the Watch Group held from January to August, 2003.

On-going Activities

♦ Lobbying with the ADB to involve the SBCP Watch Group in revising the Sundarban Bio-diversity

- Conservation Project in accordance with the Peoples' Perspective.
- ♦ Case Study on SBCP under preparation
- Press Conference scheduled for September 28, 2003, where SBCP Watch Group's position will be explained.

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ The ADB had decided to revise the Project and assured the participation of the SBCP Watch Group in the Revision process.
- ♦ Close relationship developed with and became a member of Manila-based NGO FORUM ON ADB.
- ♦ ADB has, for the time being, suspended the implementation of the project.

Technical Reports Prepared

- ♦ Fact Sheets published and disseminated
- Case Study report under preparation

Status Date: September 2003

CDP-05

Title	Status
CDP-CARE RVCC Partnership Project: Collection Dissemination of	On-going
Information on Climate Change in Southwest Bangladesh: Development of	
Central Information Center (CIC)	

Location

Bagerhat, Khulna, Satkhira, Jessore, Nara il and Gopalganj districts in Southwest Bangladesh

Implementing Agency

Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)

Executing Organization

Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
CIDA through CARE Bangladesh	BDT 2.7 million
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)
April 2003	March 2005

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

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E-mail: cdp@khulna.bangla.net / tutucdp@hotmail.com

General Objective

To contribute to the Canada Climate Change Development Fund adaptation program by increasing the capacity of Bangladeshi communities in the southwest to adapt to the adverse effects of climate change.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To collect Information related to Climate Change from all partner NGOs and Stakeholders of CARE RVCC Project and from outside Sources, and disseminate them, in the capacity of a Central Information Center.
- To Publish Newsletters, Fact Sheets, Bulletins, Brochures, Posters, Leaflets, etc. for disseminating Information relating to Climate change and to reduce vulnerability to the adverse effects of CC.
- ♦ To create awareness among the People, especially Civil Society in respect of CC.
- ♦ To organize workshops, seminars, roundtables, meetings etc. for collection and dissemination of information on CC.
- To enhance the capacity of CATR RVCC's PNGOs and other Stakeholders to understand the causes and impacts of Climate change.

Activities performed

Two issues of bulletin "Upakul Barta" (Nos. 38 and 39) published.

On-going Activities

Climate change Information Package under preparation

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ Unusual heavy rains experienced in 2002
- Unusual hot and humid temperatures in summer of 2003.
- ♦ Climate change is not a distant apprehension; it is already here.

Technical Reports Prepared

Climate change Information Package under preparation

Status Date: September 2003

CDP - 06

Title	Status
CDP Resource Center	On-going

Location

Coastal Development Partnership (CDP), 55/2 Islampur Road, Khulna – 9100

Implementing Agency

Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)

Executing Organization

Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
CARE GOLDA Project, CDP-CARE RVCC Partnership Project	BDT .32 million
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)
December 2002	March 2003

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Ashraf-ul-Alam Tutu, Coordinator CDP

55/2 Islampur Road, Khulna-9100 Tel: 041-810573, Cell: 0171-296455.

E-mail: cdp@khulna.bangla.net / tutucdp@hotmail.com

General Objective

To collect and disseminate Data for the benefit of Development-related Researchers, Students, Teachers, Activists, NGOs, Journalists and others

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Numbering and shelving of all titles
- ♦ Preparation of a Database
- ♦ Establishment of a Web Site
- ♦ Issue-based Compilation of Newspaper Clippings on relevant issues.
- Publishing Bulletins, Newsletters, Books, Booklets, Posters, Leaflets, Stickers, etc
- ♦ Updating Database and Web Site regularly.

Activities performed

- ♦ Prepared Database and updated the same at regular intervals
- Established web site http://www.cdpresourcecentre.org/
- ♦ Enhanced membership of Resource Center Library
- ♦ Published 5 booklets on different issues of Southwest Coastal Region
- Published Fact Sheets on SBCP, IFI-funded Projects.
- ♦ Published Quarterly Bulletin "Upakul Barta" (Latest Issue = 39th)
- ♦ Published Coastal Newsletter in English
- ♦ Published Brochure on Resource Center
- ♦ Prepared Issue-based Quarterly compilation of Newspaper clippings on over 30 issues.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Updating of Database
- ♦ Updating of Web Site
- ♦ Collection and Compilation of News Clippings
- ♦ Collection of Data and Literature from Local, National and International sources.

Brief Description of findings/results

- The Resource Center is becoming increasingly popular with Development Activists
- Khulna University Teachers and Students access this Resource Center regularly
- ♦ Local Grassroots NGOs find this Resource Center a useful facility
- ODP has been selected as the Central Information Centre for CARE RVCC Project.

Technical Reports Prepared

- ♦ Booklet on Flood-2000 in Southwest Bangladesh published.
- ♦ Information Package on climate change under preparation

Status Date: September 2003

CDP-07

Title		Status		
Citizens Committee for Conservation of Coastal Environment (CCCCE)		On-going		
Location				
Southwest Coastal Region of Bangladesh				
Implementing Agency				
Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)				
Executing Organization				
Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)				
Funding Age	Funds Allocated (optional)			
Self & Local NGOs, National and International NGOs.				
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)			

On-going

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Ashraf-ul-Alam Tutu, Coordinator, CDP

55/2 Islampur Road, Khulna-9100 Tel: 041-810573, Cell: 0171-296455.

E-mail: cdp@khulna.bangla.net/tutucdp@hotmail.com

General Objective

June, 2000

Create Awareness among the General Population about the need to maintain a clean and pollution-free environment as a pre-condition for socio-economic development.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Observe Earth day
- Observe World Environment Day
- ♦ Observe World Mangrove Day
- ♦ Publish various kinds of Literature and conduct Awareness activities.
- Maintain contact and communication with like -minded Local, National and International Organizations.

Activities performed

- ♦ Observed Earth day 2003
- Organized 3-day Environmental Fair, Rice Fair and 6 Seminars on June 3-5 for
- ♦ Observing World Environment Day 2003.
- ♦ Observed World Mangrove Day 2003 on July 26.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Publication of Environment-related Bulletins, Newsletters, booklets, etc.
- ♦ Holding Discussions, Seminars, Workshops on Environment

Brief Description of findings/results

Polythene Shopping Bags prohibited by the Government.

CDP-08

Title		Status	
CDP-SSOQ Partnership Project		On-going	
Location			
Southwest Coastal Region of Bangladesh			
Implementing Agency			
Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)			
Executing Organization			
Coastal Development Partnership (CDP)			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
Shrimp Seal of Quality (SSOQ) Organization	Actual cost basis		
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)		
June, 01, 2003	On-going		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Ashraf-ul-Alam Tutu, Coordinator CDP 55/2 Islampur Road, Khulna-9100 Tel: 041-810573, Cell: 0171-296455

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General Objective

To Ensure Human Rights, Labour Rights and Environmentally sound practices in Shrimp Aqua-culture in the Southwest Coastal Region of Bangladesh.

Specific Objectives

- Involve all Shrimp-related entrepreneurs (shrimp farmers, traders, processors and feed suppliers) in the Bangladesh Shrimp Foundation.
- Motivate shrimp farmers, traders and processors to ensure Human Rights and Labour Rights in shrimp farms, depots and processing plants.
- Motivate shrimp farmers to produce shrimp in a non-polluting & Virus-free environment.
- Ensure and enhance the acceptability of Bangladesh Shrimp in International markets.

Activities performed

- Specification of a Network of NGOs to monitor the Human Rights and Labor Rights in the shrimp farms in the Southwest Coastal Region of Bangladesh. A Network of 15 local grassroots NGOs has been formed.
- ♦ Training the Field Coordinators of the PNGOs in the Network and Activating the Secretariat.
- Creating Awareness among the general public about the Seal of Quality program by means of SSOQ Publications.
- Regular collection of data in respect of Human Rights and Labor Rights abuses in shrimp farms. (Collection of data about Shalish cases, Court Cases, acts of violence etc. as well as newspaper clippings from local and national dailies, related to shrimp from Bagerhat, Khulna and Satkhira districts since 2000)
- ♦ Conducting Political Analysis and Data collection on Human Rights and Labor Rights situation in the shrimp farms through Baseline Survey.
- Opinion sharing with Members of Parliament (5) and 7 other political leaders.
- ♦ Understanding the Certification process of Aquaculture Certification Council (ACC) by participating in 4-day workshop at Cox's Ba zar.
- Strengthening the National and International Network
- Developing close relationship with the Civil Society.

On-going Activities

Ocllection of Data on human rights / labour rights abuses, and conflicts in the Shrimp sector, Court cases, shalish etc.

- ♦ Consolidating the partnership process.
- \Diamond Building up the capacity of CDP-staff and those of PNGOs working on SSOQ Project.

Brief Description of findings/results

- There is much abuse of Human Rights and Labor Rights in the shrimp sector in this region.
- ♦ Conflicts in respect of shrimp farm ownership are basically due to political rivalry.
- In some isolated pockets, land-less households have obtained lease of khas land and have established cooperative shrimp farms, where they are undisturbed because of their unity and legitimacy.
- ♦ Gazi Fisheries have obtained production of 6500 kg shrimp per hectare in Dacope upazilla of Khulna district.

Status Date: September 2003

3.2.14 Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)

ISDE - 01

Title		Status	
Coastal Embankment Maintenance Program		Ongoing	
Location			
Cox's Bazar, Chittagong			
Implementing agency			
Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)			
Executing Organization			
Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (opt	Funds Allocated (optional)	
WFP/BWDB			
Start Date	Completion Date		
October 1997	June 2003		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. S M Nazer Hossain, Executive Director, ISDE

Hs: 485, Rd: 01, Block-B, Chandgaon R/A Chittagong-4212,

Tel: 031-671727, 018389567 E-mail: isde@ abnetbd.com

General Objectives

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To create employment generation opportunities for the coastal under privileged and vulnerable women for a fixed period of relatively longer duration.
- ♦ To integrate the hardcore poor women into the development program implemented by the local NGOs to eventually help the capacity building leading to a degree of self- reliance.
- To ensure proper maintenance of fixed length of embankment and to ensure sustainable maintenance management system.
- To enhance durability of infrastructure thus preventing major rehabilitation works.

Activities Performed

Embankment Maintenance:

- ♦ To protect the coastal embankment from the disaster and to reduce the expenditure of periodic maintenance work of the BWDB polder at the coastal areas, ISDE engages the coastal women in regular maintenance activities.
- Women are selected from the polder areas, through providing necessary training and orientation to take care maintenance of the embankment.
- ♦ ISDE provides necessary tools to take care. It also provides training about earthwork and maintenance of embankment.

EMG Formation:

- ♦ EMG is formed with the local distressed women.
- ♦ The EMG has a group leader to look after the group activities.
- ♦ ISDE field level staff supervises and monitors the EMG activities and provides necessary technical assistance to the EMG to maintenance the embankment.
 - Integrated With Normal Development Work:
- ♦ To integrate with the normal development process and access in saving and credit facilities and continuation of the sustainable development of the under privileged and destitute women in coastal areas ISDE were initiated group formation activities with women.

EMG worker was selected from the groups. The groups were provided different awareness raising, non-formal education, human and skill development training and credit support for income generation etc.

Savings Accumulation:

- ♦ The group members were under covered in savings facilities. Each member had to deposit Tk 5/week to raise capital for future investment for him or her selves.
- ♦ All the members are save two types of savings.
- They save a fixed amount in-groups and another fixed amount is deposited in bank account from their wages.

Credit for Income Generation:

- To create a sustainable development program for beneficiaries, ISDE try to create alternative source of income for the EMG members through providing credit and technical support to the EMG members.
- Each member was brought under credit support and they were provided technical support for undertaken IGAs and well managed their IGAs schemes.
- Each member is provided Tk. 2000-5000 as loan for undertaking IGAs schemes.
- ♦ Teams are paid back the installment within one year through 50 equal installments. They are also provided follow up service and orientation of their IGAs.

Human and Skill Development Training:

- ♦ Training is most important to transfer the technology and skill.
- ♦ ISDE were conducted different training to develop human and professional skill of the EMG members. During the reporting period ISDE was arranged course for the members.
- The duration of the course is 3-6 days and each batch 20-30 participants. The training field based and training center based. The development classes were conducted in-group meeting based.
- ♦ ISDE's resources person in different skill and some outside resource person conducted the sessions.

Ongoing Activities

Same as above

Brief Description of findings/results

It has include at least 240 women into the embankment maintenance group (EMG), a total of 23 lacs has been distributed as credit to EMG members and most of them are trained on various social awareness raising and human and skill development issues.

Technical Reports Prepared

Annual report

ISDE - 02

	ISDE - 02
Title	Status
Women Employment Generation through Micro Credit Program	n Ongoing
Location	
Cox's Bazar, Chittagong	
Implementing agency	
Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)	
Executing Organization	
Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)	
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
Action Aid Bangladesh, Population Concern UK, APHD Thailand.	
Start Date	Completion Date
August 1993	Ongoing
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others	
Mr. S M Nazer Hossain, Executive Director	

Hs: 485, Rd: 01, Block-B, Chandgaon R/A Chittagong-4212,

Tel: 031-671727, 018389567 E-mail: isde@ abnetbd.com

General Objectives

Specific Objectives

- To involve the disadvantaged & under privileged women in an institution building and development process for their socio economic improvement.
- To make easy access credit and capital support to undertake IGAs for the targeted people who have no access to institutional credit facilities.
- To create opportunities and field for the women in employment and income earning activities.
- To assist the women in building their own capital, savings and asset from surplus income.
- To release the beneficiaries from torture, deprivation and oppression from the moneylender, middleman etc.
- To make easy accessible to the women and their family members the facility of education, preventive health care services, safe water and sanitation etc and other governmental and non-governmental facilities.

Activities Performed

Organization Building and Development:

- ISDE works through beneficiary's organization based concept and all the development activities are run through it.
- Landless and near landless household owning less than 1.5 acre of land and permanently living in the working areas are eligible to become a member of ISDE's organized group.
- A group is formed with 20-25 people by taking one member from each eligible family. Separate groups for male and female are formed.
- After formation of the group individual members make compulsory group savings at least of Tk.5 per week. Credit workers facilitate the group activities run properly.
- Senior staffs of ISDE observed the group activities. After six months the group activities were run properly and regularly then credit support was given to individual to undertake income and employment generation project.
 - Awareness Raising and Training:
- The main causes of the poverty "not only less income, no expenditure plan is also the main cause of poverty". For this reason ISDE introduced Lyear development education classes for the group

members

- ♦ The development education classes provide awareness and education to the beneficiaries in different issues such as the problems of illiteracy, cause of poverty, importance of savings, divorce, women violation and torture, gender, women participation in income earning activities etc. ISDE also conducted various training courses for the group members and the leaders.
- ♦ The group members and the beneficiaries are provided with two types of training
 - Human development and
 - Skill development training.
- These include human development, consciousness raising, leadership, group management, group record keeping, IGAs management, family law and women rights, weaving and handicrafts, poultry rearing, kitchen gardening, nursery development etc.
- Each course has 30 participants and course duration is 3 to 5 days. ISDE senior staff and trainers conducted the training course and some times resources people are hired from government and non-government sources.

Credit Support for Income Generation:

- ♦ Capital is the main problem to undertake any income and employment generation activities by the beneficiaries. ISDE provide credit support to create employment and income earning opportunities for the beneficiaries. ISDE does not introduce any new IGAs schemes; it is given emphasis to promote the existing field, which is locally available, marketable, and low technology. The current IGAs field are poultry rearing, cow fattening, goat rearing, small shop, rice husking, muri making, home gardening, bamboo and cane work, fish processing, weaving and handicrafts, betel leaf cultivation, agriculture, rickshaw van workshop etc. The credit is given with a 15% service charge and repayment is by 50 equal installments. The Credit Worker (CW) collects the installment at weekly group meetings and discusses about progress and strengths weakness of the group. After initial discussion for any individual loan application the CW helps to fill up the loan application and Unit Manager conduct a feasibility study and provides technical comments and recommend for approval.
- During the reporting period ISDE has distributed another two types of subsidiary credit support to the beneficiaries. These are disaster credit and sanitation loan. The flood has damaged those projects or cyclones are able to get another loan from ISDE with out service charge. When a beneficiary receive second time credit she able to another subsidiary loan for installing latrine in her house.

Ongoing Activities

Same as above

Brief Description of findings/results

- ISDE is mainly involved in building organizations & development of the poorest of the poor people of rural, urban and hilly areas to make habituated with savings generation and provide credit support to undertake income and self-employment generation activities. Side by side it provides human and skill development training to the beneficiaries members as well as the clients to create awareness about various social issues, develop human and leadership quality and professional skills. ISDE has already 635 groups and group member size is 13276, a total Tk.5348, 948 has become emulated as savings and individual savings become Tk1500-10500. Tk.16, 486,500 has been distributed as credit for income generation to the 8372 group members and outstanding sizes are Tk.9, 703,115.
- The existing beneficiaries' IGAs schemes if affected by the flood or cyclone are able to get disaster credit support to rehabilitate their IGAs. The group members who already received two times credit support from ISDE and it they have no sanitation facilities in their household are able to get sanitation credit to install the latrine. ISDE also thinks to provide low cost housing credit for the beneficiaries. It also distributed Tk.123, 000 as grant from welfare fund to the group member's family, in case of any death.

Technical Reports Prepared

Annual report

ISDE - 03

Title		Status
Safe Drinking Water Supply and Sanitation Program	1	Ongoing
Location		
Cox's Bazar, Chittagong		
Implementing agency		
Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)		
Executing Organization		
Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (op	tional)
NGOF/DANIDA, CAFOD, MISERIOR		
Start Date	Completion Date	
March 1992	Ongoing	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. S M Nazer Hossain, Executive Director, ISDE

Hs: 485, Rd: 01, Block-B, Chandgaon R/A Chittagong-4212,

Tel: 031-671727, 018389567 E-mail: isde@ abnetbd.com

General Objectives

To build a happy and healthy society and environment through ensuring safe drinking water supply and personal hygiene practice.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To reduce the water born disease and improve the community health status through providing health and hygiene related behavior change activities.
- To ensure the safe drinking water supply and access sanitation facilities by providing education, awareness and necessary support to the community.

Activities Performed

Access to the Safe Drinking Water:

- Due to coastal areas, access to the safe drinking water is a major problem for the community people. The length of deep TW is high and most of the areas are very remote. As a result they are deprived from government facilities. It is very much costly to install any tube well or ring well in the hill areas
- ♦ ISDE provide tube well materials with the help of NGO Forum and other individuals and organization.

School Video Show:

- ♦ ISDE has introduced school based education program to increase awareness about personal hygiene practice amongst the school going children.
- Video show and discussion were arranged for the school children to educate them. Before starting the video show a simple survey was conducted about the use of sanitary latrine and knowledge of hygiene matters.
- ♦ The lecture about sanitation and health increase knowledge about the use safe water and sanitary latrines. After a few days it has arranged follow up survey to find out the result/impact.
 - Courtyard Meeting:
- ♦ To improve and increase sanitation practice and knowledge amongst the group members special meetings were organized for sanitation education.
- ♦ ISDE field workers arranged special education and motivation classes for the group members using the flip charts, posters IEC materials etc. It is effective meeting for the rural women gathering in a

yard to discuss about sanitation and hygiene related practices.

Local Discussion Forum:

- ♦ Local Discussion Forum was arranged for the community peoples where all the people sit together discussing the water and sanitation related problems.
- ♦ Local UP Chairman, leaders, thana level governmental officials took part the discussion. A resource person also provided an important lecture. After the discussion a documentary video film show program was arranged for the participants.
 - Ring Slab Production:
- ♦ From ISDE Ring Slab Production Center has produced 6470 ring slab during the year and distribute them to the beneficiaries and other community people with production cost.
- During the period ISDE has provided sanitation loan to 310 group members for installation of latrines. They repay the installment in their group meeting.

Ongoing Activities:

Same as above

Brief Description of findings/results

- Due to coastal and hill areas hardship life, safe drinking water and sanitation is most difficult. ISDE promoted the safe drinking water supply, personal health and hygiene practices and improve the environmental health and sanitation status of the beneficiaries through providing hardware and software support for the community people.
- ♦ The hard ware packages are produced and distributed ring slab for installation of pit latrine, tube well and ring well, Pond Sand Filter (PSF), Rain Water Harvesting installation for safe drinking water.
- ♦ The personal health and hygiene education support provide through courtyard meeting, child-to-child school and community, adolescent workshop, school video film show, religious leader workshop, community meeting, mobile film show etc.
- ♦ It has installed 03 deep tube well with the support of individuals from UK.

Technical Reports Prepared

Annual report

ISDE - 04

Title		Status
Integrated Primary Health Care Program		Ongoing
Location		
Cox's Bazar		
Implementing agency		
Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)		
Executing Organization		
Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (c	optional)
Population Concern UK, EEC, Concern Universal		
Start Date	Completion Date	
August 1994	March 2004	
		_

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. S M Nazer Hossain, Executive Director, ISDE

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Tel: 031-671727, 018389567 E-mail: isde@ abnetbd.com

General Objectives

To reduce the mortality and morbidity rate in the 5 union amongst the 5000 household of Chakaria thana of Cox's Bazar district through preventive health care and MCH service.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To provide primary preventive health, nutrition and personnel hygiene education services to the 5000 households
- ♦ To provide ANC and PNC service to 5000 household through developing TBAs and holding satellite clinics
- ♦ To increase the immunization rate from 68% to 80% through campaigning and motivation
- To reduce the morbidity and mortality rate especially for mother and children by providing adequate knowledge and services
- ♦ To increase the sanitation coverage from 21% to 40%.

Activities Performed

Health Education and Services:

- ♦ Preventive is better than cure, this is the main aims of the project activities.
- SDE grass root level health worker female health visitor (FHVs) were provided health education and service by the door-to-door visits and satellite clinics by the paramedic.
- The paramedic at both base and satellite offers general treatment for common diseases and ANC, PNC, clients. There are worms, anemia, respiratory tract infections; skin diseases, diarrhea and peptic ulcers were the common diseases in the areas.
- Due to coastal areas is also endemic in the area. Especial health education sessions were conducted for the pregnant and new mothers at the satellite clinics level. For the health education session ISDE use the courtyard, tea stall, cluster meeting, child to community and school, imam workshop channel for delivery the massages. Individual counseling were offered in both satellite and based clinic.

Antenatal and Post Natal Care (ANC & PNC):

- ♦ Safe and hygienic delivery is the important problem in the project areas. ISDE offer the safe delivery service for the pregnant mother through developing TBAs and FHVs. ANC and PNC are provided by the TBAs and FHVs through door-to-door services. During the house visit high-risk mother have been identified and follow up visits made by the FHV and TBAs and some cases paramedic.
- Create awareness, motivation and information along with quality services.

- ♦ The acceptance of TBAs by the community has increased as a result a significant number of mothers are having their babies delivered by a trained TBAs.
- ♦ The FHVs and TBAs took the initiative to monitor post perturn services like FP method adoption, distribution of Vitamin A capsules, and clinical post parturn checks.

Growth Monitoring:

- Malnutrition is major problem in the project areas, ISDE has arranged for nutritional status screening using MUAC the Mid Upper Arm Circumference. The coverage of MUAC monitoring is 80%. People are more curious to know the weight of their children and most of the mothers now know how to use the MUAC tape and so are able to monitor the status of their children by using MUAC tape.
- ♦ Almost all of the mothers know how to prepare ORS and produce a balanced diet.

Immunization:

- Due to remote coastal backward areas EPI coverage still is not satisfactory in the project areas. The project staff and volunteers have continuously motivated and encourage the mothers about the importance of immunizing their children against six fatal diseases.
- As a result the community is strongly motivated to seek immunization and immunization levels have increased significantly. The irregular supply of vaccine and EPI champ is hampering the achievement.

Contraceptives Distribution:

- ♦ The areas are very low priority areas of CPR in the country. Only 6% CPR coverage at the beginning of the project. Now it has increased to 41.10% amongst the eligible couples.
- The major methods used are the pill and condom. Due to bad and long distance communication IUDs and other clinical users check up have been slow.
- Ligations are inserted at the Thana health complex, which is far from the project areas. Currently all the FP education and motivation was mainly focused towards women, it is really true that women were interested in using FP methods, but their husbands were often resistant for religious reasons.
- For this reason ISDE has arranged a special training courses for the Imam, the religious leader in and attempt to overcome the resistance and educate the community people.
- Male Supervisors also arranged evening IEC classes for the husbands. As a result the use of condom is increase in during the time.

Nutrition Education:

- Due to lack of awareness malnutrition is the important child health problems in the project areas. People are produce lot of item vegetable and fish and nutritious food is available but they do not consume it. Generally they sale it in near market. As a result the malnourished and sickness is high. ISDE has regularly arranged health education for mothers including nutrition education, cooking demonstration and promotion of the kitchen gardening activities to reduce the malnourished child rate.
- The community people are well aware about the importance of kitchen gardening. Most of them have chosen kitchen gardening to supplement family income as well as providing nutritious food for the family.

Sanitation coverage:

- People are not aware about the importance of the personal hygiene practices. In the areas most of them are use tube well water for drinking purpose not only every homework. People are not interest to expend money in installing pit latrine.
- ♦ ISDE has arranged motivation, education, and awareness raising and counseling activities at households. In the coastal areas many families must walk a long way to collect the tube well water, ISDE has been installing tube well with the cooperation of NGO forum.

Ongoing Activities

Same as above

Brief Description of findings/results

♦ IPHCP provide preventive and curative maternal and child health service in 5000 households at

- Chakaria thana. The service package are health education for adolescent, school students, children as well as the community people, ARI, family planning, ante natal care and post natal care, immunization to 1-under 05 children, growth monitoring of malnourished children.
- The channel will use for health education through courtyard session, tea stall, cluster meeting, school session, adolescent meeting and child-to-child school and community program. Especial health education session and service also conducted through satellite and EPI clinic. IPHCP also develop TBAs and village based volunteer to sustain and ensure community involvement. The project also provides water supply and sanitation support to the community people.

Technical Reports Prepared

Annual report

ISDE - 05

Title		Status
ISDE-CARE-SHABGE-DFID Partnership Program	n	Ongoing
Location		
Cox's Bazar		
Implementing agency		
Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)		
Executing Organization		
Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (option	onal)
CARE-DFID		
Start Date	Completion Date	
October 2000	June 2007	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

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General Objectives

To improve the livelihoods of poor and marginal female and male farmers through homestead vegetable and horticulture activities.

Specific Objectives

- To assist the poor and marginal female and male farmers to manage their homestead agriculture production for improved household food security.
- To assist the poor and marginal female and male farmers to change their nutritional food habit related behavior and practices through education and knowledge.
- ♦ To improve the agricultural production through using modern agricultural technologies with poor female and male farmers.
- ♦ To assist the poor women and men farmers to access information and quality inputs for raised homestead production.
- ♦ To facilitate the process of establishment of commercial system which ensure the availability of seeds and other inputs to increase production in the homestead and small commercial agricultural production.
- ♦ To raise the collaborative efforts with the researchers and farmers for identified action research.
- ♦ To promote the organizational capacity and skills, which will capable to undertake and manage homestead agricultural program.

Activities Perform

Formation Of Farmers Field School (FFS):

- ♦ The Farmers field school (FFS) is the major elements of the project, which way the project providing services and reaching to the goal and objectives.
- ♦ The FFS from with 20 primary participants of the project from targeted farmers. During the reporting period 20 FFS formed with 400 households. Under this FFS group there are 2000 secondary adopters, who are learning from main FFS group members.
- ♦ The FFS meets by fortnightly for message delivery and education classes conducted by the Extension Facilitator (EF).
- ♦ The FFS will receive a two-year duration for intensive service and follow up after that the old FFS will be phase out.

Development of Local Entrepreneur (LE):

- ♦ Local Entrepreneur (LE) is the key person the FFS group who will play important role to continue the FFS activities smoothly after phase out FFS. The LE will build a good contact with the other stakeholders.
- The LE is developing from FFS groups through providing intensive services and after observation of his/her performance and skill.
- The LE acts as leader of the FFS groups and s/he will work as tree propagator and vendor for certifies seed supplier to the community.
- ♦ Especial training, nursing and education will provide to the LE to develop as entrepreneur.

Staff Development Training:

- ♦ The project in cooperation with the CARE-SHABGE is provided basic and technical training support to develop staff skill on agriculture and livelihood security.
- To introduce modern technologies and updated development in the field of vegetable production, agriculture, nutrition and livelihood security the project staff skill developed through season long training (SLT) and other short term training and follow up services by CARE.
- Sesides on the training service the cross visit also organized for the project staff to learn the new things.

Agriculture Exhibition/Fair:

- ♦ To create a mass awareness to use the modern technologies of homestead agricultural practices and ensure food security through improve homestead agricultural production, the project will organize farmers field days and exhibition at the project areas.
- ♦ The school children, FFS farmers, LE, local GO-NGO staff and official will participate the farmer field day activities.
- The agricultural exhibition with joint collaboration with DAE also organized to demonstrate modern technology and practices show the best production.

On farm trial/Experiments:

- The project is encouraging participatory research at farmer's level and it developing linkages with farmers and researchers for collaborative efforts to identify best practices.
- The on-farm trial and experiment is trying to identify economically profitable and economically sound systems. The experiment is conducting at the study plot.
- ♦ ISDE is trying to develop collaboration with local DAE, BFRI, BARC, HKI and other research organizations and individuals.

Networking:

- ♦ The project is trying to develop networking with various stakeholders and groups who are working in the homestead vegetable and agricultural field. It will arrange regular sharing and discussion meeting, workshop etc with the all related stakeholder for better understanding and sharing.
- All the producers will have contact with the inputs suppliers and the buyers in the market. The networking maintaining with DAE, BARI, BFRI, HKI, BADC, BRAC, NGOs who are working in the same field, journalist and other related forums.
- ♦ It also developed linkage with IDE to provide low cost tradle pump for irrigation to the farmers.

Livelihood Security:

- ♦ To ensure livelihood security, the SHABGE project providing technical and linkage support to the project participants.
- ♦ Under this project it has tries to improve the livelihood security through providing support on poultry rearing, livestock and fisheries.
- ♦ It has distributed high yelled variety of poultry birds to the farmers through building linkage with the local BRAC &ULO offices.
- ♦ The staffs providing door step technical services to the farmers for these purposes. They also arranged field-based training for the farmers. It also provides technical services on fish cultivation,

developing ponds, cow-rearing etc.

The project has developed linkage with ISDE's credit program to provide loan support to the project participants to undertake various IGAs.

Ongoing Activities

Same as above

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ ISDE- CARE-SHABGE-DFID partnership project has performed various activities to promote household agricultural production to improve the socio economic status and reduce the vulnerability of food security.
- The newly design project covering the 4000 poor and marginal female and male farmers at ISDE's working areas of Chakaria at Cox's Bazar district.
- ♦ The project services are homestead vegetable gardening, nursery development for extension purpose, homestead plantation, seed preservation, raising poultry, fish cultivation and action research at farmers level.
- The strategy follow by the project are developing Farmers Field School (FFS) with the poor female farmers who have cultivable land not more then 0.5 acre, provide development education by forthrightly meeting, developing local entrepreneur, networking with local markets, GO, NGOs and individual who involved in agriculture activities.
- The other services are develop study plot for demonstration purpose, conduct action research at farmer's level, arrange agricultural fair, farmers field day etc activities to promote homestead vegetable & agricultural production.

Technical Reports Prepared

Annual report

ISDE - 06

Title		Status
NGO Networking & Partnership Program		Ongoing
Location		
Cox's Bazar, Chittagong		
Implementing agency		
Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)		
Executing Organization		
Integrated Social Development Effort (ISDE)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (o)	otional)
STD, PRIP, CDS		
Start Date	Completion Date	
December 1999	June 2004	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

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General Objectives

To promote the active and sustainable involvement of civil society in the effort towards improving the livelihoods of disadvantaged communities and households in South Chittagong, Cox's Bazar and Bandarban Hill districts, particularly by strengthening the capacity of the local non-governmental sector to fight against poverty, vulnerability and gender inequity.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To strengthen the managerial and organizational capacity of local NGOs, emphasizing the need to promote community participation and gender-equity.
- ♦ To promote co-operation amongst the local NGOs.
- ♦ To minimize inter-organizational inefficiencies (duplication and overlapping) through the coordination of activities in common project areas.
- To provide a common platform linking the local NGO sector with national and international NGOs, GOs and other social actors.

Activities Perform

- By monthly networking and sharing meeting conducted for learning purpose. The entire member NGOs shares their ideas and problems and takes decision for further improvement. Resources persons also attended from STD and other organization.
- ♦ Gender Relation Development and Planning training organized for member NGOs under the cooperation of STD. The training was conducted at Caritas Chittagong training venue and 25 participants were participated the training. CRC and Child labor another training courses organized under the cooperation from BSAF/ILO-IPEC at Cox's Bazar.
- Organization development workshop arranged for member NGOs. After end of the workshop the participating NGOs are prepared a draft organization Management and Gender Policy for respective organization. Another final workshop will organize soon.
- ♦ 08 member are selected to implement the replication of Child Access in Resources Development (CARD) project of Save the Children Australia. The Chief Executive and another mid level Supervisor from 08 member NGOs already visited SCA model site at Tangail and another 08 staff will award soon for one-month internship by the SCA for practical training and planning. The intern staff will stay with SCA partner NGOs and after end of their internship they will plan for their own organization.
- Two roundtables were organized at Cox's Bazar on Early Marriage and Child Rights. The roundtables were participated from district level local Government officials, journalist, NGO leaders,

and political and social leaders.

Ongoing Activities

Same as above

Brief Description of findings/results

To building better understanding on gender, environment and human rights and enhance the capacity and skills of locally developed NGOs, ISDE working as secretariat of "Chittagong Southern Development Forum (CSDF)" a local NGO network. The activities are networking meeting, coordination with local NGO-NGOs and NGOs-GO administration, arrange workshops, staff development training, developing various manuals & procedures, information, experience & resource sharing amongst the members etc. It has also initiated to implement joint collaboration project with same models and criteria by the member NGOs.

Technical Reports Prepared

Annual report

3.2.15 Unnayan

Unnayan-01

		Omiayan-01
Title		Status
Sundarban Bio-diversity Conservation	Project	On-going
Location		
Soladana, Laskar & Goruikhali Unions un	nder Paikgacha Upazila of Khulna distri	ct.
Implementing Agency		
Forest Department, Ministry of Environment & Forest, GoB		
Executing Organization		
Unnayan		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (option	al)
Asian Development Bank	5.9 million Taka	
Start Date	Completion Date	
October 2001	September 2004	
C. 4. 4 D 21 1.4.2.1.1.11	-11	_

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Ms Sayeda Begum, Director, Unnayan

F-1, KDA Avenue, Moilapota, Khulna, Tel: 041-732438

Email: unnayans@Khulna.bangla.net

General Objective

Restoration of sustainable management system for conservation of Sundarban Bio-Diversity

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Reaction of dependency on Sundarban Resources
- ♦ Creation of alternative Livelihood options for the Sundarban resources users
- ♦ Environmental Education and Awareness

Activities Performed

- ♦ Institution Development through Group Formation
- Organizational Management and leadership development training
- ♦ Skill development training on few options
- Seminar, Workshops and other public information dissemination organized for building overall awareness and education about the ecosystem
- ♦ Social forestation
- ♦ Infrastructure development.

Brief Description of findings/results

The project approach has been contributing positive impact. But the constraints is lying with the attitudinal behaviors of socially influenced personalities and political leaders in appropriating the Sundarban resources

Technical Reports Prepared:

Not applicable

3.2.16 Human Development Services Society

HDSS<u>-01</u>

Title		Status
Micro Credit Program		On-going
Location		
Jhalakati District		
Implementing Agency		
Human Development Services Society (HDSS)		
Executing Organization		
Human Development Services Society (HDSS)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (ope	rational)
Self fund	N/A	
Start Date	Completion Date (Ex	pected)
1990	Continuing	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone and others

M A Zabbar, Executive Director

Central Office, Human Development Services Society (HDSS)

26 Dhaka Housing, North Adabar, Dhaka: 1207

Tel: 8114492, Cell: 0171909758 E-mail: hdss@bdonline.com

General Objective

Improvement of economic condition of the stakeholders through generation of employment.

Specific Objecti ves

To provide Skill Training facilities for Human Resource Development on:

- ♦ Group Management and Leadership Development
- ♦ Accounts Management and
- ♦ Different Trades and Marketing.

To provide Micro Credit.

Activities Performed

Provided management and accounts training to 300 group leaders. Provided training on different trades and marketing techniques to 900 group members 3 from each group. A sum of Taka 1,71,10,500.00 was disbursed to 2783 male and female group members.

On-going activities

Same as above

Brief description of findings/results

As a result of this program, 300 groups have been organized with 6000 members-4800 female members and 1200 male members. They have been made conscious about development and their status in the society. They have been able to be engaged in income generating activities and free from the curse of unemployment. They have become skill and have known the techniques of marketing following which middlemen cannot exploit them. Door for self-reliance is now open to them.

Technical Reports Prepared

Annual and Audit Reports.

HDSS-02

Title		Status
Water and Sanitation Program		On-going
Location		
Jhalakati District		
Implementing Agency		
Human Development Services Society (HDSS)		
Executing Organization		
NGO Forum, Homeless International, DPHE and UNICE	EF	
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (op	erational)
Homeless International, UNICEF and Government of the Netherlands.	BDT 1.1 million	
Start Date	Completion Date (Ex	xpected)
1994	Continuing	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone and others

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Central Office, Human Development Services Society (HDSS)

26 Dhaka Housing, North Adabar, Dhaka: 1207. Tel: 8114492, Cell: 0171909758

E-mail: hdss@bdonline.com

General Objective

To provide safe drinking water, improvement of sanitation facilities and environmental condition and impart hygienic education.

Specific Objectives

To install 130 shallow tube wells and production and distribution of 5867 units of sanitary latrines. To provide hygiene education in both rural and urban areas to 6000 beneficiary families. To provide training to 1800 women on making and using Smokeless Oven for fuel and time saving in cooking and creating pollution-free environment.

Activities Perfor med

A total of 130 shallow tube wells installed and 6000 units of sanitary latrines produced and distributed. Hygiene education was provided to 6000 beneficiary families. Training was imparted to 1800 women group members on making and using Smokeless Oven.

On-going activities

Sanitary latrine production and distribution program are continuing.

Brief description of findings/results

The tube well program ensured save drinking water to the beneficiaries families and their neighbors while the sanitary latrine program helped to improve environmental condition in the area. Hygiene education program contributed to behavioral changes on hygienic practices through increased use of safe water and safe disposal of solid waste and sullage. The smokeless oven program has had impact on fuel saving and reduction of use of electricity.

Technical Reports Prepared

Annual and Audit Reports

HDSS-03

Title		Status
Human Rights and Democracy Building		On-going
Location		
Jhalakati District		
Implementing Agency		
Human Development Services Society (HDSS)		
Executing Organization		
Coordinating Council of Human Rights in Banglades	sh (CCHRB), Madaripur Lega	l Aid Association
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (opera	tional)
CEBEMO, ASIA FOUNDATION, Local Fund	BDT 1.5 million	
Start Date	Completion Date (Expe	cted)
1990	On-going	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone and others

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E-mail: hdss@bdonline.com

General Objective

To implement programs for establishment of human rights in the society.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To impart training, organize seminar, symposium, workshop, rally, undertake collective action and observance of days like human rights, women rights, and children rights.
- To provide Legal support to the victims of injustice, oppression and those who do not have not the ability to bear the cost of justice.
- \Diamond $\;$ To undertake Mediation for conflict resolution in the society.

Activities Performed

- ♦ Seminars, workshops and symposia have been held from time to time.
- Various days on Human Rights, Women Rights and Children Rights have been held.
- ♦ Legal support has been provided to victims of Human Rights violations, Under mediation program, mediation application received and the program is continuing.

On-going activities

Mediation program has been continuing.

Brief description of findings/results

- Many family problems and disputes relating to human rights violations like divorce, marriage, separation, alimony, land, acid throwing, rape, women and children trafficking, persecution of women and children have largely been reduced.
- ♦ The mediatiom program has evoked much enthusiasm in the project area.

Technical Reports Prepared

Annual and Audit Reports

HDSS-04

Title		Status
Comprehensive Women Development Program (CWDP)		To be taken up
Location		
Jhalakati District		
Implementing Agency		
Human Development Services Society (HDSS)		
Executing Organization		
To be confirmed		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (op	perational)
To be confirmed	N/A	
Start Date	(Expected) Complet	tion Date
July 2004	June 2007	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone and others

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General Objective

Establishment of Socio-economic and democratic rights of poor and disadvantaged women and children for promoting their economic development and empowerment.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To organize 200 groups with 4000 beneficiaries
- ♦ To impart training on 4000 women group members on women and children rights and gender. To impart skills training and provide credit support for Women Entrepreneurship Development. To provide sanitary latrines and Arsenic free drinking water and environment education to 4000 group members. To impart orientation training on Mother and Child Health Care, Female reproductive Health education and nutrition education to 4000 group members and hold seminar on HIV/AIDS/STD awareness.

Activities Performed

N. A.

On-going activities

Same as above

Brief description of findings/results

N. A.

Technical Reports Prepared

N.A.

3.2.17 Young Power in Social Action (YPSA)

YPSA-01

Title		Status
Strengthen Health and Population for the Less Advantaged (SHAPLA)		On-going
Location		
8 unions in Sitakunda Upazila of Chittagong		
Implementing Agency		
Young Power in Social Action (YPSA)		
Executing Organization		
Young Power in Social Action (YPSA)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optiona	al)
BPHC (Bangladesh Population and Health Consortium)	N/A	
Start Date	(Expected) Completion I	Date
2001	On-going	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Project Coordinator

Core Program Office, College Road, Chittagong, Sitakunda-4310

Tel: 03028-385; Cell: 0171308034

General Objective

To improve the health status of the people of the project area.

Specific Objectives

To increase the use of and demand for cost effective ESP delivery solely or jointly by NGOs and GoB amongst the poorest community especially women and children.

Activities Performed

- Maternal care i.e., delivery conducted by the qualified persons, delivery conducted by Trained Traditional Birth Attendant (TTBA), TT₂ Booster for pregnant mother etc.;
- ♦ Health Education i.e., adolescent session at school, adolescent session in the community, at courtyard, at clinic and drama, folksong, video exhibition etc.;
- Establishing temporary method users, semi-permanent method users and permanent method users has enhanced use of contraceptives;
- ♦ Established satellite clinics;
- ♦ Provided support for general treatment;
- ♦ Enhanced the community participation.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Proving health facilities
- ♦ NGO-GO collaboration
- **♦** Community participation

Brief Description of findings/results

- From the project activities it has been learnt that there is a strong co-relation between the economic condition and behavioral changes of the people;
- As the project is the continuation of GoBs Essential Service Package (ESP) under Health and Population Sector Project (HPSP);
- ♦ The project gives priority to the hard core poor who constitutes the 60% of the total population.

Technical Reports Prepared

YPSA-03

Title		Status
STD/AIDS Prevention Program		On-going
Location		
Chittagong		
Implementing Agency		
Young Power in Social Action (YPSA)		
Executing Organization		
Young Power in Social Action (YPSA)		
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
YPSA, HASAB	N/A	
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date	
1997	On-going	
	4	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Project Coordinator

Core Program Office, College Road, Chittagong, Sitakunda-4310

Tel: 03028-385; Cell: 0171308034

General Objective

To prevent STD/HIV/AIDS through bring about positive change in unsafe sexual behavior and development of the health condition of the target community.

Specific Objectives

Following measures to take for sweepers, gardeners, day labors, youth and adolescents, drug users and ship breaking workers

- To raise awareness on sexual behavior and sexual health;
- ♦ To prevent the dispersion of STDs through providing proper treatment facilities;
- ♦ To involve the Government Health Department in HIV/AIDS prevention
- To bring about positive changes in unsafe sexual behavior;
- ♦ To ensure participation of religious and social leaders in the Sexual Health Program;
- ♦ To ensure healthy recreation facilities to pass leisure period of the people;
- ♦ To start social revolution on Sexual Health issues.

Activities Performed

- Awareness raising activities through group meeting, court yard meeting, one to one contact, street drama, folk songs, condom promotion and increase knowledge about its proper usage, peer education etc.:
- Established recreation centre with the support by the community
- Performed advocacy activities which includes World AIDS day observation, workshop/orientation, skill development for the project staffs etc.;
- Availed treatment services especially in STD case management, general treatment and counseling;
- Networking, publications and documentations etc.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Awareness building
- ♦ Advocacy activities
- Ommunication and coordination with NGOs, CSOs, CBOs, Media's, government departments
- ♦ Regular documentation of the activities.

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ Target community has received sexual health activities and club approach very cordially;
- \Diamond Their active participation has been ensured through proper training and support;
- ♦ Rapport building has been done;
- Maintained secrecy and cordial behavior in the STD cases that has encouraged people.

Technical Reports Prepared

- ♦ Booklet on HIV/AIDS

YPSA-04

Title		Status		
Water and Sanitation (WATSAN) Program	On-going			
Location				
Chittagong				
Implementing Agency				
Young Power in Social Action (YPSA)				
Executing Organization				
Young Power in Social Action (YPSA)				
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)			
NGO Forum	N/A			
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date	e		
1993	On-going			
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone	& others			

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Project Coordinator

Core Program Office, College Road, Chittagong, Sitakunda-4310

Tel: 03028-385; Cell: 0171308034

General Objective

To ensure safe sanitation and pure drinking water for the people of the working area.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ Behavioral changes of grass root people in terms of hygienic practice
- ♦ Access to safe water and sanitation
- ♦ Ensure women's involvement in the project

Activities Performed

- ♦ To ensure safe drinking water for the grassroots people YPSA emphasized different types of safe water technologies i.e., shallow tube well, rain water harvesting plant, iron removal plant, pond sand filter, bucket treatment unit
- Performed different types of motivational activities i.e., local discus meeting, courtyard session, tea stall session etc.
- ♦ Awareness building on Arsenic pollution;
- ♦ Formation of Village development Committee;
- ♦ Formation of Village Sanitation Centre.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Awareness building
- ♦ Use of local technologies for safe water

Brief Description of findings/results

The result of the use of safe water and hygienic latrine for a limited use without awareness on personal hygienic practices.

Technical Reports Prepared

3.2.18 Bangladesh Rural Advancement Committee (BRAC)

BRAC-02

Title	Status
Empowerment of Adolescent Girls	On-going
Location	

14 districts (of which 5 are coastal districts i.e., Chittagong, Cox'sbazar, Feni, Chandpur and Lakshmipur)

Implementing Agency

For subproject 3 Adolescent Peer Organized Network-APON: BRAC, Centre for Mass Education in Science-CMES: Adolescent Girl's Programme, Population Council

Executing Organization

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
GoB and UNICEF	
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date
January 2001	July 2004

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Project Coordinator

BRAC Center, 75 Mohakhali C/A, Dhaka-1212

General Objective

Focus on the discrimination of the adolescent girls policy makers, development partners and NGOs are knowledgeable about the rights of adolescent girls peer education and livelihood training in three districts piloted to generate lessons learned.

Specific Objectives

Activities Performed

Formation of Kishori Shanghas

Self-employment or direct employment and linkages established with formal credit and saving institutions for members who have undertaken livelihood training;

Girl's trained as peer educators on family life education, children's and women's rights (including discriminatory practices), and post literacy.

Village level campaigns undertaken by members of Kishori Sanghas to participate in social processes and raise issues on early marriage, violence and discrimination with mothers, fathers, boys, elected members, elite;

On-going Activities

Regular meetings to the Kishori Sanghas to discuss critical issues related to gender discrimination and girl's and women's rights;

Identification of livelihood training, apprenticeship/ internship opportunities and livelihood training imparted by the NGOs;

National exchange programmes, workshops will be organize by and for the members of Kishori Sanghas as exposure to the best practices;

Gender and child rights training with UP members in intervention areas;

Advocacy and communication for behavioral change to enhance the rights of adolescents;

Workshops with government and NGOs for creation of an adolescent policy.

Brief Description of findings/results

- Kishori/adolscent girls are becoming familiar with the peer education
- Awareness raised on girls deprivation through attending the regular meetings of the Kishori Sanghas

- Formative research and develop advocacy materials for adolescents (boys in particular) to expose them to gender discrimination and violence. Materials will be used by the NGOs for discussions and workshops;
- ♦ Intervention research on adolescent girls intervention areas for baseline, mid-term and follow up to generate lessons learned, to close gaps in information and for scaling up.

Technical Reports Prepared

4 DISTRIBUTION OF GO-NGO PROJECTS: AN ANALYSIS

Administrative Area/Zila	Project number								
Whole of Bangladesh	BWDB 26*; DoE 01, DoE 04, DoE 06; DoF 05, DoF 07, & DoF 14; DWA 01, DWA 04.								
Bagerhat	BWDB 01, BWDB 02; WARPO 01; LGED 09, LGED 11; FD 05, DoF 04; DPHE 01; R&H 07, R&H 17; DWA 02; REB 06; PDB 01.								
	PRODIPAN 01; WRDS 01, WRDS 02; CARE 06; CDP 01, CDP 02, CDP 05; Caritas 07; RIC 02.								
Barguna	BWDB 01; WARPO 01, WARPO 02; LGED 06, LGED 08, DoF 01; DAE 02; DPHE 01, DPHE 03; BRDB 05; R&H 06, R&H 13; REB 06; PDB 05.								
	MMC01; SSDP01.								
Barisal	BWDB 08; WARPO 01; LGED 03, DoF 03; DAE 02; DoL 04; DPHE 01, DPHE 08; BRDB 02; R&HD 03, R&HD 14, R&HD 29; REB 03, REB 06, REB 07; PDB 06.								
	WRDS 01; CARE 05; MMC01; Caritas 02, Caritas 05.								
Bhola	BWDB 13; WARPO 01, WARPO 02; DPHE 01; BRDB 02; R&HD 01, R&HD 03; PETROBANGLA 01; REB 01, REB 07.								
	COAST 01, COAST 02, COAST 03, COAST 04, COAST 08; MMC 01.								
Chandpur	BWDB 07, BWDB 21; WARPO 01; DPHE 01, DPHE 13; BRDB 02, BRDB 05; R&HD 26, R&HD 31, R&HD32, R&HD 35; BIWTA 01, BIWTA 02; REB 05, REB 07; PDB 04, PDB 07.								
Chittagong	BWDB 01, BWDB 15, BWDB 18, BWDB 19, BWDB 22, BWDB 23, BWDB 31; WARPO 01; LGED 17; FD 06, FD 10; DoF 03, DoF 13; DPHE 01, DPHE 08; BRDB 02, BRDB 05; R&HD 22, R&HD 27; BMD 01; CDA 01, CDA 02; CtgCC 01; CtgCC 02; REB 05, REB 06, REB 07; PDB 02, PDB 08.								
	COAST 02; CODEC 01, CODEC 02; COSED 01, COSED 02; CARE 02, CARE 05, CARE 07, CARE 08; ISDE 01, ISDE 02, ISDE 03; Caritas 04; YPSA 01, YPSA 02, YPSA 03, YPSA 04; BRAC 01, BRAC 02.								
Cox's Bazar	BWDB 01, BWDB 04, BWDB 05, BWDB 17, BWDB 19, BWDB 32, BWDB 37; WARPO 01; LGED 17; FD 02, FD 07, FD 08; DoE 02, DoE 05; DoF 04, DoF 10; DAE 09; DPHE 01; BRDB 02, BRDB 05; R&HD 08, R&HD 22, R&HD 23, R&HD 28, R&HD 30; BMD 03; REB 04, REB 07; PDB 02;								
	COAST 02, COAST 03, COAST 05, COAST 06, COAST 07; CARE 01, CARE 02; ISDE 01, ISDE 02, ISDE 03, ISDE 04, ISDE 05; RIC 01, RIC 02, RIC 03, RIC 04, RIC 06, RIC 07, RIC 08, RIC 09, RIC 10, RIC 11; BRAC 02.								
Feni	BWDB 01, BWDB 18, BWDB 29; WARPO 01; LGED 12, LGED 17; DoF 02, DPHE 01, DPHE 03; R&HD 18, REB 05, REB 07; PDB 05.								
	CARE 03; MCC 01; ASA 01; MMC01; YPSA 02; BRAC 01, BRAC 02.								
Gopalganj	BWDB 08; WARPO 01; DAE 02; DPHE 01, DPHE 11; BRDB 02, BRDB 09; DAE 01; R&HD 34; BSCIC 01; REB 01, REB 04, REB 07; PDB 04.								
	WRDS 01, WRDS 02; CARE 06; CDP 07.								
Jessore	BWDB 20, BWDB 24; WARPO 01, WARPO 02; LGED 19, LGED 24; DoF 06; DPHE 01,DPHE 16; BRDB 02, BRDB 03; R&HD 05; DMB 01; REB 05, REB 07; PDB 03, PDB 06.								
	WRDS 02; COSED03; CARE 04, CARE 06; CDP 01, CDP 05, CDP 07, CDP 08.								
Jhalokati	WARPO 01;LGED 03, LGED 24; DAE 02; DPHE 01; BRDB 02; R&HD 21; REB 02, REB 03; PDB 04.								
	MMC01; HDSS 01, HDSS02, HDSS03, HDSS 04.								
Khulna	BWDB 11, BWDB 16; WARPO 01; LGED 09, LGED 11, LGED 19; FD 05, DoF 03, DoF								

Administrative Area/Zila	Project number
	06; DPHE 01, DPHE 06; R&HD 11, R&HD 12, R&HD 15, R&HD 16; DMB 02; BEPZA 01; BSCIC 02; KDA 01; KCC 01, KCC02, KCC03, KCC 04; REB 02, REB 05, REB 06, REB 07; GSB 01; PDB 01, PDB 06.
	CCEC 01; PRODIPAN 01; WRDS 01; CARE 06, CARE 08; CDP 01, CDP 02, CDP 05, CDP 06, CDP 07, CDP 08, CDP10; CARITAS 04; UNNAYAN 01.
Lakshmipur	BWDB 01, BWDB 09; WARPO 01; LGED 12, LGED 17; DoF 02; DPHE 01, DPHE 03; R&HD 03, R&HD 19, R&HD 25; REB 05, REB 07; PDB 05.
	CODEC 01, CODEC 02; CARE 03; MCC 01; ASA 01; MMC01; BRAC 01, BRAC 02.
Narail	WARPO 01, WARPO 02; LGED 19, LGED 24; DPHE 01; BRDB 02, BRDB 03; DMB 01; REB 05; PDB 04.
	CARE 06; CDP01, CDP03, CDP 05, CDP07, CDP08.
Noakhali	BWDB 01, BWDB 10, BWDB 18, BWDB 16, WARPO 01; LGED 04, LGED 17; DoF 02, DPHE 01, DPHE 03; R&HD 24, R&HD 25; BSCIC 03; REB 06; PDB 03.
	CARE 03; MCC 01; ASA 01; MMC01; RIC 02; BRAC 01.
Patuakhali	BWDB 06, BWDB 14, BWDB 25; WARPO 01; LGED 06, LGED 08; DoF 01; DAE 02; DPHE 01, DPHE 02, DPHE 03; R&HD 06, R&HD 09, R&HD 13; BMD 03; BRDB 05; REB 03, REB 07; PDB 05.
	PMUS 01,PMUS 02; MMC01, SSDP01.
Pirojpur	BWDB 02; WARPO 01; LGED 03; DAE 01: DPHE 01; R&H 07, R&H 20; REB 06, REB 07; PDB 04.
	SARM 01; MMC01, PDB 04; RIC 02, RIC 03, RIC 05.
Satkhira	BWDB 20, BWDB 24; WARPO 01; LGED 09, LGED 11, LGED 19, LGED 24; FD 05, FD 09; DoF 04; DAE02; DPHE 16; DMB 01; BSCIC 02; REB 06, REB 07; GSB 01; PDB 01.
	COSED 3, COSED 4; CARE 06; Caritas 01, Caritas 02, Caritas 04; CDP 01, CDP 02, CDP 05, CDP 07, CDP 08.
Shariatpur	BWDB 12; WARPO 01; DAE 01;BIWTA 01; R&H 31, R&H 33; REB 01; PDB 04.

^{*} Agency and number indicate projects described in tables 1 and 2

4.1 District-wise Distribution of GoB Projects

(each * indicates one project)

	Agencies (each * indicates one pr									Ject)																	
Districts	BWDB	WARPO	LGED	FD	DoE	DoF	DAE	DoL	DPHE	BRDB	R & HD	DMB	BIWTA	BIWTC	BMD [5	SPARRSO	DWA	MoL	MPA	BEPZA	SSD	BSCIC	Petrobangla	CDA & Ctg CC	KDA & KCC	REB	PDB
Barguna	*	*	**		*	*	*		**	*	**															*	*
Barisal	*	*	*		*	*	*	*	**	*	***															**	**
Bhola		*			*				*	*	**												*			**	*
Jhalokati		*	**		*		*		*	*	*															**	*
Patuakhali	***	*	**		*	*	*		**	*	***				*											**	*
Pirojpur	*	*	*		*		*		*		**															**	*
Chandpur	**	*			*				**	**	****		**													**	**
Chittagong	****	*	***	**	*	*			**	**	**				*									****		***	**
Cox's Bazar	****	*	***	***	***	**	*		*	**	***				*											**	*
Feni	***	*	**		*	*			**		*															**	*
Lakshmipur	**	*	**		*	*			**		***															**	*
Noakhali	** *	*	**		*	*			**		**											*				*	*
Gopalganj	*	*			*		*		**	**	*											*				***	*
Shariatpur	*	*			*		*		*		**		*														*
Bagerhat	**	*	**	*	*	*			*		**	*					*		*							*	*
Jessore	**	**	**		*	*			**	**	*	*														**	**
Khulna	**	*	***	*	*	**			**		****	*								*		*			****	****	**
Narail		**	**		*				*	*		*															*
Satkhira	**	*	****	**	*	*			**			*										*				*	*

Note: Besides some other agencies i.e. DoF, DAE, DoE, BWDB, WARPO have projects covering the whole country in general.

4.2 District-wise Distribution of NGO Projects

(Each * indicates one project)

														(Eac	h * ii	ıdica	tes o	ne pro	oject))
		Agencies																		
Administrative Area / Zila	COAST	CCEC	PRODIPAN	CODEC	SOM	WRDS	COSED	CARE	ЭЭМ	ASA	MMC	CARITAS	RIC	AGSS	CDP	ISDE	Unnayan	SSQH	YPSA	BRAC
Barguna				**						,	*			*						
Barisal						*		*			*	**								
Bhola	***										*									
Jhalokati											*							***		
Patuakhali				**	**						*			*						
Pirojpur											*		***							
Chandpur																				*
Chittagong	*			**			**	***				*				***			***	**
Cox's Bazar	***							**					*** *** ***			***				*
Feni								*	*	*	*								*	**
Lakshmipur				**				*	*	*	*									**
Noakhali								*	*	*	*		*							*
Gopalganj						**		*							*					
Shariatpur																				
Bagerhat			*			**		*				*	*		***					
Jessore						*		**							***					
Khulna		*	*			*		*				**			***		*			
Narail								**							***					
Satkhira								*				***			***					

5 CONCLUSION

This document attempt to list the agency wise (sector wise) development projects/intervention/ activities of the GO and NGOs in coastal area. This also provides the essence of the aim of the development activities for the well being of coastal people and how GO and donor contributions are being made to reach out there at the grass root level. This can also be suggestive for the GO-NGO collaboration and partnership, which is essential in means of reducing vulnerabilities to enhance human capacity.

The GoB has finalize the ADP 2003 - 2004 with the aims to increase the income of the poor people, to create employment opportunities and to ensure human resources development by providing education, health and nutrition. Which is very much in line with the objectives of the ICZMP project. The ADP 2003-2004 is prepared as the first year of Three Years Rolling Investment Program (2003-2006) of the Government.

However, the inventory of projects and initiatives also has some limitations. In some cases it was difficult to get the information on fund source or allocation. These drawbacks can be overcome if revisit can be made or the existing information sources can be reviewed again.

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ANNEXES

ANNEX A: LIST OF COMPLETED GO PROJECTS

Sl	Name of agency and project	Project	Location	Total cost	Sources of	
D	In Ind. Water Development Broad	period	(District)	(project aid)	project aid	
	gladesh Water Development Board Khulna Jessore Drainage		IZhada - Iarana	2511.80	A DD	
U1	Rehabilitation Project*	1993-2002	Khulna, Jessore	(1837.70)		
02	Gorai River Restoration Project	1996-2002	Kushtia (with direct	` /	IDA, GoN, Govt	
02	Corai River Resionation Project	1990-2002	impact in coastal		of Belgium,	
			region)	(1000.20)	Govt. of Japan	
03	Bhulua River Re-excavation	1998-2002	Noakhali, Lakshmipur	115.02	Gover of tupun	
_	Kenduar <i>Beel</i> Polder 36/1 Extension	1999-2002	Khulna	23.46		
	Southwest Flood Damage	2000-2002	Satkhira, Khulna,	891.00		
	Rehabilitation Project (Part-D)	2000 2002	Jessore, Magura,	(712.80)		
			Jhenaidah, Chuadanga, Kushtia	(, , , ,		
06	Meghna Estuary Study (Phase-II)	1998-2002	Central and Eastern CZ	293.09	GoN	
	ter Resource Planning Organization		Contrar and Eastern CE	2/3.0/	3011	
01	National Water Management Plan	1997-2002	All over BD	573.60		
	project	22. 2002		(435.70)		
Loc	al Government Engineering Depart	ment (LGE)	D)			
01	Small Scale Water Resources	1995-96	Partly in CZ	2714.60	ADB, IFAD	
	Development Sector Project at	2001-02		(2034.40)	GoN	
	Thana and Union Level					
For	est Department (FD)					
01	Coastal Green Belt project	1995-2002	Coastal districts	1300.08	ADB	
Dep	artment of Environment (DoE) & M	IoEF				
01	Institutional Strengthening for the	1999-2002	All over BD	5.75	MLF, UNDP	
	Phase out of Ozone Depleting					
	Substance (Study)					
02	Preparation of Initial National	1999-2002		13.54	GEF, UK	
	Communication in Response to the					
	UN Framework Convention of					
03	Climate Change (Study) Country Case Study on Climate	2000-2002		12.00	UNEP	
03	Change Impacts and Adaptation	2000-2002		(11.61)		
	Assessment In Bangladesh (Study)			(11.01)		
04	National Conservation Strategy	1994-2002		85 88	IUCN	
	Implementation Project (Phase –I)	. 1771 2002		05.00	NORAD	
	(Study)					
05	Bio-diversity Strategic Action plan	2001-2002		18.73	UNDP, GEF	
	artment of Fisheries (DoF)				,	
01	Coastal Marine Fishery	1997-2002	Coastal Districts	70.42		
	Management Strengthening Project					
02	BMRD of Fish Processing and	2000-2002	Chittagong, Cox's	62.50		
	Marketing Center of Chittagong		Bazar			
	Fish Port and Cox's Bazar Centre					
	artment of Agriculture Extension (I					
01	Bangladesh-Canada Farm to Market Enterprise Development Project	1999-2002		407.20		
Den	artment of Public Health Engineering	ng (DPHE)				
01	Water Supply and Sanitation	1993-2002		1422.95	ADB	
	Project 9 District Towns	1775 2002		1.22.73		
02	Rural Sanitation Project	1996-2002	Partly in CZ	1996.00		
	gladesh Rural Development Board (1,70.00		
	o = 1, viopinent 20ui u					

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^{*} Bold & italic project names refer to projects with a fact sheet in Annex B.

Sl	Name of accuracy and musical	Duoisst	Location	Total cost	Sources of
21	Name of agency and project	Project period	(District)	(project aid)	project aid
01	Rural Develop-5: Production	1996-2002	Partly in CZ	(project and) 887.93	
01	Oriented Employment Project	1990-2002	(Gopalganj, Shariatpur)	(646.01)	
	(Phase-III)		(Gopaigailj, Shariatpur)	(040.01)	
Ran	gladesh Parjatan Corporation (BPC	<u>'</u>			
01	Establishment of a Tourism Centre	2001-2002		5.20	
01	at Kaira Thana Area of Khulna	2001 2002		3.20	
	District				
Disa	ster Management Bureau (DMB)				
01	Child Malnutrition Alleviation/	2000-2002		99.50	
	Prevention Project in River Erosion				
	Area				
Ban	gladesh Inland Water Transport Au	thority (BI	WTA)		
01	Feasibility study & detailed design	2001-02	Cox's Bazar,	2.1	
	for landing Facility at three		Chittagong, Bhola		
	Coastal Upazilas-1st phase (Cox's		<i>G</i> : <i>G</i> ,		
	Bazar Sadar, Sandwip and				
	Manpura) – (Phase-1)				
Depa	artment of Women Affairs (DoWA)				
01	Multi-Sectoral Project to Prevent	2000-2002	Partly in CZ	59.70	DANIDA
	Women Oppression		•	(54.84)	
Min	istry of Land (MoL)				
01	Preparation of Re-settlement Policy	1999-2002		7.34	IDA, WB
	Guidelines (Study)				
Mon	ngla Port Authority (MPA)				
01	Oil Spill Impact and Response	2000-2002		61.88	ADB
	Program (Study)				
Geo	logical Survey of Bangladesh (GSB)				
01	Holocene Sedimentation and	1997-2002	All coastal districts	1.0	
	Geomorphological				
	Characterization of the Coastal				
	Areas of Bangladesh for Cyclone				
	Hazard Assessment and Zonation				

ANNEX B: FACT SHEETS OF COMPLETED GO PROJECTS

Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB)

BWDB - 01

Title		Status	
Khulna-Jessore Drainage Rehabilitation Project (K	Completed		
Location			
Manirampur, Keshabpur & Abhoynagar UZ of Jessore district and Dumuria & Phultala UZ of Khulna district. Area: 100,600 ha.			
Implementing Agency			
Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB), Department of Agricultural Extension (DAE), Department of Fisheries (DoF)			
Executing Organization			
ARCADIS-Euro consults, SMEC International, CEGIS.			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
Asian Development Bank (ADB)	BDT 2511.80 (PA1837.70)		
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date		
1993	2002		

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Superintending Engineer, Jessore O&M Circle, BWDB, Khulna.

Tel:041-763514

General Objective

Environmental improvement and poverty reduction by reducing drainage congestion and increased agricultural production and creation of on-farm employment through Tidal River Management (TRM).

Specific Objecti ves

- ♦ mobilizing beneficiary participation in design, implementation and subsequent O&M of the project facilities;
- vehabilitating the existing drainage infrastructure to reduce drainage congestion and protect the project area from tidal and seasonal flooding;
- providing support for the expansion of agricultural extension services that will be necessary;
- ♦ improving management of fisheries in polder areas.

Activities Performed

- ♦ River dredging-28 km
- ♦ Drainage channel-404 km
- ♦ Closure-1 no. Embankment-24.5 km
- ♦ Hydraulic structure-7 no.
- ♦ Rehabilitation of hydraulic structure-8 no.
- ♦ Outlet structure-12 no.
- ♦ Tidal basin perimeter 9.5 km
- ♦ Culvert/bridge-24 no.
- ♦ River dredging-2 km,
- ♦ Drainage channel-150.70 km,
- ♦ Embankment-8.86 km,
- ♦ Rehabilitation of hydraulic structure-11no

Outlet structure-8 no. Tidal basin perimeter-0.5 km, Culvert-bridge-14 no.

On-going Activities

Not applicable

Brief Description of findings/results

- The ELA/SIA study which was executed between mid 1997 and mid 1998, identified and studied Tidal River Management (TRM) as an alternative solution to major regulators proposed by the project. TRM has operated in *beel* kederia to solve the drainage problem of the region by generating tidal flows in the main river system, which will prevent them from siltation.
- ♦ In addition, sediments will be brought in the beel areas as requested by the local people.
- Supported by the public opinion, the decision has been taken to implement a tidal basin in the upstream part of one of the main river systems.
- A stepwise, learning by doing approach will be followed, based on an extensive monitoring, which should build up experience with the performance and management of these tidal basins. Water Management Groups and Associations play an important role in the implementation.

Technical Reports Prepared

- Mathematical Model Study for Environmental and Social Impact Assessments: Draft Final Report.
 Dhaka: BWDB, 1997. vp.
- Cohesive Sediment Study: Final Report. Dhaka: IWM, 1996. vp.
- Sediment and River Morphology Studies. Dhaka: SMEC International, 1997. vp.
- Detailed engineering design and construction supervision; final draft- part 1: overall drainage plan. Dhaka: SMEC, 1998. vp.
- Detailed engineering design and construction supervision; final draft- part II: overall drainage plan. Dhaka: SMEC, 1998. vp.
- Agricultural Development. Final report, volume II: long-term (1999-2003) strategy plan. Dhaka: DAE, 1997. vp.
- Agricultural Development. Final report, volume I: assessments and activities. Dhaka: DAE, 1997. vp.
- Environmental and social impact assessment of Khulna-Jessore Drainage Rehabilitation Project. Dhaka: CEGIS, 1998. 194p.
- Khulna-Jessore Drainage Rehabilitation Project, Inception Report. Dhaka: BWDB, 2000. 41 p.
- Detailed engineering design and construction supervision. Dhaka: SMEC, 2001. vp
- Technical report no. 2: status reports on the environmental impacts of the projects. Dhaka: ADB, 1995. 62p.
- Technical report no. 3: water management associations. Dhaka: ADB, 1995. 45p
- Technical report no. 4: problems needs of the people. Dhaka: ADB, 1995. 75p.
- Technical report no. 5: problems needs of the people, part II. Dhaka: ADB, 1996. 94p.
- Technical report no. 6: the fisheries management plan for the Khulna-Jessore drainage rehabilitation project. Dhaka: ADB, 1996. 38p.
- Technical report no. 8: training materials. Dhaka: ADB, 1998. 26p.
- Technical report no. 9: monitoring of emergency relief programme 1997-98. Dhaka: ADB, 1998. 19p.
- Annual report 1997. Dhaka: BWDB, 1998. vp.
- Inception report 1997. Dhaka: BWDB, 1997. vp.
- Retrospective benchmark report1997. Dhaka: BWDB, 1997. vp.
- BME final report. Dhaka: BWDB, 1997. vp.
- BME system manual. Dhaka: BWDB, 1997. vp.
- Operation and maintenance manual. Dhaka: BWDB, 2001. vp.

Status Date: October, 2003 Sector: Water Resources

BWDB - 02

Title	Status
Gorai River Restoration Project (GRRP)	Completed

Location

Southwest Region of Bangladesh covering 10 Districts. Bangladesh's Southwest Region (SWR) covers approximately 40,450 square kilometers (27 percent of the total area of the country). In 1991 it had a population of about 26 million (23 percent of the country total). The region is bounded by the Indian border in the West, by the Ganges-Padma and Lower Meghna rivers in the North and East, and by the Bay of Bengal in the South. It is estimated that about 10 percent of the area is covered with coastal mangrove forests known as Sundarban; about 13 percent is covered by surface water, including rivers and beels (natural depressions); and the remaining 77 percent is cultivated. In the Study area for this Project approximately 9 million people and communities, according to the 1991 census, depend directly or indirectly on the Gorai River.

Implementing Agency

Bangladesh Water Development Board (BWDB), Ministry of Water Resources (MoWR), GoB

Executing Organization

DHV, Haskoning Consortium and Associates, MML, SMEC, BETS, DPM, HCL, RK, DUL, PAL, Devcon, ACE

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)	
Government of the Netherlands	BDT 3280.85 million (PA 1860.20)	
Start Date	Completion Date	
September 2001	January 2002 (Pre -contact phase)	

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. Fortunato Carvajal M

Team Leader

Pre-contract Consultant

Gorai River Restoration Project (GRRP) Hs: 10 A, Rd: 103, Gulshan, Dhaka 1212,

Bangladesh

Tel: 8821963, Fax: +880 2 8823783, E-mail – grrpmc@dhaka.agni.com

General Objective

The overall objective is to prevent environmental degradation specifically around Khulna, the coastal belt and in the Sundarbans, by undertaking restoration of the Gorai River and hence ensuring fresh water flows in the wet season and augmenting these flows during the dry season.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To enhance the Gorai river flow to restore the ecological and environmental services previously supported by the river.
- The focus of the specific environmental objective is not therefore, the re-establishment of the flow of fresh water but rather the services and attributes provided by the water conveyed within the river system prior to the closure of the off take. These services are many and varied and are manifest on differing scales in both time and space.

Activities Performed

- ♦ The Feasibility Study, detail design and tender documents of the project have been already completed by the Main Consultant (DHV − HASKONING Consortium & Associates). The Main Consultants submitted their final report of the study in July 2001.
- ♦ The activities performed by the Main Consultant included preparation of detailed design, social impact assessment, economic and financial evaluation, Operation & Maintenance (O & M) evaluation, detail design and tender documents.
- ♦ IWM and RRI, Faridpur carried out mathematical modeling and physical modeling activities respectively to support to the Main Consultant activities.
- ♦ CEGIS executed Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) & Environmental Management Plan (EMP), Social Impact & Resettlement Action Plan for the project independently, as the project

is a "Category A - Environmental Project".

Pre-contract activities of the project have been done as follows:

- ♦ updating and detailing of the design of the proposed project interventions;
- ♦ preparation of Project Implementation Plan (PIP), general and individual procurement notices, tender documents, detailed project cost estimate etc.;
- ♦ to complete pre-qualification formalities including evaluation of tenders;
- ♦ to prepare ToR and draft contract for supervision consultant;
- ♦ to upgrade O&M report integrating BWDB's organization framework.

More over, Resettlement Action Plan (RAP) for the project has been done by CEGIS.

On-going Activities

At present the next stage of the project i.e. long-term restoration activity including off-take intervention and riverbank protection are under consideration of the Government.

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ The Feasibility Study for the GRRP identified significant ecological and environmental benefits from providing a minimum flow of 60 m³/s and ensuring the monsoon flow at the Sundarban Mangrove Forest. Primary to these benefits is restoration, throughout the year, of the fresh water hydrological system to the Sundarban and the related impacts on ecological productivity and functions. Successful protection of the Sundri (Heritiera fomes) a fresh water mangrove is probably dependent on the GRRP.
- Additional benefits arising from retention of flora and fauna have been described along with potentially major losses to the coastal fishery in the Bay of Bengal.
- Other benefits arise from reduced salinization, increased access to fresh water and in-stream values such aquatic biodiversity; fisheries, agriculture and navigation result in a very strong economic justification for the project.
- The engineering option A1 (river training works in combination with occasional maintenance dredging) is reliable, uncomplicated and provides a significant recurrent cost saving over recurrent dredging options.
- ♦ The Project is considered to be technically and economically justifiable.
- ♦ Based on the risk analysis carried out, the EIRR of the project ranges from 11.1 to 22%, with a 91% certainty that the EIRR is 14% or higher.

Technical Reports Prepared

- Feasibility Study Report of the Main Consultants
- Tender Documents
- Final Report on Mathematical Modeling by IWM
- Final Report on Physical Modeling by RRI/ Faridpur
- Environmental and Social Impact Assessment for the project by CEGIS

Status Date: June, 2002 Sector: Water Resources

BWDB - 06

Title	Status
Meghna Estuary Study I & II	Completed

Location

The area covers the Lower Meghna River from Chandpur Town to the Bay of Bengal. The eastern boundary follows the left bank and the coastline to the mouth of the Karnafuli River near Chittagong. The western boundary follows the right bank of the Lower Meghna river and the Tetulia river and the coastline to the Bay. The southern boundary, which covers the estuarine and offshore islands, is not specifically defined but on the eastern side should cover the entrance to the Karnafuli River.

Implementing Agency

Ministry of Water Resources

Executing Organization

BWDB & WARPO

Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)
Governments of Netherlands; Denmark, GoB & WB	BDT 630 million
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date
November 1995	June 2002

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

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Project Director, Team Leader
PMU-ESPP, BWDB, Saimon Centre 6th Floor

54 Elite House (10th Floor), Motijheel C/A, Dhaka-1000, Tel: 880-2-955 9298

Rd: 22, Hs: 4/A, Gulshan-1, Dhaka 1212
Tel: 880-2-8811370; Fax: 880-2-8821891

General Objective

The long-term objective of MES was to improve the physical safety and social security of the people living in the coastal areas and on the islands in the Estuary. To retain and increase the operational knowledge of the hydraulic and morphological processes in Meghna Estuary and to Develop appropriate approaches and techniques for efficient land reclamation as well as effective riverbank protection measures.

Specific Objectives

Major specific objectives were as follows

- Planning the development of the project area, giving due attention to carrying out a systematic programme of **surveys** to build up a reliable database for assessing estuarine behavior. Enhancing the optimum exploitation of the potentials of the areas in terms of land reclamation and land use, thus providing new land to landless people. A **Master Plan** is expected, in due course, to lead to an enhanced morphological stability and eventually to a shortened coastline. It thus aims at a safer environment for sustained human habitation. Mitigating the destructive forces of storm surges (cyclones), thus providing a higher degree of safety to the population and property, and improving the productivity of the coastal islands by introducing better system for drainage, salinity control and water management in the **Development Plan**. This would include those areas, which are at present not protected, and which are not covered by FAP-7.
- ♦ Enhancing understanding of natural forces that shape the physical properties of the area and which largely determine the potential for settlement and development. To the extent that information is available for other FAP studies, of the possible impact of flood protection works along the major rivers on hydraulic and morphological conditions in the rivers, relate consequences for the Meghna Estuary should be assessed.
- An early start to implementation of priority projects and programmes those are compatible with the phased long term and / or development plan. Implementations of works are the stage of practical experiments is not included in MES.
- Practical solutions for an effective continuation of surveys and studies, aimed at sustained and co-coordinated actions to update and progressively implement the long-term plan.
- Reinforce the capacity of the concerned institutions to survey, investigation, plan, design and implement MES its projects and long-term plan.

Activities to be Performed

- ♦ Institutional Development;
- ♦ Surveys: a) Marine, b) Land and c) Socio-economic;
- ♦ Studies: a) Hydrodynamics, b) Morphological, c) Socio-economical and
 - d) Environmental;
- ♦ Development of Reference Scenarios & plan;
- ♦ Preparation of Master Plan;
- ♦ Preparation of Land & Water Development Plan;
- ♦ Preparation of Priority Projects;
- Preparation of Small Scale Pilot Schemes & its Design, Implementation, Monitoring & Evaluation.

On-going Activities

- ♦ Estuarine Survey for the dynamic area;
- ♦ Study on morphology & hydrodynamic monitoring for inclusion in the Master Plan in NWMP;
- ♦ The Project has been CONTINUED as MES-2 (Bridging Phase) to carry out the survey works uninterruptedly and finalize draft Master Plan as well as the draft Development Plan following FAP guidelines.

Brief Description of findings/results

- ♦ Reliable hydro-morphological survey data bases formed
- ♦ 25 years long phased Master Plan for Estuary Development prepared.
- ♦ 5 years phased land & water development plan with priority projects prepared.
- ♦ An operational survey unit with data processing and analyzing capabilities.
- ♦ Low cost innovative land accretion & erosion control measures were tried up.

Technical Reports Prepared

- Technical notes on different issues 46 Nos.
- Data volumes 13 Nos.
- Digitized maps of Bathymetry & LRP.
- Master Plan Reports 8 volumes.
- Development Plan Reports 6 volumes.
- Monitoring & evaluation of pilot project.
- 2-D mathematical models of the study area for water flow; salinity, sediment etc were calibrated by IWM.

Details listing of the reports are provided below.

MES II Publications (Since 1st October 1998 to 31st July 2001)

MES II Technical Notes

MES-II-025	Monitoring of Haim Char Erosion Control Works
MES-II-026	Monitoring of Khorki Erosion Control Works
MES-II-027	Salinity in the Meghna Estuary
MES-II-028	Processing of Bathymetric Surveys in the Meghna Estuary
MES-II-029	Year 2000 update of Trends and Processes
MES-II-030	Float Tracking and ADCP Measurements Monsoon 2000
MES-II-031	Analysis of Shoreline Changes in the Meghna Estuary
MES-II-032	Analysis of Bathymetric Changes in the Meghna Estuary
MES-II-033	Determining Suspended Sediment Concentration From ADCP
	Backscatter Intensity
MES -II-034	Empirical Morpho-dynamic Relations to Predict Channel Dimensions in the (Lower) Meghna Estuary

MES-II-035	Analysis of Cross-sectional Properties of Channels in the Meghna Estuary
MES-II-036	Bathymetric Survey and Ve locity Measurements in the Hatiya River for CDSP-II in April 2001
MES-II-037	Nijhum Dwip Cross Dam Trial Section
MES-II-038	Char Alexander Bank Protection Pilot Scheme
MES-II-039	Khorki Bank Protection Pilot Scheme
MES-II-040	Hanarchar Erosion Control Pilot Scheme
MES-II-041	Char Montaz Permeable Cross Dam Pilot Scheme
MES-II-042	Nijhum Dwip Permeable Cross Dam Trial Section
MES-II-043	Acceleration of Accretion Evaluation of Cross Dam Pilot ScheMES-II
MES-II-044	Bank Erosion Evaluation of Erosion Control Pilot ScheMES-II
MES-II-045	Review Design and Implementation of Nijhum Dwip Cross Dam
MES-II-046	Brief Note on Surveys in the Meghna Estuary

MES II Reports and Proceedings

- 1. Hydro-Morphological Dynamics of the Meghna Estuary, June 2001
- 2. Executive Summary of Hydro-Morphological Dynamics of the Meghna Estuary, July 2001
- 3. Proposal Survey & Study Support Project Anwesha, 18 July 2001
- 4. Proceedings of Workshop on Draft Master Plan & Draft Development Plan, 2-3 December 1999; published October 2000
- 5. Brief Key Papers for the Workshop on Draft Master Plan & Draft Development Plan, 2-3 December 1999
- 6. Proceedings of Training Program: Design and Implementation of Erosion Control and Cross Dam Pilot Schemes executed under MES, 16 November 2000; published in May 2001
- 7. Brief Key Papers on Training Program Design and Implementation of Erosion Control and Cross Dam Pilot Schemes executed under MES 16 November 2000
- 8. Mission report on Evaluation of Pilot Erosion Control Works in MES 5-11 May 2001
- 9. Evaluation of an alternative way of River Bank protection in the Meghna estuary Volume I: A low-cost River Bank Protection Pilot Project in Hanar Char Volume II: Studying the effect of a field with increased roughness on the flow pattern in a channel

MES II Reports by Third Parties

CNRS: Centre for Natural Resources Studies

Final Report, Marine Resource and Hilsha Spawning Impact Assessment between Nijhum Dwip and Hatia South, January 2001

CEGIS

Application of Remote Sensing for Assessing Changes in Inter tidal Areas, Erosion and Accretion in the MES Area November 2000

IWM

1. Training Report:

Basic Training on Hydraulic Modelling in MIKE 21 HD May 1999

2. Training Report:

Maintenance of the Two Dimensional General Model of the Meghna Estuary August 1999

3. First Update Report;

Maintenance of the Two Dimensional General Model of the Meghna Estuary April 2000

- 4. MIKE 21 Advanced Training (Maintenance of the Two Dimensional General Model of the Meghna Estuary June 2000)
- 5. Second Update Report: Whole Area Updated for 1999-2000

Maintenance of the Two Dimensional General Model of the Meghna Estuary April 2001

	Volume I: Executive Summary			
Volume II: Main Report				
MES public	MES publications (Until 1 October 1998)			
MES Master	r Plan Repor	ts		
Executive St	ummary			
Volume 1		Main Report		
Volume 2		Morphological Processes		
Volume 3		Water management and Drainage		
Volume 4		Rural Development		
Volume 5		Agriculture and Farming Systems		
Volume 6		Fisheries and Aquaculture		
Volume 7		Forestry		
Volume 8		Environmental Profile and Assessment		
MES Develo	pment Plan	Reports		
Volume 1		Main Report		
Volume 2	Part 1	Feasibility Study		
		Haim Char Erosion Control Project		
Volume 2	Part 2	Initial Environmental Examination		
		Haim Char Erosion Control Project		
Volume 3	Part 1	Feasibility Study		
		Nijhum Dwip Integrated Development Project		
Volume 3	Part 2	Environmental Impact Assessment		
		Nijhum Dwip Integrated Development Project		
Volume 4	Part 1	Feasibility Study		
		Char Montaz-Kukri Mukri Int. Dev. Project		
Volume 4	Part 2	Environmental Impact Assessment		
		Char Montaz-Kukri Mukri Int. Dev. Project		
Volume 5		Pre-feasibility Studies Land Development		
	Part 1	Rangabali - Char Biswas		
	Part 2	Hatia -Manpura		
	Part 3	Urir Char-Char Pir Baksh		
Volume 6		Reconnaissance Studies Erosion Control		
	Part 1	Bhola Northeast Bank Lines		
	Part 2	Bhola East Bank Lines		
	Part 3	Bhola West Bank Lines		
	Part 4	Lakshmipur-Ramgati Bank Lines		
	Part 5	Hatia North Coast Line		
	Part 6	Sandwip West Coast Line		
MES Techni				
MES-001	Tidal Volume and Sediment Transport Patterns			
MES-002	Schematisation of Wave Climate			
MES-003	-	Water Level Data and Harmonic Components		
MES-004	•	ribution in the Estuary		
MES-005	•			
MES-006	Nijhum Dwi	p Cross Dam Pilot Scheme		

MES-007	Char Alexander Bank Protection Pilot Scheme
MES-008	Static GPS Survey
MES-009	Time Series Analysis of Erosion and Accretion
MES-010	Estuarine Survey Procedures
MES-011	Assessment of Marine Survey Capabilities
MES-012	Frequency Analysis of Water Levels in Feni Estuary
MES-013	Assessment of Sedimentation Fields
MES-014	Climate Change and Water Level Rise
MES-015	Surveys in Bay of Bengal
MES-016	Estuarine Surveys
MES-017	Numerical Modelling
MES-018	Rapid Assessment of Mangrove Forestry Resources
MES-019	Innovative Bank Protection Measures
MES-020	Installation of Haim Char Erosion Control Project
MES-021	Installation of Khorki Erosion Control Project
MES-022	Gravitational Circulation Shabazpur Main Channel
MES-023	Time Series Analysis of Erosion and Accretion - Addendum
MES-024	Status Survey Vessels and Equipment
MES-025	Monitoring of Haim Char Erosion Control Works
MES-026	Monitoring of Khorki Erosion Control Works
MES-027	Salinity In the Meghna Estuary
MES-028	Processing of Bathymetric Surveys in the Meghna Estuary
MES-029	Addendum, Morphological Processes o September, 1998
MES-030	Float Tracking and ADCP Measurements Monsoon 2000
MES-031	Analysis of Shoreline Changes in the Meghna Estuary
MES-032	Analysis of Bathymetric Changes in the Meghna Estuary
MES-033	Determining Suspended Sediment Concentration From ADCP
	Backscatter Intensity
MES-034	Empirical Morphodynamic Relations to Predict Channel Dimensions in the (Lower) Meghna Estuary
MES-035	Analysis of Cross-sectional Properties of Channels in the Meghna Estuary
MES-036	Bathymetric Survey and Velocity Measurements in the Hatiya River for CDSP-II in April 2001
MES-037	Nijhum Dwip Cross Dam Trial Section
MES-038	Char Alexander Bank Protection Pilot Scheme
MES-039	Khorki Bank Protection Pilot Scheme
MES-040	Hanarchar Erosion Control Pilot Scheme
MES-041	Char Montaz Permeable Cross Dam Pilot Scheme
MES-042	Nijhum Dwip Permeable Cross Dam Trial Section
MES-043	Acceleration of Accretion Evaluation of Cross Dam Pilot Schemes
MES-044	Bank Erosion Evaluation of Erosion Control Pilot Schemes
MES-045	Review Design and Implementation of Nijhum Dwip Cross Dam
MES-046	Brief Note on Surveys in the Meghna Estuary
Others:	
Design Repo	ort Pilot Schemes: Char Montaz Cross Dam and Hanarchar Erosion Control
Proceedings	of Workshop on Interim Master Plan & Interim Development Plan March 1998

MES Data Volur	nes
MES-101	Inventory of LRP Data
MES-102	Cross Section Data
MES-103	Water Level Data - Part 1
MES-104	Water Level Data - Part 2
MES-105	Morphology and Hydrodynamics Data - Part 1
MES-106	Morphology and Hydrodynamics Data - Part 2
MES-107	Morphology and Hydrodynamics Data - Part 3a, 3b & 3c
MES-108	Char Level Fisheries Data
MES-109	Socio - Economic Survey Data - Part 1
MES-110	Socio - Economic Survey Data - Part 2
MES-111	Water Management & Drainage Data
MES-201	Bathymetric Maps
MES-202	Digitised LRP Maps

Status Date: June, 2002 Sector: Water Resources

Water Resources Planning Organization (WARPO)

WARPO - 01

Title		Status	
National Water Management Plan		Completed	
Location			
Whole Bangladesh			
Implementing Agency			
Ministry of Water Resources			
Executing Organization			
Water Resources Planning Organization (WARPO)			
Funding Agency	ing Agency Funds Allocated (optional)		
IDA, GoB	BDT 573.60 million (PA435.70)		
Start Date	Date (Expected) Completion Date		
997 2002			

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Mr. H.M. Farooq

Director General, WARPO

House #103, Road #01, Banani, Dhaka-1213 Tel: 8814554/8814556 (PABX); Tel: 9880879 (DG)

General Objective

Management and development of Water Sector through

- an analytical framework to allow the systematic evaluation and assessment of water resources management options within the broader multi-sectoral resources allocation;
- timed, rolling investment portfolios of water sector projects and programs;
- coherent and consistent Management Information System to facilitate planning and management of water and land resources, improved access to sailable information, sustained monitoring and evaluation of project/program performance and feedback of performance results into the planning and decision making system.

Specific Objectives

Activities Performed

Activates are transformed into technical reports

On-going Activities

Technical Reports Prepared

National Water Management Plan, October 2001

Vol. 1 : Executive Summary

Vol. 2 : Main Report

Vol. 3 : Investment Portfolios

Vol. 4 : Regional Plans

Vol. 5 : Supporting Information

Draft Development Strategy, August 2000

Vol. 1 : Summary of Options

Vol. 2 : Main Report

Vol. 3 : Policies

Vol. 4 : Land and Water Use

Vol. 5 : Legacies and Lessons; Consultation

Vol. 6 : Social Analysis; Environment

Vol. 7 : Institutions; Regulatory and Economic Instruments

Vol. 8 : Economics

Vol. 9 : Data Management; Basic Human Needs

Vol. 10: Technical Option's Project Profiles

Vol. 11: Regional Environmental Policy

Management Infrastructure System

MIS

Project Database User Manual

Programmes Database User Manual

In Preparation

Brief Description of findings/results

Status date June 2002 Sector: Water Resources

Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)

LGED - 10

Title Small Scale Water Resources Development Sector	Status Completed			
level (SSWRDSP)	Toject at Thana & Chion	Completed		
Location				
Area coverage 37 districts includes 110 subprojects in	Area coverage 37 districts includes 110 subprojects in 43 Upazilas of 10 coastal districts			
Implementing Agency	Implementing Agency			
Local Government Division.				
Executing Organization				
Local Government Engineering Department (LGED)				
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)			
ADB, IFAD, RNE, GOB & Beneficiaries	BDT 2714.60 million			
Start Date	Completion Date			
FY 1995-96 30 th June. 2002				

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Project Director, SSWRDSP,

LGED Bhaban (Level-II), Agargoan, Shere-e-Bangla Nagar, Dhaka-1207. Tel: 9127411 (Office), Fax: 9123169

E-mail: sswrdsp@lged.org

General Objective

Create sustainable increase in agricultural production and incomes of marginal and small farms holders. Establishment of sustainable O&M systems for small-scale water resources project through beneficiary participation.

Specific Objectives

Flood Control, Drainage Improvement and Command Area Development

Activities Performed

- ♦ construction iof cyclone shelter
- ♦ construction/reconstruction of roads
- ♦ construction of bridge and box/pipe culvert
- ♦ re-excavation of pond
- ♦ tree plantation and care taking
- ♦ mobilization of beneficiery participation
- ♦ community based infrastructure development
- ♦ water resource oriented support programme
- ♦ development of effective operation system
- ♦ support for institutional strengthening
- ♦ capacity building for sustainable water management

On-going Activities

Sub-project Implementation

Brief Description of findings/results

In completed sub-projects farmers have already started adopting new cropping pattern taking advantage of new environment generated by sub-projects. Benefit monitoring and evaluation of 32 completed sub-projects in 1999 indicate that major impacts on crop production resulted from flood protection and drainage during monsoon. During 1999 Kharif II and 1999-2000 Rabi season, cereal and non-cereal production increased by 39% and 10% respectively.

Technical Reports Prepared

Subproject Appraisal Report

Status Date: January 2001

Sector: Rural Development and Institutions

Forest Department (FD)

FD-02

Title		Status	
Coastal Greenbelt Project (CGP)	Coastal Greenbelt Project (CGP)		
Location			
12 Coastal districts (Chittagong, Cox's Bazar, Feni, Noakhali, Lakshmipur, Bhola, Patuakhali, Barguna, Barisal, Jhalukati, Pirojpur, Bagerhat).			
Implementing Agency			
Forest Department (FD) of the Ministry of Environmen	nt and Forest		
Executing Organization			
Forest Department (FD)			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
Asian Development Bank (ADB)	BDT 1300.08 million		
Start Date	Completion Date		
1995	2002		
Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others			
Md. Abdul Mutaleb	Md. Ikhil Mondal		
Conservator of Forests, Coastal Circle	Coastal Circle Project Director, Coastal Greenbelt Project		
an Bhaban, Mohakhali, Dhaka Ban Bhaban, Mohakhali, Dhaka		aka	
Tel: 8826964 (Off) Tel: 988 68 87 (Off)			

General Objective

The objective of the CGP project is to protect and improve the coastal environment by augmenting tree cover in the coastal region and to help in reducing poverty of the local population by generating supplementary income opportunities through the use of state owned fallow land.

Specific Objectives

- ♦ To raise plantation along the embankment, roadsides and rail sides, in homestead and foreshore areas.
- ♦ To help to increase the stability of the coastal embankments.
- ♦ To impart training to the youths and elders regarding raising nurseries, tree growth and management leading towards income generation and self-reliance.
- To create awareness to the people of the country regarding the importance of tree planting and afforestation.
- ♦ To create shelterbelt along the coast.

Activities Performed

1. Embankment Plantation	1126 km.
2. Roads and Highway plantation	624 km.
3. Railway plantation	37 km.
4. Feeder road plantation	5052 km.
5. Foreshore plantation	450 ha.
6. Distribution of seedlings for homestead plantation	8.58 million
7. Distribution of seedlings for institution plantation	3.98 million
8. Distribution of seedlings at raising cost	12.51 million
9. Social forestry training	33481 Persons
10. Departmental training	515 Persons
11. Temporary Nursery establishment	111 nos.
12. Non-residential building construction	4 nos.
13. Residential building construction	4 nos.

2 nos.

On-going Activities

1. Embankment Plantation277 km.2. Roads and Highway plantation152 km.

3. Railway plantation -

4. Feeder road plantation 1520 km.
5. Foreshore plantation 250 ha.
6. Distribution of seedlings at raising cost 4.54 million
7. Social forestry training 70030 Persons
8. Departmental training 171 Persons
9. Temporary Nursery establishment 68 nos.

10. Residential building construction **Brief Description of findings/results**

54.87% of the total work has been achieved by June 2000.

Constraints

- Delay in signing the benefit sharing agreement by land owning agency like BWDB Roads & Highways. Railway department LGED & other stakeholders.
- ♦ Grazing problems.
- ♦ Settler problems in the Embankment area.

Technical Reports Prepared

Status Date: April 2001 Sector: Agriculture

Bangladesh Inland Water Transport Authority (BIWTA)

BIWTA-01

		D1 (/ 1/1-01		
Title		Status		
Feasibility study and detailed design for providing landing Status: Facilities at 3 (three) coastal Upazillas (Cox's bazar sadar, Sandwip and Monpura)		On-going		
Location	Location			
Cox's bazar Sadar, Sandweep and Monpura river bank area				
Implementing Agency				
Bangladesh Inland Water Transport Authority (BIWT A) under Ministry of Shipping				
Executing Organisation				
BIWTA				
Funding Agency Funds Allocated (optional)				
GOB	BDT 2.1 million			
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)			
2001	2002			

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Md Sadequl Islam

Superintending Engineer

Planning and Design Circle, Engineering Department, BIWTA

Tel. 9556151-55/1187

General Objective

The objective of the project is to study and examine the feasibility for providing landing facilities at three places of coastal areas namely Cox's bazar Sadar, Sandweep and Monpura

Specific Objectives

Same as above.

Activities Performed

On-going Activities

Submission of final report on the feasibility study and detailed structural drawings is waiting from the consultant.

Brief Description of findings/results

After study/examine, the consultant preliminary suggests for providing landing facilities such as RCC jetty. Passenger waiting shed and parking yard etc. at the above mentioned three coastal areas to reduce the inconvenience of the waterways passenger and cargoes.

Technical Reports Prepared

- ♦ Technical report is being prepared by the consultant.
- ♦ Draft final report on the study project has been submitted by the consultant.

Status date: November 2003 Sector: Transport

Department of Women's Affairs (DWA)

DWA-01

Title	Status
Multi Sectoral Project to prevent women oppression	On-going

Geographical Coverage

Dhaka and Rajshahi Medical College Hospital (The project will cover rest of the four Divisions. Barisal and Chittagong Medical College Hospital has already received the permit from the Ministry of Health and Family Planning).

Implementing Agency

Ministry of Women's and Children's Affairs in line with Health and family Planning Ministry, Information Ministry, Social Welfare Ministry and Ministry off Home Affairs.

Fund Source	Funds Allocated
MoWCA and Government of Denmark	BDT 59.70 million
Start Date	(Expected) Completion Date
2000	2002 (piloting phase of the project)

Contact Person with detailed address, telephone & others

Dr. Zahedul Karim Ahmed

Project Director

Multi Sectoral Programme for violence Against Women (4th floor)

Directorate of Women's Affairs, 37/3 Eskaton Garden, Dhaka.

Objective

The overall objective of the project is to protect and prevent the violence against women as the programme believes that one of the solution of violence against women is to support the health system in a way that it can provide emergency services, medication, legal aid, forensic test and counseling service to the victims.

Intermediate objectives

- ♦ Improved handling of violence cases by the health services.
- ♦ Improved handling and investigation of violence cases by the police.
- ♦ Improved women's access, especially of poor women, to the criminal justice system.
- ♦ Increased public awareness, condemnation and resistance to all forms of violence.

Immediate objectives

- ♦ Established and functioning multisectoral management structure for dealing with violence against women.
- \Diamond Completed pilot activities whose assessment forms the basis of the following five-year phase.
- ♦ Five-year phase proposal prepared and preparatory activities has done.

Target group

Victimized women

Beneficiary Selection Criteria

Not applicable

Population Coverage

282 cases till May 2003. (Domestic Violence: 142, Sexual abuse: 108, Burn: 32)

Activities

- one of the major solutions of violence against women is to provide support to the health service system;
- ♦ established one-stop crisis center for immediate action in DMCH and RMCH;
- ♦ completed the burn unit development in DMCH;
- ♦ established forensic laboratory for DNA profiling;
- ♦ public awareness campaign;
- ♦ established the management structure of the multi sectoral activities of this project;
- ♦ coordination with the related agencies;
- inter ministerial steering committee has been formed to coordinate all the activities under this pilot project.

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Women's Affairs

Geological Survey of Bangladesh (GSB)

GSB-01

Title		Status	
Holocene Sedimentation and Geomorphologic Areas of Bangladesh for Cyclone Hazard Asses	Completed		
Location			
All coastal districts of Bangladesh			
Implementing Agency			
Geological Survey of Bangladesh			
Executing Organisation			
Geological Survey of Bangladesh			
Funding Agency	Funds Allocated (optional)		
Ministry of Science and Information & Communication Technology	BDT 1 million		
Start Date	Completion Date (Expected)		
March 1997	June 2002		

Contact Person with detail address:

Sirajur Rahman Khan

Chief of Coastal and Marine Geology Branch,

Geological Survey of Bangladesh,

153 Pioneer Road, Segunbagicha, Dhaka-1 000.

Tel: 9330639; Fax: 9339309; E-mail: romu@bdonline.com

General Objectives

- ♦ Figure out the rate of Holocene (last 10 thousand years) sedimentation in the coastal and offshore areas of Bangladesh.
- \(\) Investigation of the record of cyclones in the deposits of the coast
- ♦ Determination of the rate of subsidence of the coastal areas during the Holocene time
- Documentation of the geomorphological characteristics of the coastal areas of Bangladesh for the classification of the coastal belt into cyclone surge susceptibility zones at Regional scale and cyclone surge hazard zones at Detailed or Large scale.
- Development of a data base on the past cyclones with tidal conditions at the time of landfall.

 Database will also be developed on the effects of those cyclones on coastal sedimentation as well as coastal erosions for data analysis within a GIS for the execution of the methods of hazard zonations to formulate storm surge models for both the scales.

Specific Objectives

- Ocastal hazard assessment in relation *to* tectonic subsidence, sea level rise and cyclone surge activity.
- ♦ Quantification of coastal land aggradations and degradation (coastal erosion and deposition)
- ♦ Coastal environmental impact assessment.
- Data base development on the geology, geomorphology, environment and hazard of the coastal districts of Bangladesh.

Activities Performed

The project work has been executed by the scientists specialized in this field of the Geological Survey of Bangladesh and mostly with the facilities existing in the organization.

Coastal areas of Bangladesh can be divided into three parts on the basis tidal amplitudes and sedimentary processes viz., (i) Satkhira-Barguna zone (zone-I), (ii) Patuakhali-Noakhali zon (zone-2) and (iii) Chittagong-Cox's Bazar zone (zone-3). Every year research work and report writing for each zone were presumed to be done simultaneously in the following way:

I. Pre-survey:

Gathering of Materials and Relevant Information: LANDSAT -TM and SPOT imageries (hard and soft copies) of different years, especially before and after cyclones; aerial photographs, topographic maps and landuse maps are to be gathered. Also climatological and the tide gauge data are to be gathered to know the climate and the tidal phases in the study area and the history of cyclones hitting the coast of Bangladesh. Data on Holocene sedimentation in Bangladesh published so far will be collected.

Imagery-interpretation and Preparation of Preliminary Maps of the study area: This phase started by delineation of the tentative geomorphological boundaries on the available imageries of LANDSAT TM and SPOT at a regional scale (1:250,000) for the entire coast of Bangladesh and at a detailed scale (1:50,000) Thana wise for each zone. The geomorphological maps on both scales were digitized and the preliminary attributes for the geomorphologic units were collected from different sources. Imageries of both pre and post cyclone were interpreted, digitized and overlaid to see the impact of cyclone on the coastal land at the detailed scale of the coastal Thanas of Bangladesh with the help of GIS.

The preliminary geological, geomorphological and landuse association maps both at regional scale and at detailed scale were delineated by interpreting the above mentioned imageries, the geological map of Bangladesh (1991) and the landuse map of the entire coastal belt of Bangladesh (1971).

II. Field Survey

Fieldworks were carried out consecutively during the field seasons of 1998-99, 1999-2000 and 2000-2001 to collect information about the recent cyclones hitting Bangladesh coast and about the Holocene sedimentation, geomorphology as well as geology of the coastal areas of the country.

III. Post Survey

- ♦ Final Geomorphological, Geological and Land Association Maps were prepared at Regional by compiling the final geomorphological, geological and land association interpretations. These maps were then digitized, polygonized, and rasterised.
- The Cyclone Surge Susceptibility Map at Regional scale for each zone were prepared. Statistical analysis of the cyclone surge and landfall analysis of cyclones were carried out to prepare a surge susceptibility map. A cyclone surge model was also developed to prepare cyclone surge hazard maps based on the geomorphological characteristics, frictions of the surface forms and cyclone frequency.
- ♦ Report writing.

In the 4th year (last year of the project) all data were supposed to be integrated in one report and published.

During the project period a preliminary report on the Ganges-Brahmaputra deltaic part (zone-I) has been prepared and was submitted to the concerned ministry and also in the data center of the GSB for official use only. Integrated report on the project could not prepared due to financial and time constraints.

On-Going Activities

Research papers are in preparation out of the field and desk-top data gathered during the project period.

Brief Description of findings/results

The preliminary outcomes of the project are briefly given below:

- ♦ The thickness of the Holocene deltaic sediments increases in both directions from west to east and north to south with a general trend in the southeast direction.
- ♦ The rate of sedimentation as well as subsidence increases by a factor of 2 from the northwestern part of the lower delta plain to the southeastern part. On the contrary very low sedimentation rates resulted from very slow subsidence and low sediment input are found in the central-western and southwestern parts of the lower delta plain.
- ♦ The analysis at regional scale shows that the eastern deltaic coast is the most susceptible area in terms of cyclone frequency and surge height. The analysis also shows that the deltaic part Khulna-Patuakhali coastal region is under low to moderate susceptibility compared to other parts of the coast.

Technical Reports Prepared

- ♦ A preliminary report on the Holocene sedimentation and geomorphological characterization of the coastal areas of Bangladesh for cyclone hazard assessment and zonation (Part-I), Data Centre, Geological Survey of Bangladesh, Dhaka, 2000 (for official use only).
- ♦ Holocene sedimentation of the lower Ganges-Brahmaputra river delta, Bangladesh, Final Report of Sonne-126 cruise, The Federal Institute of Geosciences and Natural Resources (BGR), Stilleweg

- 2, D-30655, Hannover, Germany, 1999.
- Impacts of sea level changes on different coastal parts of Bangladesh, Bangladesh Journal of Geology, Bangladesh Geological Society, v. 20, pp. 17-32,2001.
- Holocene coastal plains of Bangladesh and assessment of neotectonic activities in the Bengal delta, submitted to the 5th International Conference on Asian Marine Geology going to be held from 13-18 January 2004 in Bangkok, Thailand.
- ♦ Holocene Stratigraphy of the Lower Ganges-Brahmaputra River Delta in Bangladesh submitted to the 5th International Conference on Asian Marine Geology going to be held from 13- 18 January 2004 in Bangkok, Thailand.

Status Date: November 2003 Sector: Power Distribution

ANNEX C: LIST OF NEWINVESTMENT PROJECTS (TO BE INCLUDED IN ADP 2003-2004 ONLY AFTER APPROVAL AND ALLOCATION FROM SECTORAL BLOCK)

Sl.	Sector	Project name	Location	Project period
Der	partment of Forest			
1	Forestry	Afforestation in the Denunded Hills of Sylhet and Cox's Bazar Districts	Cox's Bazar	2003-2006
02	Forestry	Development of Dulhazara Safari Park, Cox's Bazar (2 nd Phase)	Cox's Bazar	2003-2006
03	Forestry	Natural Environment / Bio diversity conservation and Development at Bashkhali, Chittagong	Chittagong	2003-2006
04	Forestry	Dhansiri National Park	Jhalokati	2003-2006
05	Forestry	Establishment of Eco-Park at the Kuakata Sea Beach	Patuakhali	2003-2006
Dep	partment of Fisheries			
01	Fisheries	Strengthening of Marine Fisheries Academy		2003-2006
02	Fisheries	Socio-Economic Development of Small Scale Marine Fisheries		2003-2006
03	Fisheries	Marine Fisheries Survey, Research and Development Project		
	al Government Engineeri			
	Rural Development & Institutions	Rural Development Project, Infrastructure Development: 26		2003-2008
Bar	ngladesh Water Developm	ent Board (BWDB)		
01	Water Resources	New Dakatia and Old Dakatia Chhoto Feni River Drainage Project	Feni	2003-2006
02	Water Resources	Rehabilitation of most vulnerable Polders (72 Polders) in Coastal Area.		2003-2006
Dep	partment of Agriculture E	xtension (DAE)		
	Agriculture	Multipurpose Socio-economic Development Project in Flood and Cyclone prone area		
Bar	ngladesh Chemical Indust			
	Industry	BMRE of Karnafuli paper mill	Chittagong	2001-2005
Roa	nds & Highways Departm	* *	, ,	
01	Transport	Bridge over the Halda River at Madhunghat in the Chittagong-Kaptai Road	Chittagong	2003-2006
02	Transport	Feni-Sonagazi Road Development	Feni	2003-2006
03	Transport	Pirojpur-Nazirpur-Matibhanga Road Development	Pirojpur	2003-2006
04	Transport	Bakerganj-Parisibpur-Khathaltoli- Subidkahali-Chandukahali-Barguna Road Development		2003-2007
Ban	ngladesh Inland Transpor	t Authority (BIWTA)		
	Shipping	Development and widening of Gab Kahn khal connecting road Dhaka-Monga and Chittagong-Mongla water ways by dredging		2003-2007
02	Shipping	Procurement of 4 passenger sea-truck for communication in coastal area and islands of the country	Coastal zone	
Cht	tagong Development Autl	·		
01	Physical Planning Water Supply & Housing	Extension & Development of Arakan Road	Chittagong	2003-2006
02	Physical Planning	Preparation of detailed Area plan in accordance with the metropolitan Master Plan	Chittagong	2003-2005
Khı	ulna Development Author			
	Physical Planning	Construction of Link Road from Bashurhat	Khulna	2003-2006

Sl.	Sector	Project name	Location	Project period	
	Water Supply & Housing	Main Road to City by pass road			
Chi	Chittagong WASA				
01	Physical Planning Water Supply & Housing	Procurement and installation of Express Power Line at Kalurghat Tube Well Zone and Gas Generator at Mohora Plant of Chittagong WASA.		2003-2004	
Khu	ılna City Corporation (K	(CC)			
01	Physical Planning Water Supply & Housing	Interim Water Supply in Khulna City under crash Programme	Khulna	2003-2005	
	artment of Public Healtl	n Engineering (DPHE)			
01	Physical Planning Water Supply & Housing	Water Supply and Environmental Sanitation at Mongla Pourshava	Bagerhat	2003-2006	
02	Physical Planning Water Supply & Housing	Rural Sanitation Project Phase		2003-2008	
Loc	al Government Engineer	ring Department (LGED)			
03	Physical Planning Water Supply & Housing	District Town Infrastructure Improvement Project		2003-2008	
Dire	ectorate of Education En	gineering			
01	Education & Religious Affairs	Construction of Sandwip Govt. College	Chittagong	2003-2005	
02	Education & Religious Affairs	Development of Military Collegiate School, Phultola, Khulna	Khulna	2003-2005	
Min	nistry of Defense				
01	Education & Religious Affairs	Establishment of Girls Cadet College at Feni	Feni	2004-2005	
Ban	gladesh Krira Shiksha P	ratisthan (BKSP)			
	Sorts & Culture	Establishment of Regional Training Centers of BKSP at Sylhet, Barisal, Khulna Divisions (1 st Phase) & Chittagong Division		2003-2006	
	Ministry of Health, Population and Family Welfare				
	Health, Population and Family Welfare	Arsenic Public Health Project		2003-2005	
Dep	artment of Women's Aff				
01		Strengthening of Field Supervision Capacity of Women Affair Department	Partly in CZ		
	man Ammural Davialammant	Plan 2002 2004	<u> </u>		

Source: Annual Development Plan 2003-2004

ANNEX D: SAMPLE OF A LAYOUT

